...trers

...and Stockings
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...tton Best Quality NATURAL GLOVES, perfect Pair... 9/11

H31—FINE LISLE THREAD HOSE, perfect fitting. Embroidered Self Clox. In Beautiful Shades of Nude, Sunburn, Fawn, and Grey. 8ins. to 10ins. Per pair 5/11

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...MART WASH-...ILE LEATHER ... Shades of Tan, Grey, Turned Gold. 19/11

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SPECIAL EXTRA

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1925. VOL. LXVII. NO. 21,324.

3 SEP 1925

INCREASING THE GRAIN YIELD—Page 4.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 3/6; each additional line of 7 words, 3d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin 5056 and 5057; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4550. Belfast Office—139 Royal Avenue. London Office—89 Fleet Street.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

IN MEMORIAM.

BEATTIE—In loving memory of Sidney Herbert Beattie (Major, M.C., M.A.), darling son of the late Right Hon. Sir Andrew and Lady Beattie, who was killed at Templemore, August 20th, 1920.
His warfare o'er, his battle fought,
His victory won, though dearly bought.
His fresh, young life could not be saved,
He slumbers now in a hero's grave.
In memory of Captains J. A. Smithwick, 9/11/15; J. H. Christie, 24/8/15; C. D. O'Brien-Butler, M.C., 7/6/17; J. N. Cahill, 16/8/17; J. O'Brien, 10/3/18—serving in the 4th Battalion Royal Irish Regiment (old Kilkenny Militia) on the outbreak of war, August, 1914; also of Captain H. J. Considine, M.C., 27/10/16, and all other Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of the same battalion who lost their lives in the Great War, 1914-1918.

BIRTHS.

CALDWELL—August 19, 1925, at 10 Donore road, Dublin, to Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Caldwell, a daughter.

KELLY—August 13, 1925, at 89 Lower Baggot street, to Mr. and Mrs. James J. Kelly, of 35 Upper Camden street, Dublin, a daughter (Maria Therese).

SPRAGGE—August 16, 1925, at 18 Walker street, Edinburgh, to Vera, wife of Captain F. B. Spragge, M.C., R.A., a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GRAY and NEWTON-BRADY—August 15, 1925, at St. Stephen's Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Leonard Ouilon, Thomas, fourth son of Mr. James Gray, Newington street, Belfast, to Eileen Anne, second daughter of the late Sir Andrew Newton-Brady, R.M.

McGRATH and TYNDALL—August 12, 1925, at St. John the Baptist Church, Blackrock, County Dublin, by Rev. J. McCarthy, C.C., Dr. William McGrath, L.C.C., Cane Hill Hospital, Coulsdon, Surrey, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. McGrath, Tipperary, and Eileen, elder daughter of the late Mr. J. P. Tyndall and Mrs. Tyndall, Eaton square, Monkstown, County Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 4.

ATKINSON—August 19, 1925, at her residence, Solsborough, Nenagh, Margaret Teresa Atkinson, widow of the late James Netterville Atkinson, of Ashley Park, Nenagh. Funeral at 10 o'clock on Saturday, 22nd, to Kilruane.

CONGREVE—August 3, 1925, at Berlin, Gweneth Jacinta Congreve ("Bunty"), elder daughter of Major F. L. Congreve, R.A., aged 14 years.

FARRELL—August 15, 1925, in France, Mary M. E. G. (Flavia), daughter of the late Edward Walter Farrell, and niece of the late Thomas A. Farrell, of No. 37 Merrion square, Dublin. R.I.P.

GALVIN—August 19, 1925, at his residence, New street, Carrick-on-Suir, William Galvin, aged 57. High Mass at 8.30 a.m. on Thursday (Friday) morning, 21st August. Funeral to Friary Cemetery afterwards.

HYNES—August 19, 1925, at 101 Phibsborough road, Dublin, Annie, fifth eldest daughter of the late Peter Hynes, Sculptor, Glasnevin. R.I.P. Funeral private.

JELLICO—August 9, 1925, John Fletcher, aged 68, elder son of the late Nicholas Clayton Jellico, of Waterloo, Liverpool.

KEELE—August 18, 1925, at Sefin House, Birr, Elizabeth Mary, widow of the late Thomas Keele, Birr. Funeral to Clonoghill Cemetery at 2 o'clock p.m. to-day (Thursday). No flowers.

LONG—August 15, 1925, Mary, widow of the late Rev. R. W. Long, and youngest daughter of the late George Barklie, of Cullycapple House, Aghadowey, aged 73 years. "Faithful unto death." Interred in the family burying ground at Aghadowey on Monday, August, 1925.

McCLOGHRY—August 14, 1925, at Rundoran, Sophie B. McClogh, fourth daughter of the late Henry McCloghry, of Riverstown, County Sligo.

McCULLAGH—August 14, 1925, Mary Jane, eldest daughter of the late Joshua McCullagh, Galway. Deeply regretted by her sisters and brother.

MELIA—August 19, 1925, at Elpis Nursing Home, Dublin, Nancy, dearly-beloved daughter of Mrs. and the late Edward Melia, Roscommon. Removal private on Thursday to-day at 2.30 p.m. Solemn Requiem Mass at Sacred Heart Church, Donore (Friday) morning at 11 o'clock. Interment immediately after in St. Conan's Cemetery.

MURPHY—August 18, 1925, at his residence, 11 Hollyhock road, Drumcondra, William Patrick Murphy (Commandant), R.I.P. Sadly missed by his sorrowing wife and family. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on his soul. R.I.P. Funeral from Saint Columba's Church, after 10 o'clock Mass, this (Thursday) morning to Glasnevin Cemetery.

NICHOLL—August 19, 1925, at her residence, Ouca Lodge, Blackrock, Margaret S. Nicholl, the beloved widow of the late Thomas E. Nicholl, a faithful wife and loving mother. Sadly missed as the gore in heart, for they shall see God." Funeral to-morrow (Friday), 21st inst., at 11 a.m., to Dean's Grange Cemetery.

ROSS—August 19, 1925, at Private Nursing Home, George Street, eldest son of the late Conolly Ross, Rahoenduff, Queen's County. Funeral to-day (Thursday) at 4 o'clock, Stradbally Church.

SMYTH—August 18, 1925, in Dublin, Robert Wolfe Smyth, of Portlick Castle, Athlone. Funeral from Benson Church to Portlick Graveyard at 4 p'clock this day (Thursday).

STACK—On Monday, August 17, 1925, at the residence of his mother, Fort Park, Ennistymon, Dr. W. H. Stack, 1956 Bathgate avenue, New York City, U.S.A. R.I.P. American papers please copy.

WASHINGTON—August 19, 1925, at his sister's residence, 26 Ulverton road, Dalkey, after a long illness, George Washington. Deeply regretted. Funeral private. American and Australian papers please copy.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. Edith F. Griffin and grandchildren and **Mr. Hugh Gax** (brother), of Rossbegh, Shrewsbury road, Ballsbridge, beg to return their sincere thanks to the many kind friends who sympathised with them in their bereavement, and trust they will accept this acknowledgment, as it would be impossible to reply to each individually.

IN MEMORIAM.

JEPHSON—In fond and loving memory of Richard Pelham Jephson, of 18 Lansdowne road, Dublin, who entered into rest on August 20th, 1922.
To-day recalls sad memories
Of a loved one laid to rest;
And those who think of him to-day
Are those who loved him best.
Inserted by Ada and Gordon.

McDONNELL—Frances M.—In memory of a dear friend.—A. B.

MAGINN—In ever-fond memory of Francis John, D.S.O., died at sea, August 20th, 1921, dearly-loved eldest son of John and Agnes Maginn.

NICHOLS'

'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.

FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

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Printed and Published by the IRISH TIMES, LIMITED, at the Offices, 31 Westmoreland street, in the Parish of St. Mark and City of Dublin.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1925.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GEORGE COX, Deceased, late of Ballough Lodge, Lusk, Co. Dublin, and of 27 Upper Merrion street, Dublin.—All persons having claims on the estate of the above Deceased are requested to furnish same, in writing, to Solicitors for Executor.
Dated 19th day of August, 1925.
Gore & Grimes, Solicitors, 6 Cavendish row, Dublin.

CLERK, 5 years' experience Income Tax (Inspector's Office), also 4 years' Commercial Office experience, seeks engagement; excellent reference.—T. 99, this office.

"TAMILESE," the Tea for Flavour. Packed "in 4, 5, and 8 lb. Packets. Ask for it.

A QUALIFIED ARCHITECT, University man, and 30 years' experience, is prepared to give Private Lessons in the Evenings, or form suitable Classes in Architectural and Civil Engineering Practice; Steel-work and Reinforced Concrete Calculations, Estimating, Drainage, etc.; and in Building Construction generally. Address, in the first instance, "Z 2529, Architect," this office.

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THE MANAGER.

FOR SALE, in Leix, convenient to Athy, splendid GRASS FARM, with Dwellinghouse thereon, containing 52 Acres, R.M., subject to Land Commission annuity of £16 18/-; P.L.V., £18. The House contains very good living accommodation, and the usual Out-offices are adjoining. For further particulars apply
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ANNE LYNCH'S TEAS.

THE RED BANK RESTAURANT, LTD., 19 and 20 DOLIER STREET. 4-COURSE LUNCH, 2/-. 1—4 p.m. MEAT TEA, 1/6; FISH TEAS, 1/6 to AFTERNOON TEAS.

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J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with Illustrations. Price Twopence.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT SOUTHERN R

PROUDSTOWN PARK RACES (NAVAN), TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st AUGUST, 1925.
On above date a Fast Special Train will leave Broadstone for New Racecourse Platform at Proudstown (Navan) at 1.0 p.m., arriving 1.55 p.m., and returning at 6.15 p.m.
Excursion Tickets will be issued from Broadstone:—First Class, 10/-; Second Class, 5/-. Available return on day of issue only.
M. F. KEOGH, General Manager.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY (IRELAND).
NAVAN RACES,
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st AUGUST, 1925.
On above date Excursion Tickets will be issued to Navan as under:—

Stations.	Train Times. a.m.	RETURN FARES. 1st Cl.	2nd Cl.	3rd Cl.
DUBLIN	11.30	8/-	6/9	4/6
DROGHEDA	12.55	6/-	4/6	3/4
DUNDALK	11.56	14/-	10/3	7/6

TICKETS AVAILABLE FOR RETURN ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY.
A Special Train will leave Navan at 6.25 p.m. for Drogheda, calling at Beaupare and Duleek, and connecting at Drogheda with the 7.10 p.m. train for Dundalk and the 7.25 p.m. train for Dublin.
JOHN BAGWELL, General Manager.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JOHN ALEXANDER HEENAN, late of 27 Mount Merrion avenue, Blackrock, in the County of Dublin, Retired Civil Servant, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 32 and 33 Vic. Cap. 30, that all persons claiming to be Creditors, or otherwise to have any claims or demands whatsoever against the estate and effects of the said John Alexander Heenan, deceased on or about the 6th day of May, 1925, are hereby required to furnish the same in writing on or before the 22nd September, 1925, to furnish the undersigned, Executor of the said Deceased, with full particulars of such claims and demands in the understanding that all shall have been cancelled in the Will of the Deceased, to whom Probate of the said grant was granted by the Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice in Saorstat Eireann on the 31st day of July, 1925.
And notice is also hereby given that, after the said 22nd September, 1925, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which notice shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 4th day of August, 1925.
W. HARRIS, Solicitor for the said Executor, 15 Clerkenwell green, South, London.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
RICHARD NASON CROFTS, late of 65 Ashfield road, Ranelagh, County Dublin, Retired Bank Official, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 32 and 33 Vic. Cap. 30, that all persons claiming to be creditors of or otherwise having any claims or demands against the estate of the said Richard Nason Crofts, Deceased, who died, as is believed, on or about the 24th day of May, 1925, are hereby required, on or before the 25th day of September, 1925, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Executors, the Executor, to whom probate of his will was granted forth of the Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice (Probate), Saorstat Eireann, on the 15th day of July, 1925.
And notice is also given that after the said 30th day of September, 1925, the Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as aforesaid.
Dated this 12th day of August, 1925.
BAKER, RINGWOOD and GORDON, Solicitors for the Executrix, 5 Clare street, Dublin.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

AN ROINN BIALTAIS AITIULA AGUS SLAINTE PUIBLI.
AONTAS BHAILE ATHA CLIATH.
Tugtar fógra leis seo gur iarr Coimisinéirí Aontas Bhaile Atha Cliath ar an Aire Rialtais Aitiúla agus Sláinte Puibli a cheadú an méadú ar £10,000 chun feabhsúchán áirithe do dhéanamh ag Fo-Thigh-Oibre Fhaillteisham, agus ar an abhar sin go gcuirfeadh leis an Aire, sin a gceadúdh sé an iasacht-sin, a chur fé ndéar fiosrúchán do dhéanamh, agus le cead an Aire a dhéanamh.
Tá an tAire tar éis a ordú dá Chigire Leighis, an Dochtúir Flaithrí Beau Ui Dhúlchaoi, a fiosrúchán do dhéanamh agus tuarasgabháil do chur chuige ina thaobh.
Tiomsófar cuntas i Seomra na Comhairle, Tigh-Oibre Bhaile Atha Cliath, Diardaoin, an 27adh Lughnasa, 1925, ar 11 a chlog, r.p.
Feadhfaidh aon duine atá i dteideal sin cheist leis teacht i láthair ar an bhFiosrúchán agus éanaíodh do thabhairt suas.
E. P. MAC CEARAIN, Rúnaí.
19adh Lughnasa, 1925.
4/Rt44.

LEGAL NOTICES.

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JOHN ALEXANDER HEENAN, late of 27 Mount Merrion avenue, Blackrock, in the County of Dublin, Retired Civil Servant, Deceased.
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Dated this 12th day of August, 1925.
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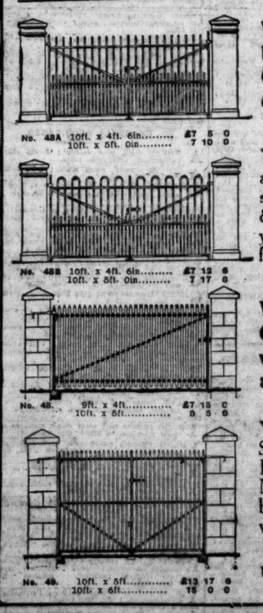

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COLWYN Bay—Rhos-on-Sea—Whitehall road; sea bathing; dancing, tennis, golf; garage. 'Tel. 253. 18 X

COLWYN Bay, Rhos—The Towers, Whitehall road; sea bathing; dancing, tennis, golf; garage. 'Tel. 253. 18 X

DUBLIN—Fitzwilliam Hotel, 11 Upper Fitzwilliam street. Highly recommended; comfortable; good cooking and attendance; moderate terms.

DUBLIN—Sea and Wellington Hotels, Private Hotels for Families of Distinction; most central position in Dublin; 2 acres of grounds; every modern convenience; tennis and golf within easy reach. Apply Manageress.

GREYSTONES—The Minister has instructed his Medical Inspector, Dr. Florence Dillon, to hold the inquiry, and to report to him thereon.
The Inquiry will be opened in the Boardroom, Dublin Workhouse, on Thursday, 27th August, 1925, at 11 o'clock, p.m.
Any ratepayer interested may attend at the Inquiry and give evidence.
E. P. McCARRON, Secretary.
19th August, 1925. W.H.Co.

ISLE of Man—The "Irish Times" can be had from the Inquire Office, 2 Somerset Queen's Promenade.

LEA House, 83 Pembroke road—Select Private Hotel; 20 tennis; garage. 'Phone Ballsbridge 506. 12 D

LONDON—Cecil Private Hotel, 12, 14 Bernard street, Russell square. Bed and Breakfast, 6/6 per night, or 35/- per week; central for business or pleasure.

LONDON—Ritz Court Hotel, Leinster square, Hyde Park. Bed and Breakfast, 6/6 night, 2 guineas per week; with dinner 2½ guineas.

LLANDUDNO—Bedford Private Hotel, the Promenade. Facing sea; electric lifts; separate tables. Write for tariff. 15 D

LLANDUDNO—Esplanade Private Hotel, facing sea, near pier; terms moderate. X

LLANDUDNO—Moseley Boarding House, No. 8 Parade, facing sea, near pier; terms moderate. X

PORTRUSH—North Circular road, and 66 Philbsborough road, Dublin.—Residence—Mrs. Walsh.

PORT Erin, Isle of Man—Falcon's Nest Hotel, "Gem of the Golden West"; centre of Bay; electric lifts; tennis, golf; unsurpassed for fishing; excellent table; tennis, golf; unsurpassed for fishing; excellent table; tennis, golf; unsurpassed for fishing; excellent table

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

AGENTS Calcott, 10/20 2 Seater, £285; 12/24 4-5 Seater, £345. Delivery free Dublin.—Walker, Trinity street Garage.

A. T. Woods', Westland Row.—B.S.A. Cars fitted with Dunlop Duplex.

A SERVICE Depot that you can depend upon for reliable work.—Lincoln Motor Co., Ltd., 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.

ROVER 12 H.P. 4/5 SEATER. 1923 MODEL. Completely equipped. Owner driven. 2nd hand Bargain, £300. Examination and Trial. W. G. WILKINSON, LTD. 36 LORD EDWARD STREET, DUBLIN.

SUNBEAM AND ASALDO CARS. AND SPARE PARTS. Inspection of Stock Invited. Authorised Distributor: T. J. ROGERS, 42/5 SOUTH KING ST., DUBLIN.

SECONDHAND CARS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

CROSSLEY, 19 H.P. 4/Seater Sports. £500
CROSSLEY, 19 H.P. 5/Seater, Royal Tourer. £480
CROSSLEY 14 H.P. 4/5 Seater, late model. £260
CITROEN, 11.4 Lrndelette, 1924. Tax paid, as new. £250
COLUMBIA, 20 H.P. 5/Seater..... £230
CITROEN, 11.4 2-Seater, English Body. Tax paid. £190
CITROEN, 13.4 4/Seater De Luxe, with real screen, etc. Tax paid. £160
STANDARD, 13.9 4/Seater, overdrive fitted. £190
CHEVROLET, 4 Seater, very little used. Tax paid. £116
CHEVROLET, 5 Seater, late model. £80
CITROEN, 11.4 Coupe de Ville, 1923, as new. £260
CROSSLEY Tender, Chassis only. £140
ROVER, 12 H.P. 5/Seater, exceptionally large body. £85
ALLDAYS, 8.10 H.P. 5/Seater..... £60
DE DION, 8.10 H.P. 4/Seater..... £35

ROLLS ROYCE, CROSSLEY, CITROEN, METALLURGIQUE, COLUMBIA.

McENTAGART BROS., 10 LEINSTER STREET, DUBLIN.

11 H.P. CITRON, 4 SEATER. Painted Blue. In splendid condition. PRICE £135. Any Test and Examination. BURTON & CO., 67 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.

THE NEW 16-25 SINGER CAR (From £325). IMMEDIATE DELIVERY FROM STOCK. Agent and Stockist—H. E. GRADY, 38 Dawson street, Dublin.

SINGER AND HILLMAN CARS. Agents: BUCKLEY'S MOTORS, LTD., 84 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

STANDARD CARS. Agents: R. W. ARCHER & Co. 66 Lr. Mount st., Dublin.

TO MOTOR AGENTS.

We are arranging Hire Purchase Schemes for Private and Business Vehicles. Apply for particulars to FRANK GIBSON LLOYD AND CO., LTD., 30 Anglesea street, Dublin.

ANGUS Sanderson, seat for, 2300; would Exchange for Two Seater equivalent value.—8 1623, this office.

BABY Quad, in fine order, price only £95.—Present Cars (Ireland), Ltd., 40 Dawson street, Dublin.

CHEVROLET, 1920, lighting and starting, overhauled, new paint, tyres, etc., £450, ideal Car for Motor, this office. 12 20

DOIRIS Fire tender, 1921, splendid order, complete; lighting and starting; cost £1,000; £450.—Mr. Ahern, street.—Z 2345, Motor, this office. 19 20

DODGE Saloon, 1924, as new, wheels, valves and body as new; cost £628, take £350. Ad. Phone 1545, Dalkey. 19 20

FOR Sale, Morris Oxford Coupe, splendid order; cheap for quick sale; owner going abroad.—Box 1068, Eason's, Dame street. 15 D

FOR Sale, 1925 Model Morris Cowley Four Seater; as new; numbers; all accessories; condition perfect; £190.—38 Fitzwilliam place, Telephone, Dublin 682. 15 D

FOR Sale, Maxwell Touring Car; owner driven; mechanically perfect; cover going; shroud, etc. 1830, this office. 19 A

FIAT 15.20 h.p., suitable street hearse, in perfect order; just turned for quick sale.—P. J. Carolan, Motor's Garage, rear 36 Harcourt street. 12 F

FOR Sale, Calcott Car, large five seater, 14 h.p.; excellent order and condition; 1923 model; price £120; owner must sell; cruising in Dublin shortly; any inspection. Apply Kilsally, 6 Grosvenor terrace, Kingstown. 16 F

FOR Sale, Fiat Tipo, working laundry.—Haines, 93 Wesley place, Upper Clonkhaval street. 19 D

FOR Sale, 5/6 Seater Car, with dickey; in perfect condition; owner going away. Phone 250, Kingstown. 19 A

FIAT, 20/30, Touring Body, 1913 pattern; in good order; reasonable price accepted Address "Z 9786, Motor," this office. 19 A

FOR all Motor Body Work and Painting.—The City and County Carriage Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

HOODS, All-Weather, Side Screens, Upholstery etc.—E. O'Brien, 52 Mount street, Dublin. 19 D

LADY wishes disposal Overland, perfect going order; any reasonable offer.—87, this office. 19 A

MORRIS Hoods Recovered, Curtains and Upholstery.—J. Harris, 14 South King street (opposite Town Hall). 19 D

MORRIS Cowley, Two Seater; bought June, 1925; owner changing; cost price £325; £240. 15 D, this office.

MORRIS Oxford Car, 1924 model, 6,000 miles, perfect condition; owner driven; for Sale.—Apply "Z 2710, Motor," this office. 18 F

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

WANTED, Chauffeur; must be sober and trustworthy, and understand motors thoroughly. Address "Z 9760, Chauffeur," this office. 18 F

DISENGAGED.

DISENGAGED, first rate Chauffeur Mechanic; understands cars thoroughly; married, four children.—Wilde Avenue, Marlfield, Clonmel. 19 A

Great Care is taken that Advertisements in all parts of this paper Appear Correctly; but no liability is undertaken for Error in or Omission of any Advertisement, and the Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, No Matter When or for What Position Accepted.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS (PREPAID).

12 words or under, 1/-,

Every succeeding word, One Penny.

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Box Office address counts as three words if required. Replies are to be called for at Head Office, or, if they are to be sent by post, or mailed for at any Branch Office, as four words. Postage extra.

Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 3/- per letter rate.

Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

"TRADE AND PROFESSIONAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS, 1/- PER LINE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL Testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.

(23/8/24).

IRISH TIMES, LTD.
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone No. 1 (5 lines)—2477.
BRANCH OFFICES—
BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue.....Phone 1787.
CORK—Imperial Hotel, Patrick street.....Phone 1084.
LONDON—3 Fleet Street, E.C.4.....Central 4350.
MANCHESTER—Exchange Market Street.....City 3080.
GLASGOW—60 Gordon Street.....Central 84.

LOST AND FOUND.

COLLIE Pup Strayed, Monday; reddish colour; white patch white collar, white breast, white paw, and white tip to tail; friendly; answers to name Bruce; Return Mrs. Bewley, Ballsbridge. 19 D

FOUND, Pigeon, No. 5848.—Hilton, 18 Leinster terrace, S.C.R., Dublin.

LOST, between Victoria Docks and Sandycove, small Gold Brooch. Finder rewarded if giving information to police at Dunleary. Police notified. 19 D

LOST, Tuesday, 18th, at Kells Races, Lady's Gold Wrist Watch, with Bracelet attached. Finder rewarded. Address "Z 2790, Watch," this office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

AGENTS Wanted, Christmas Chocolate Clubs; largest profit; cash commission.—Weaver, Mansard Chpt, Worcester, Hampton.

CLERKESS and Responsibilities—All Parents and Students should read "The Students' Page of the Weekly Irish Times" to-day.

CHARACTER from Handwriting—Send in your Specimen, enclosing Coupon from to-day's "Weekly Irish Times."

GENERAL Drapery.—Wanted, experienced young Lady Assistant for Ribbons, Silks, Velvets, Millinery, and good general hand; state salary (indoor), position, age, and experience.—Z 2745, Assistant," this office.

INDOOR Apprentice to Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking, also Millinery and Sales; fee £30.—Apply, 19 F.

NOVEL Crystal Circuit—For Wireless Workers, see the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day.

OCEAN Liners—Stewards, 45 gineers, Stewardesses, Clerks, write Clerk, Box 1868, Bldg. Depot, Brighton. 8 16

STAFF of trained Nurses, passed, also from 61 upwards, specially attention to widows and beginners. Nurse Fowler, 7 Upper Fitzwilliam street, Dublin. 19 A

SMART intelligent Youth required to Apprentice, to high class firm of Tailors and Outfitters; good opening; state age, experience, and salary.—Z 16-17, this office.

STEADY, respectable Girl Wanted for first class Dairy and Confectionery in city; indoor; good home for suitable person; state wages.—Address "Z 2744, Dairy," this office.

WANTED one Ledger Clerk; also one experienced Man used to making out weekly Departmental Returns.—Z 2737, this office. 19 A

WANTED, good smart Junior Saleswoman, Drapery Department; good references required; Protestant.—Lewis, Roscrea.

WANTED, Charge Hand for Wholesale Woollens, Trimmings, etc., Free Staff; Protestant preferred; state experience.—Z 2731, Hand," this office. 18 D

WANTED, by Chemist and Druggist in Dublin, Assistant with knowledge of Shop and Window Dressing, etc. Send copies testimonials and state age, experience, wages, etc.—Address "Z 9736, Dublin," this office. 19 A

WANTED, Junior Lady Clerk (Protestant), Merchant's Office, previous work; good opportunity of Source, and good free writing essential; state salary expected; live one.—Address "Z 2740, Junior," this office. 19 A

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WANTED, young Protestant Gentlewoman to take charge of two children, 2½ and 4 years, in Belfast suburbs; Protestant preferred; state wages.—Box No. 1773, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 19 D

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TYPEWRITING AND COPYING SERVICES.

A PROMPT, Efficient Service.—Circulars drafted, duplicated and despatched. Expert Typists for temporary duty; Legal and literary copying; testimonials, plans, etc. Mabel Gaffney, 3 Glen Abbey Chambers, Dawson street. 19 F

BEWS Typewriting and Duplicating Work by Miss Watson, 85 Grafton street. 30 F

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

CASH advanced daily, on easy terms, at 34 South Frederick street, Dublin.

LOAN, £10 to £100, Royal Lives Society.—Y353, this office.

WANTED, by Man in good position, £1500-£1750; good repay monthly. Address "Z 2761, Money," this office.

WANTED, £300 or £ p.c.; household security.—Z 122, this office. 19 A

YOU cannot do better if you require a Loan, from £10 upwards, reasonable interest; loan of £500 or £5,000.

£5 TO £500 Advanced privately on approved personal security of borrower at an extremely low rate of interest; can be repaid by small monthly payments to suit. Call or write for particulars.—Provincial Trust Co., Ltd., 3 Suffolk street, Dublin.

£500 PER annum assured from an Investment of £2,000; expert; principals only. Apply Y 61, this office. 18 F

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

THOROUGHLY experienced Law Clerk Wanted to city country Solicitor's Office; must be steady, trustworthy and well, and be able to work expeditiously and without supervision. Apply, stating salary required, and other particulars, to "S 8 87," this office. 19 D

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

MORRIS Oxford Two Seater, practically new condition; fitted to suit or rent; owner buying four seater Oxford.—J. Brittain, Ltd., Hatch street, Dublin. 19 A

MORRIS 1923 Two Seater; never used; first $1,100, take £165. Address "Z 2543, Morris," this office. 19 A

MORRIS Cowley, 1923, Royal Blue; perfect order; cost £132; £115. This office. 19 A

OVERLAND Model 90 Tourer for sale; small mileage; cost £160. After 7, St. Alban's, Sandymount road, Dublin. 19 A

OVERLAND 90 Tour, 1924, five-seater, perfect condition; £210.—Apply 38 Dawson street.

PEUGEOT 163 Normal Touring Car, a bargain at £125; take £115.—Peugeot Cars (Ireland), Ltd., 40 Dawson street, Dublin.

RENAULT 1924 15.9 H.P. Five Seater for Sale; genuine; perfect running order; any trial.—1949, this office. 18 F

ROVER 1920 8 Seater for Sale; newly painted and in first class order. Address "Z 2752, Rover," this office. 19 A

SUNBEAM Open Touring, 16/40, perfect order, new tyres, 5 new inner tubes, cord tyres and tubes; auto vac., C.A.V. lighting.—John Clarke and Sons, Phone Dublin 3472.

SEDAN, Ford Tudor, 1924, beautiful condition, self-starter, electric lights, 4.50 tyre, 4.50 tyre; moderate price.—Higgins, Garage, Galway.

TWO Seater and Dickey, 1925 6.8, perfect order; taxed and insured, £55; can be seen at Smith's Garage, Rathmines road.

1921 ROVER 8, dynamo lighting, spare wheel, cost fully insured, May, 1926; genuine, £50.—S 1771, this office. 19 A

1923 8-SEATER, in splendid running order, beautiful sober colour, lighting type; cost £1200; highest offer.—S 1787, this office. 15 D

1923 CHEVROLET Touring Car; very little used, just turning for quick sale.—P. J. Carolan, Motor Agent, Dunshaughlin. 19 A

1923 FORD Touring Car (English body), cost £400; bargain for quick sale.—P. J. Carolan, Motor Agent, Dunshaughlin. 19 A

1924 DERBY, 9 h.p., 4-seater in perfect condition. Apply 187 Botanic road. 17 B

WANTED.

ROVER Eight, Chummy or with Dickey; Austin 7 Saloon must suit; Particulars, S 1904, this office. 17 B

MOTOR CYCLES.

A1—RAYER Still in the Fore-Runner, 15th, fully speed Frame-Engine Model, 3-speed Gear, Unlimited, and Special Model of 500 c.c. and M. second fastest time Saturday, 16th, Castleconnell Hill Climb; record, fastest 750 Class; Sensation fastest 600 c.c. Class and Unlimited Class; 490 fastest time of day; E. and H. 350 c.c. Class and fastest time of day; Sunday, 16th, Ballybrophy.—New Imperial; first 250 c.c. Class; fastest 500 c.c. Class; 500 c.c. Class; 2nd 600 c.c. record 600 c.c. Class and fastest time of day. Supplies can be purchased from Wards Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, Gretton street.

A. J. WAYER, Wexford.—B.S.A. Motor Cycles and Sidecars.

A.J.S. WINNERS of WORTH WALLEN'S

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels, A. Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street opposite Four Courts; new premises.

H.R.D.

PRODUCED BY A RIDER.

H.R.D. The Machine with a personality, which has made an enthusiastic friend of every one of its riders.—GRAFTON MOTOR CO., 43 Grafton street, Dublin.

A TRUSTY Triumph Bicycle from 27 8s.; carriage paid; 10s. guarantee; easy terms arranged; 16-17 new models.—Triumph Engineering Co., Ltd., 218 Parkgate street, Dublin. Agents wanted.

A LL Kinds Motor Bicycles; new and second hand; good Sole Trade 225; H.R.D. Combination £55.—Hendy, Motorcycle Specialist, Wexford.

BARGAINS.—Model 27 Ivy, 3-speed, fitted new 4.50 17-in. tyres, Model 29, 4.50, small price £69 16s.; carriage extra. Four other machines ex-part exchange, nearly new, guaranteed, splendid opportunities obtainable.—Triumph Company (Ireland), Ltd., 12 Saint Andrew street, Dublin. 13 D

MACHINES.—8 Combination, Model H, 3-speed, Machines, extra engine, Sports, Solo, Model H, 1925, 75 guineas; owner buying car. Address "Z 9769, Machines," this office. 19 A

SUNBEAM Combination, 3½ h.p., in perfect order; any trial.—10 Carysfort avenue, Blackrock.

TRIUMPH Model 2, 1925, 3-speed, Sports, imported Model P, £52 15s.; easy payments, £5 10/2 per month. Triumph Cycle Co., Ltd., Triumph Company (Ireland), Ltd., 12 Saint Andrew street, Dublin. 19 A

1925 COTTON, Action 2 7-9, model, speed 75 per hour; bargain for quick sale.—P. J. Carolan, Dunshaughlin. 19 A

WANTED.

WANTED, Lightweight or 2? Combination, in part payment for new Chater-Lea.—Fahbert's Cycles, Dundalk. 8 19

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

A NATION without good transport cannot thrive, but it cannot have good transport without good Lorries.—Chater-Lea, Sussex, etc., is unceasing in its efforts to give users of Lorries in the world the best that is possible to produce. Allow us to send you complete information about Chater-Lea Lorries, Passenger-cars, Aeroboats, Williams and Co., Ltd., Store street, Dublin. Everything supplied to staff maintained for complete overhauls and repairs to any make or type of Car.

COMMON Cab can now be obtained at the Hire or Purchase System. Apply Collier, Main street, Swords. 19 A

FOR Sale, 1915 Ford Van; tax paid to end of year; fitted with Hoods complete; 40/. Seen any time.—O'Neill Taxis, 2460 Dublin. 19 A

1920 FORD Delivery Van, good order, tyres practically new; 130 guineas.—Box 1, Eason's, Dame street. 19 A

1923 FORD 1½ ton, guaranteed mechanically perfect; body, £250 or nearest.—S 1977, this office. 15 F

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

WONDER-MIST Spray—World's Standard Car Preserver. Sole Irish Importers, Celtic Electric Company, 21 Wellington quay, Dublin, and Leading Garages.

BICYCLES.

A1—BEST Value in Ireland in Pedal Cycles, including Sunbeams, Sparkbrooks, Centaurs, Rudges, Swifts, Hobbies, Ivys, Triumphs, etc. Terms arranged if desired. Call or write for particulars.—J. J. Keating, 5 Dawson street.

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GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

A SERT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS, 39 Molesworth Street, 3 Grafton street, Dublin, 7 Arthur square, Belfast; 40 Stephen's green, Cork.

GOVERNESS (Protestant) required, country town; must have English subjects, French, music, and elementary Latin; state salary, age.—994, Wilde's Office, Boyle.

TUTOR (Resident) Wanted in country for boy; state terms, qualifications, subjects.—Z 140, this office.

WANTED, Tutor, Dublin College; good Mathematics; Resident; state salary and full particulars.—Z 1, this office.

WANTED in School, Resident Lady Teacher to assist in Junior work; apply to situation and Secretarial Particulars.—Z 2767, this office. 19 A

WANTED at once to Intermediate School near Dublin, Resident (B.A.) Master; general subjects, and Mathematics recommended.—Address "Z 2697, Master," this office. 19 A

WANTED, Governess, Intermediate Law, 70 guineas.—Z 1, this office.

WANTED, Driving Teacher, Secondary School; also Protestant Governess.—Apply Bridge Whitworth, Dundrum. 19 A

WANTED, Lady or Gentleman to Coach Boy for Christmas Examination; good salary.—Z 2775, this office. 19 A

WANTED, Protestant Lady, teach young children; 10-1; state terms (moderate).—60, Terenure, Dalkey.

WANTED, Graduate for English (including history), French, and subsidiary Mathematics; commencing salary £250, with increments to good man.—Y 1, Institute, Belfast.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

CLERK (25) seeks position; experienced stockbroking, insurance and commercial work; moderate remuneration.—S 1782, this office. 18 F

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED.

CONFECTIONERY.—Two young Ladies desire positions as Confectioners; would go to waitress or assist in shop; highest references. Address "Z 2674, Waitress," this office. 17 D

EXILIS Sergeant's Widow and Daughter desire position, Caretakers; Dublin or vicinity; excellent references.—Z 2768, this office. 19 A

EXPERT Fire Brigade Man seeks situation as Night Watchman; 15 years of age; must be able to cut out and sew well; small family; good copper discharger, and steel wages. Address "Z 2758, Engineer," this office. 19 A

EXPERIENCED Lady shorthand Typist, shortly disengaged, seeks position.—S 1935, this office. 19 A

EXPERT Cook seeks position in Gentleman's family. Clerical work, to say position of trust; best references, literary qualifications.—Address "Z 2773, Cook," this office. 19 A

GROCERY and Provision—Young Man, 20 (C.C.), 5 years' experience, desires change; would go as improver; small wages.—Z 1871, this office. 17 A

GROCERY and Provision—Young Man, 20 (R.C.), 3 years' experience, desires change; would go as improver; small wages given first year (indoor); best references.—Z 1871, this office. 17 A

GROCERY.—Young Man, two years' experience, wishes change; desires quick advancement; state wages.—Z 2765, this office. 19 A

GROCERY.—Young Man, two years' experience, wishes change; desires quick advancement; state wages.—Z 2765, this office. 19 A

GENTLEWOMAN requires post as useful Companion-Help; would travel; disengaged end of August.—Address "Z 2768, Companion," this office. 19 A

GENTLEMAN, having had large experience in Drapery in modern and oriental engineering trades, requires position as Manager, Secretary, or Foreman; can provide excellent testimonials; long terms in first class establishment preferred.—Z 2769, this office. 19 A

GROCERY.—Young Man, two years' experience, wishes change; desires quick advancement; state wages.—Z 2765, this office. 19 A

GENTLEWOMAN requires post as useful Companion-Help; would travel; disengaged end of August.—Address "Z 2768, Companion," this office. 19 A

GIRL, Cutter, disengaged.—Z 130, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, accustomed to catering, requires comfortable home; business lady or gentleman preferred; highest references.—S 1829, this office. 19 A

HANDYMAN, residing Liberties, desires employment Gardener, Chauffeur, Caretaker, Boatman, etc.; reliable, careful, willing to work at modest; state wages.—Address "Z 2747, Man," this office. 19 A

HOUSE, Parlourmaid Wanted (Protestant); must be tidy, capable, trustworthy; state wages.—Z 2715, this office. 19 A

LADY desires position as Private Secretary in city or part of British Isles; capable, reliable; excellent testimonials. Address "Z 2668, Lady," this office.

LADY, Shorthand Typist, desires Evening Work; speedy or professional; good correspondence; also Secretarial duties; moderate terms.—Z 2744, this office. 19 A

LADY will recommend superior, settled Girl; going home end August; wages £30.—Z 2757, this office. 19 A

MECHANIC'S Daughter, 18, desires position as Housemaid or Cashier (Indoor); Protestant house preferred; small salary to commence; security if required.—Z 2766, this office. 19 A

PENSIONER, ex-Carpentry, etc., active, intelligent; good references; took.—T 74, this office.

RESPECTABLE young Girl (Protestant) desires post, as Nurse Companion to Invalid Lady; would travel; references if required; salary £26. Address "Z 2762, Nurse," this office. 19 A

SHORTHAND Typist, beginner, desires position; small salary to commence.—S 1783, this office. 15 D

SHORTHAND Typist and General Clerk (Lady, 3), desires position; excellent references; moderate charges; city or country; salary £2 per week.—Z 2753, this office. 19 A

SMART Boy, 15, leaving school, desires to enter the Motor Business.—S 90, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

TALL Man seeks position as Doorkeeper at theatre, Dance Hall, or Exhibition; 6 years' experience; 28; respectable, quiet, good appearance; willing; highest references.—Z 2764, this office. 19 A

THOROUGHLY experienced Carpenter and Machine Man seeks employment; sub large place.—T 9, this office. 19 A

USEFUL Help, I.C., wishes post; 18 or near Dublin preferred; small family; good home; state wages.—Z 2742, this office. 19 A

WIRELESS—Young Man, residing North, requires position as Engineer, or Manager or Charge Hand; thoroughly experienced.—1839, this office.

WIRELESS Officers' Examination.—Post, age housekeeping; college, institution; city preferred.—S 1825, this office.

WOMAN Housekeeper, over 30 years' experience, desires situation as caretaker or housekeeper; good and complimented work a speciality.—Box No. 1, Eason's, Dame street, Dublin.

YOUNG Man, residing North, requires position as Manager or Charge Hand; thoroughly experienced.—1839, this office.

YOUNG Lady, Protestant, two boys, help housekeeping; college, institution; city preferred.—S 1825, this office.

YOUNG Man, Housekeeper; over 30 years' experience, desires situation as caretaker or housekeeper; good and complimented work a speciality.—Box No. 1, Eason's, Dame street, Dublin.

YOUNG Man, residing North, requires position as Manager or Charge Hand; thoroughly experienced.—1839, this office.

YOUNG Man, Housekeeper; over 30 years' experience, desires situation as caretaker or housekeeper; good and complimented work a speciality.—Box No. 1, Eason's, Dame street, Dublin.

YOUNG Man, residing North, requires position as Manager or Charge Hand; thoroughly experienced.—1839, this office.

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

COACHMAN Wanted; good driver, accustomed to town; state wages, copy discharge.—T 4, this office.

GARDENER-KEEPER Wanted, on estate in Co. Limerick; apply James Welply and Sons, Estate Agents, Limerick. 19 A

GENERAL Man Wanted by Month P.W. to milk, feed cattle, and do light work; must be able to cut and sew well; small family; good copper discharger, and steel wages. Address "Z 2763, Engineer," this office

TRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

MP, tender, Sprigs Chickens for table, 1/6 per pair; Guinea-pigs, long hairs. Portraham, 13 Lower Ormond quay.

CONVENIENT to Kenilworth Park, adjoining Harold's Cross, road—Premises, until recently used for laundry, held for over, unfurnished from rent, suitable for market, shop, 25 Ely place. 13 A

FOR SALE, OLD-ESTABLISHED GROCERY AND WINE AND SPIRIT BUSINESS, WITH EXCELLENT TRADE CONNECTION IN PROSPEROUS MUNSTER TOWN. OWNER RETIRING AFTER SUCCESSFUL RUNNING CAREER.—Address "Z 2770, Business," this office. 19 A

FOR Sale, Stock, Fittings, and Goodwill of Grocery and Wine and Spirit Business, in good position, recently in Co. Fermanagh; weekly turn over £150 to £150; cash offers in writing (goodwill valued at £400) only considered. Address "Z 2658, Business," this office. 19 F

FEATHERER'S and Greengrocer's Business, doing good family trade; splendid position.—T 103, this office. 19 A

FOR Sale, large Licensed Grocery and Drapery Premises, in a good Western town; price £800. Address "Z 2755, Business," this office. 19 A

FOR Sale or Letting, spacious Premises, consisting of two floors, 3,000 feet by 80 feet, electrically wired throughout, suitable for manufacturing purposes, situated in Southern quays. Apply John Carroll, Land Asset, 54 Dawson street, Dublin. 19 A

GARAGES, private lock up.—148 Lansdowne road. 18 F

GARAGE, Accommodation, owners and hirers; concrete floor; water.—65 Lower Leeson street. 18 F

GARAGE, Rathgar (Neville road, good accommodation, to Let; moderate terms. Apply 20 Neville road. 18 F

GROUND to Let for Building, Brazil, half acre, £5; whole, £12; Bungalow, built £750.—T 1125, this office. 19 F

LARGE Premises to Sell or Let, near South quays; factory or stores 3,000 square feet.—Z 225, Freeman's, this office. 7

LARGE, well lighted Office to Let, 1st September.—21 Dawson street. 15 D

LADIES' Hairdressing—Specially suitable Premises, to first class county town, 50 miles from Dublin, to Let; moderate rent. Splendid opening for good Hairdresser.—Address "Z 2646, Freeman's, this office. 13 F

LOWER Abbey street—splendid Premises for sale or Letting in this central neighbourhood.—North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

OFFICES to Let, with Store accommodation, South William street; suit agents carrying stock; alterations and decorations carried out if necessary; moderate if application lands early.—S 1886, this office. 17 F

OFFICES to Let.—Sullivan's, 13 Fleet street. 19 A

POULTRY, Pork or Fruit—Exceptional opportunity offers for above in principal thoroughfare; rent 30/- weekly; present trade Grocery; Goodwill, Stock, Fittings, etc., £175; purchase of Stock optional if desired.—Z 244, this office. 18 F

PHIBSBOROUGH District—For Sale, Shop and House, five apartments, h. and c., price £1,100.—North and Co., 110 Grafton street. 14 X

RABBITS—Washed, Trapping of well stocked Dublin mansion, for cash; careful trappers; excellent reference.—Murphy, Rose Cottage, Barnhill. Thurles

RAILWAY Wood China Cabinet and six Chippendale Dining Chairs; sell as lot; no doubles.—T 88, this office. 19 E

RANELAGH (Belmont avenue)—Premises, suitable for shop, dwelling-house, or business purposes; rent £70.—Apply Hamilton, Long & Co., Ltd., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 7

RANELAGH, Sandymount, Churne, Suitez Workers, and not to flute—The Dublin Engineering Co., Ltd., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 7

RANELAGH—Shop and Premises, recently occupied by Mrs. Butler, 2/- Upper Mount street; rent £70; possession 1st October. Apply Hamilton, Long & Co., Ltd., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 7

RENT roasting Fowls 5/- pair, tender; 4/6 pair, beautiful Boilers 4/6 pair, trussed; Ducks, 4/6.—Mrs. Cullen, The Farm, Rowan. 19 A

RARE bred Indian Runner Drakes, pure, for sale. Apply to Mrs. Conden, Clounshilogue, West. 18 D

RARE young White Indian Runner Drakes for sale; strain, 4/6 each; carriage extra.—Miss Smith, Killeen, Monasterboice. 18 D

RARE for Poultry—Lists from Manufacturers, to Perry Co., Ltd., Camden row, Dublin. 19 A

RARE Hunting Chickens and Ducks, 6/-, 7/- trussed; Seed Corn.—Deacon, Colbert road, Cork. 15

RARE Seeds having finished showing will Sell all Champion and Cup winning Bantams, cheap; also Pullets; Stamp.—Stubbs, 17 E.

RARE Eggs for Sale.—The Laurels, Foxrock. 17

RECEIVER, Pulpit, March, 9/- each.—Address "Z 2785, Business," this office. 19 A

REDS, hatched March, '24, 4 Pullets and Cockerel; Silvers, hatched March, '24, 3 Pullets and Cockerel; fine birds; 30/- each.—Mrs. Cosgrave, Castleknock. 19 A

RED Campine Pullets, April, 5/6; 12 White Orpington Pullets Cam's, 11 weeks, 6/-.—Ballinadee, Avoca.

RED, thirty to forty gallons pure New Milk direct from farm.—S 1776, this office. 7

RED Cockerel, week 25/-; 18, day old, 9/-, South, Newtown, Dundrum.

FURNITURE.

REST Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin, Antiques. 7

RTIL 50/- suite, Mahogany Inlaid Bedroom, grey hair stuffed Chesterfield Suite, Sideboard; the—T 60, this office. 19 A

URE and Carpets for Sale.—Hibernian Bank, Upper Dorset street. 17 E

Handsome Oak Sideboard, Dining-room Suite, Bookshelves, Carpet—95 north Circular road, Kilmainham. Call morning or evening. 19 A

Wood China Cabinet and six Chippendale Dining Chairs; sell as lot; no doubles.—T 88, this office. 19 E

Handsome Chiffonier, only dealers.—Z, Kingstown. 19

Bureau will buy or sell your superfluous furniture, auctioneers every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay.

FICIENT Furniture, including piano, 3 Suites, Pianos, cheap; owner leaving.—S 1764, this office. 19 A

FRIGHAND Carpets for Sale, also Carpet Squares, Rugs, from remnants, at reduced prices.—Beatty, Ltd. 19 A

For Furniture for Sale, also Pram; everything almost new.—T 141, this office. 19 A

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

NA Special Records, "I'm Alone," 2/6, post Gramophone Stores, Johnson Court, Grafton street. 6 X

Teacher wants Pianos; state lowest price.—Gardner, 26 Lower Ormond quay. 19

Music Publications. Pianos write for lists, Herbert Wren street, Charing Cross road. 19

Upright Pianos, very good condition, £20 and £30.—T 141, this office. 19 E

Grand Pianos for Sale, Bechstein, Broadwood, Collard, Erard, Steinway, Bluthner, Rosenkranz, Chappell, Kirkman, Brinsmead, Rogers, Challen, Waterloo House, Waterloo lane, Harcourt street. 19

Upright,

Take to the Bottle

by all means—but be sure it contains rich, pure, clean

STANDARD MILK

Thousands have already done so and are more than delighted with themselves

HUGHES BROTHERS

'Standard Milk Dairy,' RATHFARNHAM

OUR ICE-CREAM BRICKS ARE A TREAT

McCORMICK - DEERING SELF-BINDERS

THE MOST RELIABLE IN THE WORLD

"INTERNATIONAL JUNIOR" TRACTORS

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FOR

THRESHING, PLOUGHING, CULTIVATING, MOLE DRAINING, AND ALL BELT WORK.

The Best Farmer In The World

can only succeed in ratio to his transport facilities. And for moving about from point to point the 10 h.p. **TROJAN 4 SEATER**, giving 40 miles to the gallon and absolute comfort, is a car you should inquire about, or better still, call and have a trial run on it.

£160 : 10 Complete at DUBLIN

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Taste and See

"Golden Spray" Cheese is not a blend—it is a whole cheese made from Canada's finest produce—always in perfect condition and charming in flavour. Taste and see

Golden Spray Cheese

TILLAGE PAYS

Farmers who use

THE NEW

International Junior Tractor

Write for full details to

Ashenhurst Williams, & Co., Ltd.,

Talbot Place, Store Street Dublin

THE TRACTOR BINDER.

A ONE-MAN OUTFIT.

At the Albert Agricultural College, yesterday, keen interest was taken by a large gathering of farmers in the working of the McCormick-Deering tractor binder. This is one of the greatest advances in the development of harvesters which has taken place in recent years. It has been introduced by the International Harvester Co., and comprises a power take-off shaft, by means of which the tractor draws the binder and also supplies the motive power for driving the mechanism of the binder. Hitherto the motive power was derived from the main wheels, and under bad weather conditions heavily laid crops resulted in the main wheel of the binder slipping when an extra load came upon the binder attachment. In the tractor-binder this possibility is entirely eliminated. The power of the tractor is sufficient to drive the binder under all conditions of land surface or difficult crops.

A feature of importance is the special set of levers placed in front of the binder within easy reach of the operator, thus making the entire outfit a one-man proposition. Another feature in the power-take-off attachment is the safety clutch device, which attracts the operator's attention directly a stone or other obstruction is encountered.

ENSURING A PURE MILK SUPPLY.

For some time past the British Government has had under consideration the question of reviewing the Tuberculosis Order of 1914. After consultation with the Ministry of Health the Ministry of Agriculture has issued an Order containing provisions similar to those of the 1914 Order. The new Order comes into force on the 1st September next, that being the date on which the Milk and Dairies Consolidation Act, 1915, in England and Wales, and the Milk and Dairies Act, 1914, in Scotland, will take effect. Both these Acts prohibit the use, for the production of milk, of any cow which is giving tuberculosis milk for the purposes of tuberculosis of the udder or tuberculosis emaciation. The Order will compel the slaughter of all such cows and any other bovine animal which may be suffering from tuberculous emaciation or from a chronic cough and showing definite clinical signs of the disease.

The new Order represents the most that is practicable at the present time in the direction of securing the eradication of bovine tuberculosis, and in contributing to the production at the source of a milk supply free from bovine tubercle bacilli.

Harvesting operations are now in full swing throughout the country, and the outlook altogether is most encouraging.

INCREASING THE GRAIN YIELD.

ELECTRO CULTURE.

An increased yield of 20 per cent. on the average may be expected when certain spring sown cereals are subjected to high tension electrical discharge. This was the experience of the Electro Culture Committee as the result of field and pot experiments carried out in England since 1918. The results obtained in 1922 from pot-culture experiments at Rothamsted Experimental Station were so striking that the Committee decided to discontinue temporarily the field work and to concentrate for a time on pot-culture, small plot and laboratory work, with a view to ascertaining the most suitable periods and the most suitable hours of the day for the discharge. The results of the pot-culture and small plot experiments in 1925 confirmed the results of the pot-culture experiments of 1922, viz., that electrification for one month of spring sown cereals may be more effective than electrification for the full time (June to August).

The programme of work for 1924 was confined to pot-cultures at Rothamsted, and small plot experiments at Rothamsted and Lincluden, on the lines of those conducted in 1923, with the addition of investigations dealing with the effect of the discharge over smaller periods than one month and the effect of varying the strength of the current, since no knowledge was available of the lower strengths of current that are effective.

The results obtained last year confirm those of 1922 and 1923. It is again very noticeable that in the electrified plants the increase in grain yield is relatively higher than that of total yield (straw plus grain). A relative decrease in total yield may even be associated with an increase on grain yield. For example, the third month's electrification plot at Lincluden gave a decrease of 7.2 per cent. total yield (straw plus grain) and an increase of 33.2 per cent. grain yield over its corresponding control plot. In the pot-culture experiments the greatest increase of grain yield was 21 per cent. over that of the control, while in the small plot experiments the greatest increase was 51.6 per cent. The Committee has decided to conduct further experiments in the technique of electrification before undertaking large scale field experiments.

LIVE STOCK BREEDING ACT, 1925.

LICENSING OF BULLS.

Inspections of bulls in connection with the issue of licences under the Live Stock Breeding Act commences on Tuesday, 18th instant, and will be continued for about three weeks at centres throughout An Saorstat. All those who have applied for licences for their bulls are being notified of the date and hour of inspection at their local centre, and should have their bulls at the place appointed in good time on the day fixed for the inspection. Those who for any reason have not yet applied for a licence can still do so on payment of a fee of 10s. (which includes the additional fee of 5s. required for late inspections). If there is not time to apply to the Department of Agriculture before the date of the local inspection, the owner should bring his bull to the centre and pay the fee to the inspector, who will supply him with the necessary form of application.

All bulls calved before 1st January, 1925, must be presented at the local centres. An exception is made only in the case of bulls which have already been inspected and passed as up to premium standard by the Department.

Our Special Pages.

The Special Agricultural Pages which appear regularly in the *Irish Times* deal with all phases of Irish Agriculture. Mr. J. J. Sadlier (Tipperary) says they "have done more than any other medium to improve dairying and agricultural conditions in this country." The next page will appear on September 3rd. The last appeared on August 6th.

Irish Farming Review

Showing a Crop of Silage.

What the Land is For.

The dry rot of economic decline cannot be permitted to continue. Our land should be utilised like the land of almost every country in the world. Its primary purpose is to support human beings, instead of rearing them for export. A progressive Government like ours can hardly be expected to act the disinterested spectator in a condition of affairs that breeds hunger, or emigration, in a country easily capable of sustaining in comfort many times its present population. We have the richest and, I believe, the cheapest land in Europe. We are in closer proximity to the world's best market than any of our competitors. Yet, each and every one of these competitors can till their land and sell their produce, while people will be found here to say that cultivation does not pay.

The Minister for Posts and Telegraphs at Bandon.

THE RUT OF ISOLATION.

WARNING TO FARMERS.

Farmers in 1923 and 1924 felt themselves to be so much the sport of fate that a settled depression has overtaken many of them. The results are seen in a tendency in some districts to fault the Government for not "doing something"—what is not always clear. The majority of farmers, however, are too thankful for the recent good weather to waste any of it in grumbling. Indeed, so buoyant a spirit have we found, that it seems some farmers may forget that, whilst weather is a disconcerting factor in farming, other points are worth consideration. Amongst these are the effects upon the farm of education or the want of it, organisation or the absence of it. In this forgetfulness the benefit of experiences lately felt, and felt the more vividly because, under adverse weather conditions, may be lost. It may therefore be wise to sound a note of warning lest the natural reaction towards optimism may carry the farmer into the opposite type of fatalism, by inducing in him hopes for the impossible.

Not that such hopes are liable to last long. Nature takes care of that. Of course there is much that the farmer must do for himself and by himself alone.

If he is sufficiently well educated, both in the theory of good farming and the practice of it, he may continue to plod along, even without co-ordinated effort, until he comes to the business of marketing.

Need for Organisation.

Our concern just now, however, is to point out that, if organisation is not adopted by farmers, then more intensive education must take its place. We can illustrate what we mean by reminding our readers that the Minister for Agriculture recently gave it as his opinion that wrong treatment of cattle cost the country more in the last two winters than fluke disease. From inquiries we have since made we are satisfied that, in some parts of the West of Ireland at least, this is education—or, if the word be preferred, the true. But when we come to ask how the teaching—necessary to combat this wrong treatment is to be made practical and effective within a brief time, the answer is not easy. Let us put side by side two sets of experience communicated by farmers in a South-Western county. On one of these farms it was found that hand feeding, housing, careful treatment brought the cattle through a damp winter in health, and with none of the losses encountered on neighbouring farms. On the other, less than four miles distant, two lots of calves were brought through the winter under opposite conditions. One lot was housed and specially tended, the other left out to get "the run of their teeth." And of these two lots the specially cared beasts fared worse than the "outdoor" lot.

A Problem.

Here, then is a practical question which the individual farmer must feel to be in the nature of a problem not to be solved by any ready made formula. Both farmers were men of more than average intelligence, one was a man of exceptional education, the other of mature experience. We asked the farmer, whose two lots of calves throve in inverse ratio to the care expended on them, whether a difference in constitution might not account for the difference in results. Whilst admitting this, he felt that the question, should one bring one's cattle under cover in winter, and feed them indoors, or not? was not so easily answered as some experts think. What, then, in such circumstances, is the average farmer, without exceptional education, without unusual ability or experience, to think? We should ourselves recommend all farmers to keep in close touch with the experts, to study their methods, to ponder their advice, neither to turn from it because the expert's business is to advise rather than to farm, nor yet to assume, even if his advice is the "last word" in agricultural theory that it is the only wisdom and infallible. But, and this is the point we chiefly want to make, they should not in any mood of temporary optimism allow their instinct for ploughing a lonely furrow to separate them from their neighbours, but should be ready to exchange experiences with them; to give and take advice and to try out the expert's theories in the light of their neighbours' experiences.

Knowledge of Markets Wanted.

Now, all such balancing up of "pros" and "cons" supposes in the farmer an exceptional degree of alertness and mobility of mind. Unless a man have either a special gift for farming or exceptional knowledge of it he cannot compete against the specialised efforts of foreign and Colonial importers to beat him in the British markets. It is at that point that the individualism of the average farmer brings about failure. Acting entirely on his own, the small farmer makes an existence, but not a living. Indeed, for most small farmers, practice is not enough to bring about successful results, without some knowledge of modern and up-to-date methods, nor is theory valuable to a man who is as yet unskilled in practice. Only in a combination of these is there hope. For the average farmer, however, the blend of new theory with proved practice, is by no means easy. He may not have the capital or the machinery or other facilities necessary for much experimental work. He may lack the initiative or the enterprise. With none of these last qualities can either the State or any outside body supply him.

Get Out of the Rut.

We are thus driven back upon our previous view, that the farmer should regard individualism, isolation, as hostile to his prospects. If he can, he should himself experiment. If not he should study the experimental work of others. He should associate himself with them in the co-operative society, the Farmers' Union, or whatever association is available for the interchange of knowledge. He should put himself in communication with whatever officials of the Department of Agriculture work in his vicinity, learn their methods, think them over, and if they suit his conditions copy them. To sum up: Only the well educated and individually well-skilled farmer is equal to the demands of modern competition upon him. The man without these needs to get out of the rut of isolation. The educated man will do that in any case. The average farmer should seek association with his like. It is the best check upon an unreasoning pessimism and a no less insidious optimism.

Irish racehorses are known all over the world, and in that respect are an asset to the country, but when they succeed abroad their performances are announced as those of English horses.

Mr. James Clarke has been re-elected Chairman of the Galway Co. Committee of Agriculture.

FERTILISERS AND CROP ROTATION.

Since harvest is a time for comparisons and new resolutions for the farmer, a brief review of the chemical needs and constituents of plant life in various soils may not be ill-placed.

First, let us consider the effect on soils of a crop of potatoes. If the stalks were burnt they would be found on analysis to contain about 30 lbs. of potash, 15 lbs. of soda, 17 lbs. of lime, 8 lbs. of phosphoric acid and various other substances to the 100 lbs. of ash. If the tubers were also burnt the same weight of ash would be found to contain 75 lbs. of potash, 3 lbs. lime and 15 lbs. of phosphoric acid. The stalks are, of course, usually burnt, and their constituents thus returned to the soil; but a considerable loss results to the land before potatoes can do well in the same place again. Here the advantage which artificials have over farmyard manure lies in the fact that while the latter contains all the necessaries of plant food, they are not in the right proportions.

Artificials, on the other hand, can be used exactly as wanted, and their properly balanced use, either alone or in conjunction with farmyard manure, may mean a difference of several tons to the acre.

It will be observed that the chief substances drawn from the soil by potatoes are potash, lime and phosphoric acid. Potash is given back in the form of sulphates and kainit, 3 or 4 lbs. to the rod, as well as farmyard manure, lime, 14 lbs. per rod for light land, more for heavy land. (Black land contains little or no lime, and its addition, either for crops or pastures is always desirable, healthy and worth while.)

To supply the necessary phosphoric acid the superphosphate of lime or basic slag are generally used — the former for lime land, the latter for the heavier soils. Basic slag being so slow to dissolve, it should be applied in the autumn or winter for the following spring's crops.

The first fact which renders rotation of crops desirable is that most plant diseases are peculiar to certain plants. Therefore, to grow them in the same ground in successive years is to expose them to a risk from which they would otherwise be free.

The second reason for the desirability of rotation is that, though potash, phosphate and nitrate are the principal mineral foods of all plants, they are required in different proportions by different kinds. For instance, turnips take more than twice as much potash out of the ground as beans or vetches do. If, therefore, wheat is followed by turnips or swedes, and barley by vetches, oats, and finally clover, a gain in economy and good crops is practically certain. This way lies the future and the full meaning of agriculture—in the realisation that the soil is not a bank which will honour every cheque drawn upon it. We must keep up our balance fully.

J. McH.

A ONE-MAN TRACTOR BINDER.

McCormick-Deering Tractor-Binder at Work.

AGRICULTURAL WORK AT MOUNT MELLERAY.

On the occasion of a recent visit to Mount Melleray the writer was much impressed by the facilities which are offered for a thorough groundwork in the science and practice of agriculture at the Agricultural School which is attached to the monastery. As these facilities are not so widely known or appreciated as they deserve to be it may not be out of place to give a short account of the work which is being carried on.

The farm attached to the Agricultural school contains approximately thirty acres of reclaimed bog land and some yet to be reclaimed—about the size of the majority of Irish holdings, but much poorer land. The farm is run on commercial lines under the capable direction of Brother Carthage, who was an old Glasnevin student with the writer. The farm buildings consist of a byre which can accommodate twelve cows, dairy, food shed, engine room, implement shed, tool house, granary, stables, loose box for calves, and a hay shed. The buildings and equipment are up to date in every detail, and are arranged so as to reduce labour to a minimum. The four-course system is practised, supplemented by green soiling crops for the failing pastures in autumn and spring.

Dairy Stock.

The dairy herd at present consists of eight cows of the Shorthorn type. The milk is weighed daily, and tested weekly for butter fat. The average yield for the last lactation period was 630 gallons, with 3.8 per cent. butter fat. One of the cows is a pure-bred dairy Shorthorn and five are on the Department's Register. One of the latter gave 1,260 gallons in the last lactation period with 4.2 per cent. butter fat. The remaining cows are awaiting inspection for the Department's Register. The cows are fed on roots, hay and straw, crushed oats, decorticated cotton cake, and a little bran. They are rationed on the Scandinavian food unit system according to yield. The milk is made into butter, which is sold to the Seminary, and the separated milk fed to the calves and pigs. Careful records of milk produced and food consumed are kept, and a monthly profit and loss account for each cow is prepared by the students. The cows are all calving between September and March. The calves are all reared, the bulls to be sold, and the best of the heifers to be drafted into the herd.

Three Large White York brood sows are kept and the progeny fattened. The work of the farm is done by two horses and a pony.

There is also a poultry section, which includes Rhode Island Reds, White Wyandottes, and White Leghorns.

Theory and Practice.

The lectures in agriculture are given by Brother Carthage, and particular attention is paid to production costs by both crops and stock. A comparatively simple system of cost accounting, devised by Brother Carthage, is kept for each department, and a favourable balance sheet was presented even when farming was at a very low ebb.

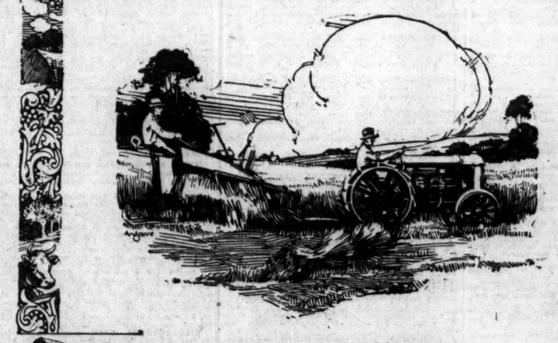
The students work at each section in rotation, so that a thorough practical knowledge of each department is acquired. Every precaution is taken during the course to ensure that the information imparted is of such a nature as can be applied by the students on their return to their home farms.

Any account, however brief, of agricultural operations at Mount Melleray would be incomplete without reference to the excellent pure-bred herd of dairy shorthorns which has been built up at the monastery farm under the tender care of Brother Augustine. The herd includes 26 registered cows, whose average yield is 805 gallons, with 3.9 per cent. butter fat. Two stock bulls are kept—Drumnatt Star and Melleray Victor. Drumnatt Star is out of Orphan Princess, the first Irish cow to reach 2,000 gallons; her average butter fat was 4.2 per cent. Melleray Victor's dam, Sarah 8th, gave over 1,000 gallons, with 4.4 per cent. butter fat. The herd includes strains of Comelys, Buttercups, Augustas, Orphans, Justinas, Serenas, Crimsons, etc. Three yearling bulls averaged 103 guineas at the Cork Spring Show this year. The farm, like that attached to the agricultural school,

A NOTED DAIRY COW.

Mr. M. Santry, Castlefreke, Clonakilty, and his prize-winning 1,015 gallon cow, Castlefreke Favourite. With a herd of six such cows Mr. Santry won the Beamish and Crawford prize for the best small herd in Co. Cork in 1924. Their average record was 954 gallons with 346 lbs. butter fat.

THE FORDSON MAKES YOU MASTER OF THE WEATHER



Harvesting Trials Ministry of Agriculture Test: 3 horses cut 6·8 acres in 8 hours. A Fordson cut 10·04 acres in the same time.

YOUR QUICKEST HARVEST FOR YEARS

"Punch" says that the difference between farmer and smallholder is that the one never owns up to a profit and the other is always "going on fine."

But when they both have Fordsons half the difference is gone—they both must make a profit.

The Fordson's method is simple—work done twice as fast as horses and at half the cost.

The Fordson finishes harvesting in double quick time, before the weather breaks—gives you a fighting chance against the climate.

Be sure and call on your Authorised Ford Dealer next market day. He'll demonstrate what the Fordson can do for you. And there's the new scheme of assistance to purchasers by the Department of Agriculture.

£143 Net

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DOUBLE THE WORK—HALF THE COST

Mudguards £10 : 0 : 0 extra

Pulley Attachment £6 : 0 : 0 extra

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SUCCESSFUL NEW ROSS SHOW.

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FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

NEW ROSS, Wednesday.

For the 25th annual Show of the New Ross and District Agricultural Society there was a total entry of 950. This was made up by 197 horses, 67 cattle, 76 sheep, 15 pigs, 60 butter samples, 200 fowl, and 250 exhibits of garden produce. These figures represent an increase of about 33 per cent. over those of last year, and it was gratifying to note the improvement which has taken place in the quality of the exhibits. Brood mares and young horses were particularly good. Horses, indeed, were the outstanding feature of the Show. In the cattle section there was a fine display of bulls. The weather, though dull, was fine, and there was an exceedingly large attendance.

Mr. J. Gantly carried out the secretarial duties satisfactorily.

The judges were:—

Horses—Messrs. W. P. Hanly, Captain W. Gibson, W. J. Gibson, M. J. Fennell, W. Mitchell, A. Hunt.

Cattle—Messrs. R. K. Wright and M. Twoomey.

Sheep and Swine—Messrs. R. Laurie and W. Mitchell.

Poultry—Miss M. Slattery, Dublin.

Butter and Cheese—Miss Hackett, Kilkenny.

Butter-making—Miss Hartigan.

Vegetables and Goats—Mr. and Mrs. Lett.

Bread—Mrs. N. Lynch.

THE AWARDS.

HORSES.

M. Hodgins had the only half-bred stallion, one by Laughton's Last, which was awarded first prize.

For Four-year-old Hunters, to carry from 13st. to 13st. 7lb., R. J. Paul's Land League, by Landgrave, was first, and D. Shannon's gelding, Bob, by Macanna, second.

For Weight-carriers—P. Furlong's bay mare, by Rahan, was first; M. O'Connor's gelding by Meranna, second; and A. Furlong's gelding by Killinick, third.

Four-year-olds, to carry 13st. 7lb. and upwards, were led by John Reid's Happy Moments, by Young Suivador, D. Shannon's gelding being second.

Captain Roche's brown gelding, Sandstone, led the hunters from 11st. 7lb. to 14st. M. O'Connor's chestnut being second, and P. Furlong's chestnut by Lord Ashbourne, third. The special prize for the best Hunter in the Show went to Captain Roche's brown gelding.

For unbroken Four-year-olds likely to make hunters, M. Walsh was first, and the second went to a promising pair by Sandstone and Bugle Boy.

J. Furlong's chestnut being third.

There were seventeen entries of hunter brood mares. Peace Time by Macanna, a winner at Ballsbridge, Jas. Hall's well-bred brown by Peronsia was second, and Dr. Hickey's bay by Innellan third. The winner's colt foal got first prize, D. McGrath's second, and Miss Deane's third.

In the open class for light-legged Three-year-olds J. Teathe's promising brown by Sceneiffter was first, M. Malone's Handsome Man second, and M. Walsh's gelding by Macanna third. The special prize for Three-year-olds went to M. Walsh's gelding.

Twenty-nine entries made up the class for Two-year-old light-legged Horses, and six were selected for honours. A leader was found in J. Mullins's en. gelding, Peter, by The Pasha; Captain Deane Drake's bay colt by Fitzjohn was second, and T. Morris's grey filly by Macanna third. The two-year-old special went to Captain Deane Drake.

Five Class Farmers made an entry of eleven in the class for light-legged Yearlings and first prize went to J. J. Harrick's promising chestnut gelding by The Pasha; Jasper Neville's Paddy was second, and W. Purian's Primrose third.

In the second Class Farmers' class for Yearlings and P. Rochford's bay mare, was first, W. M. McGrath's chestnut gelding was first, W. Lee's prize for cows was won by Mr. Wilsdon with Glendine Lass, his Conaghy Lass being second. For two-year-old heifers, W. Brennan was first and C. D. Hearn second. For yearling heifers, W. Brennan was first.

SHEEP.

Border Leicesters and Lincolns were a feature of the sheep section, and there were also specimens of other breeds. For yearling Border Leicester rams, J. W. Tomkins was first and second. For short wool rams, A. J. Wilsdon was first with an Oxford Down, A. D. Place being second and third with Suffolks. For older long wool rams J. McCabe was first and A. O'Neill second.

Competition for the special prize for rams was keen, and so close in point of merit were the sheep that A. J. Wilsdon's and J. McCabe's rams were placed equally.

For pens of ewes, P. Ryan was first, T. Fowler second, and A. Wilsdon third. For pens of ewe lambs, any breed, A. Wilsdon was first, J. Magee second, and P. Quigley third. In the ram lamb class, A. Wilsdon was first, P. Ryan second, and P. Quigley third. In the farmers' classes, honours went to Messrs. M. Nolan, P. Kehoe, P. Quigley, and Captain Deane Drake.

DAIRY COWS.

Dairy cows generally were somewhat disappointing, although a few good ones appeared among the winners. For registered dairy cows, Mrs. Wilsdon led with Curagh Daisy, an attractive 664-gallon cow, by Westmoreland Hero II. J. M. Roche's Clogher Peeress, an 852-gallon cow of fine appearance, was second; Mr. P. Quigley's Brian Rose reserve.

For shorthorn cows, any age, P. Quigley was first with his useful Rosebud VI. by Irish General, A. J. Wilsdon's Shankill Daisy being second.

In a small class for two-year-old shorthorn heifers, J. M. Roche was first with Talbot Hall Peeress, and second with Maid, both by Loobagh Baron VI.

For yearling shorthorn heifers, the representatives of Thomas Carty led with the sweet-looking Flora, by Blessington Rosebud Prince, T. Shannon's Miss Wilsdon being second.

For shorthorn bull calves, J. M. Roche was first and second with Talbot Hall Pride and Jupiter, respectively. Harry Deacon was first for heifer calves.

For two-year-old heifers not pure-bred, John O'Connor led with an Aberdeen-Angus, T. Brennan's Daisy Stamp being second. For yearling heifers not pure-bred, W. Brennan was first and John O'Connor second.

In the second-class farmers' class for dairy cows, W. Brennan's Suir Lass was first, and J. Murphy's entry second. In the special farmers' class for dairy cows, T. Shannon was first with a light roan, and P. Quigley second with Brian Rose.

T. Shannon won the Tottenham Cup with his bull, Milkman. J. O'Connor's bull being reserve. The cup for bulls, and to include the reserve, went to the Earl of Bessborough.

The Pierce Cup, for cows not pure-bred, went to Mr. Wilsdon's Glendine Lady, his Conaghy Lass being reserve.

In the competition for the Wexford Committee's prizes for cows James Murphy was first and third, and P. Rochford second. The Kilkenny Committee's prize for cows was won by Mr. Wilsdon with Glendine Lass, his Conaghy Lass being second. For two-year-old heifers, W. Brennan was first and C. D. Hearn second. For yearling heifers, W. Brennan was first.

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OTHER SECTIONS.

Pigs were successfully shown by C. Coppen, Major-General Nolan, T. Shannon, Dr. G. A. Hickey, G. Flood, Colonel C. M. Gibson, and R. Eustace.

In a well-filled poultry section, first prizes went to Colonel Gibson, Mrs. Deane Drake, Mrs. M. White, Mrs. J. M. Roche, Mrs. H. M. Cheeksoint, Miss S. H. Deane, Mrs. M. A. Hickey, Miss Magee, Miss Stephenson, W. H. Twamley, Miss Hickey, Luke Dwyer, Miss M. Mullins, Mrs. B. Mernagh, Mrs. Nolan, Mrs. M. Cullen, Mrs. R. Malone, Mrs. Somers.

First prizes for garden produce went to Miss M. C. Howlett, Mrs. P. J. Roche, J. J. Walsh, Mrs. Somers, and Miss A. Somers.

JUMPING COMPETITIONS.

Ballyanne Cup.—1st, Mrs. Magee, Bray—Nugget; 2nd, Miss M. D. Springfield, Clonmel—Croughan; 3rd, W. Parle, Taghmon—Jazzo.

Competition for horses that never won a first prize for jumping.—1st, W. Buckley, Kilmacthomas—Miss Simon; 2nd, D. Egan, Ballycullane—Volunteer; 3rd, M. M'Grath, Scullaboe—Molly Bawn.

Ladies' Jumping Competition.—1st, Mrs. Magee's Nugget; 2nd, Master Power, Mallow—Patsy; 3rd, J. Barlow, Ballydanfin—Lot's Wife.

Open Jumping Competition.—1st, Mrs. Magee's Nugget; 2nd, Miss Rose B. Springfield.

Competition for animals that never won first prize.—1st, M. M'Grath's Molly Bawn; 2nd, D. Egan's Volunteer.

DOCTORS' PERIL.

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GOVERNMENT'S FOLLY.

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The Chairman (Mr. J. Horgan)—Do you propose a resolution strongly disapproving of the action of the Government on the question of the medical register?

Mr. Wallace—Yes.

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Mr. Horne said that it was not the duty of the Board to enter into a criticism of the matter, as they had sufficient to do to mind their own business.

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Mr. Kelleher said that there might also be something to be said on the other side of the question, and they should not rush into it, especially when the matter would have to come before the Dail for full discussion. It might be right or wrong to say that the alteration would injure University College, Cork, but they should have the pros and cons of the question before them to enable them to deal with it. There was the point to be considered whether they were turning out too many professional men, and not enough to attend to the land and industries, and also whether they were exporting too many young men.

That brought them to the question whether the people, through the public bodies, were subsidising colleges by grants in order to export young men, and whether such money was being used to send the best brains of the country to England. He would not like to interfere in the matter until he had fuller information.

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The Chairman said that he entirely approved of Mr. Wallace's motion, and he regretted that an alteration in respect of the Medical Register, which he regarded as a retrograde step, should be taken by the Government. He thought that anything which made for equality between England and Ireland was good for both countries. England and Ireland had been on equality on that particular matter, but the alteration would mean that Ireland would be put in an inferior position on a Colonial Register, and it would have that effect all over the world.

It would also mean the wiping out of any decent medical school in Ireland in twelve months. They could realise what the effect would be on the health of their people. The present arrangement was by far the best solution of the matter. No one could measure the influence and effect of the work of Irish doctors in England, especially among the poor, particularly the Irish poor, and that work met with general appreciation. They had been the apostles of their race and also of their religion, and such a position of affairs should not be completely set aside to the detriment of the country.

ADJOURNED.

The Lord Mayor said that he intended to express his personal opinion, which, perhaps, was different to that of members who had already spoken. They certainly had more responsibility for the action of the Free State Government than he had. But in his position as Lord Mayor he would interpret the feelings of the people of the city on all such actions and express their views.

The matter under discussion was one on which every individual would have to express a definite opinion, but as it had been stated that the matter might develop in a different direction in the future, he thought that it would be wise to adjourn the discussion for a week. It was a serious matter, and could not be postponed too long, and he would agree to an adjournment for that period. The views of Professors Pearson and O'Sullivan, two eminent medical men, should be fully studied by the members preparatory to a full discussion. If a fight on the question was necessary that fight should be immediately taken up by the people.

Mr. Egan, T.D., said that the matter would be dealt with at the Dail, and he would then have to vote on the issue, and in doing so he intended to carry out the dictates of his constituents. (Hear, hear.)

The matter was then adjourned to the next meeting.

GALWAY PROFESSORS.

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The committee appointed by University College, Galway, to consider all matters of a medical nature affecting the College, yesterday discussed the situation created by the Government's announcement of its intention to create an Irish Medical Register.

In view of the extreme public interest in the matter the appended statement was prepared for publication:—

"Scare headlines and panic-stricken statements from Dublin and Cork may lead the Irish people to believe that the proposed action of the Government has resulted in the nervous breakdown of the profession in Ireland. We desire to correct that impression.

"Control of Irish medical matters has been in the hands of the British Medical Council, on which Ireland has a minority representation. That the British Medical Council have worked in the interests of the profession is not disputed. The time has now arrived, however, when an Irish nation must control its own affairs, and this applies to medicine as to other matters. The action of the Government is the logical result of our present national status.

"The hardships which will accrue to Irish graduates when Irish medical men take charge of their own affairs has been unduly stressed. Australian and Canadian graduates may, without much difficulty, practise in England. We believe that the interests of young Irish medical men can also be protected.

"Irish medicine has had a great past. There is no cause for alarm to-day. We believe that the vast majority of Irish medical men are quite prepared to leave their interests in the hands of their fellow-Irishmen. The Professor of Medicine in Cork, as reported in the *Irish Independent* yesterday, has circulated a rumour that Galway College is shut. For three-quarters of a century University College, Galway, has been in the habit of closing for summer holidays. Doctors Donegan and Walsh, the other members of the committee, are absent on holidays. The future is in our own hands. (Signed)—

"R. B. Mahon, M.A., F.R.C.S. (Eng.), Professor of Medicine, U.C.G.; M. O'Malley,

OSS SHOW.

IN ENTRIES.

gged Horses, 1 to 4 years old, went to
's chestnut by Sandstone, J. Mullins
ond.
od Mares, 3 to 6 years old, M. Walsh
J. Barron second; sod J. Hanlon third.
medal for Hunter Brood Mares went to
's mare, Peace Time, J. Hall's Cinderella
reserve. James Hall's Argyle won the
ize for Mares or Geldings. Peace Time
the East Kilkenny Hunt Cup, J. Hall's
e reserve.
xford County Committee's prizes for
olds went to Mr. P. Lalor, Mrs. E.
nd Mr. W. Leacy, in the order named;
ers for two-year-olds were Messrs. A.
nd T. Morris. The Kilkenny County
's prizes for mares went to Messrs. J.
P. Grennan, for three-year-olds to
Maher and P. Roche, and for two-
o Messrs. J. Mullins and J. Doherty.
Grehan had the only Irish draught on
and won first prize.

CATTLE.

nside a good display, more especially the
and dairy stock. The cup for the best
o the Earl of Ressborough's Challenger
, block roan of great substance by
ion Ressborough Polonus. This bull
older shorthorn bull class; the repre-
of Thomas Carty, with Clontibret Al-
ow champion Butterfly, being second;
Wilsdon's Auburn Emperor reserve.
aring shorthorn bulls, J. Eustace led
useful Clontibret Butterfly. M. L.
Bracelet Pride, a promising youngster
Baron, was second; P. Quigley's Silver
Daisy Duke third, and A. J. Wilsdon's
Pride fourth.
rden-Angus bulls were shown, and here
Earl of Ressborough was first with the
lengthy level-topped sire Juvidom,
f Ballindalloch. John O'Connor's Hill
el, another bull of good shape and
as second.
ntries made up the class for registered
, and first prize was again carried off
rl of Ressborough's well-known Chal-
T. Shannon's compact, good-quartered
son, by Carnowen Orphan, was second;
Eustace's attractive dark red, Clontibret
by Kilkea Artist, third.
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J. M. Roche, Mrs. H. M. Cheekpoint,
Deane, Mrs M. A. Hickey, Miss Mazee,
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Miss M. Mullins, Mrs. R. Mernagh,
Mrs. M. Cullen, Mrs. R. Malone, Mrs.

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ADJOURNED.

The Lord Mayor said that he intended to express his personal opinion, which, perhaps, was different to that of members who had already spoken. They certainly had more responsibility for the action of the Free State Government than he had. But in his position as Lord Mayor he would interpret the feelings of the people of the city on all such actions and express their views.

The matter under discussion was one on which every individual would have to express a definite opinion, but as it had been stated that the matter might develop in a different direction in the future, he thought that it would be wise to adjourn the discussion for a week. It was a serious matter, and could not be postponed too long, and he would agree to an adjournment for that period. The views of Professors Pearson and O'Sullivan, two eminent medical men, should be fully studied by the members preparatory to a full discussion. If a fight on the question was necessary that fight should be immediately taken up by the people.

Mr. Egan, T.D., said that the matter would be dealt with at the Dail, and he would then have to vote on the issue, and in doing so he intended to carry out the dictates of his constituents. (Hear, hear.)

The matter was then adjourned to the next meeting.

GALWAY PROFESSORS.

DEFENCE OF GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSAL.

The committee appointed by University College, Galway, to consider all matters of a medical nature affecting the College, yesterday discussed the situation created by the Government's announcement of its intention to create an Irish Medical Register.

In view of the extreme public interest in the matter the appended statement was prepared for publication:—

"Scare headlines and panic-stricken statements from Dublin and Cork may lead the Irish people to believe that the proposed action of the Government has resulted in the nervous breakdown of the profession in Ireland. We desire to correct that impression.

"Control of Irish medical matters has been in the hands of the British Medical Council, on which Ireland has a minority representation. That the British Medical Council have worked in the interests of the profession is not disputed. The time has now arrived, however, when an Irish nation must control its own affairs, and this applies to medicine as to other matters. The action of the Government is the logical result of our present national status.

"The hardships which will accrue to Irish graduates when Irish medical men take charge of their own affairs has been unduly stressed. Australian and Canadian graduates may, without much difficulty, practise in England. We believe that the interests of young Irish medical men can also be protected.

"Irish medicine has had a great past. There is no cause for alarm to-day. We believe that the vast majority of Irish medical men are quite prepared to leave their interests in the hands of their fellow-Irishmen. The Professor of Medicine in Cork, as reported in the *Irish Independent* yesterday, has circulated a rumour that Galway College is shut. For three-quarters of a century University College, Galway, has been in the habit of closing for summer holidays. Doctors Donegan and Walsh, the other members of the committee, are absent on holidays. The future is in our own hands. (Signed)—

"R. B. Mahon, M.A., F.R.C.S. (Eng.), Professor of Medicine. U.C.G.; M. O'Malley, M.B., F.R.C.S. (Eng.), Professor of Surgery; D. V. Morris, M.B., M.A.O., Assistant Professor in Midwifery; S. P. MacEnry, M.A., M.D. (T.C.D.), Professor of Ophthalmology; S. Sbea, M.B., B.Ch., Professor of Anatomy; M. Devitt, M.B., B.Sc., Lecturer in Clinical Medicine."

BLOW TO STUDENTS.

DUBLIN PROFESSOR'S STRONG CASE FOR STATUS QUO.

"I have had abundant opportunity, since the question was first mooted, of ascertaining the views of a large number of medical students, belonging to the various schools. I can say with assurance that the proposal has the whole-hearted condemnation of all the Dublin medical students. The Government's recent statement has excited a feeling in the students akin to panic."

This was the statement made by Dr. Leonard Abrahamson, Professor at Mercer's Hospital, to an *Irish Times* representative, last night. He said that he felt, in common with those of his colleagues with whom he had discussed the matter, that a separate register would deal a shattering blow to medical education in the Free State.

"It is important to realise," he continued, "that there are many things at stake, apart from the inevitable depletion of the medical schools. Medical teaching fulfils many functions. It benefits not only the pupil, but also the master. Before a medical man can impart knowledge it is essential that he be fully equipped.

RESEARCH WORK.

"In Dublin, more than elsewhere, a large number of practising medical men come into daily contact with the students. This fact, more than any other, has been, in my opinion, responsible for the high standard of knowledge possessed by the Dublin physician and surgeon.

"If the number of students dwindles—as it will—the result will be a general lowering of the standard of knowledge and efficiency. Thus, not only will the medical schools suffer, but the general public will suffer proportionately.

"Another point which has escaped the attention of those who speak so contemptuously of the training of medical students for exportation, is that these students give very valuable service to the Dublin hospitals prior to their departure from the country. The Dublin hospitals depend, for their successful working, on the supply of an adequate number of resident students, clinical clerks and surgical dressers.

"Here, again, the general public will suffer bitterly from the dearth of students.

A POOR SUBSTITUTE.

"We are assured that, when the Free State Government sets up a separate register, there will be a reciprocal arrangement with England. This arrangement, even if it goes through, will be, at the best, but a poor substitute for the present conditions. But who can guarantee that it will go through? The English doctors have nothing to gain, and a great deal to lose from reciprocity. It would not be surprising if they failed to countenance it.

"It is a great pity that, in a matter of such vital importance, so little consideration should be given to the views of those most competent to deal with this question of a separate medical register.

"I would advise those who are responsible for the suggestion of a separate medical register to spend a little time studying the views not only of the medical graduate and professor, but of the undergraduate.

"Should the proposal go through, it will be a blow to students in town, and in particular it will involve terrible injustice on those students who cannot qualify before the end of next year. Such students commenced medicine on the understanding that they would have the same freedom of practice as the English graduate.

"These students must go ahead, though now the field for their activities will be sadly limited. The nett result will be the expenditure of a great deal of money and a vast amount of labour, without the promise of an adequate reward.

"Thus, the incentive for the student to attain a high standard of professional knowledge and efficiency will be lost."

"A NARROW CONCEPTION OF POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE."

There will be a tendency, if Mr. Cosgrave's policy is adopted, for Irish students—among them students from Northern Ireland—to go, not to Irish medical schools, where they would gain an economically worthless qualification, but to English universities. This reduction in the number of students attending the Irish medical schools would probably in time react upon the quality of the teaching. These probable results of the Government's policy can scarcely have received due weight in the course of that "calm and prolonged consideration" which Mr. Cosgrave said was given to the question, or they would not have sacrificed the substantial advantages offered by a system which carries no stigma of servitude in order to satisfy a narrow conception of political independence.—*The Scotsman.*

LIFE-SAVING TEST.

ROCKET APPARATUS USED AT HELWICK POINT.

Large numbers assembled to watch a demonstration of life-saving, by means of the rocket apparatus, at Helwick Point, on a high mast was placed at a distance in a field close to the sea, and this was supposed to represent the vessel in distress. At the word of command the apparatus was speedily unloaded from its carriage and placed in position. The rocket was fired and the aim was perfect. It landed close to the mast, and then the necessary drawing and flag-waving was carried out, and the breeches buoy sent on to the rescue. In quick time the "wrecked mariner" was pulled ashore, and then began the treatment to restore respiration in an apparently drowned person.

GIRL MOTORIST FINED.

Mary Gilbert, King's road, Knock, was fined 40s. and costs in the Belfast Summons Court yesterday for driving a motor car recklessly on the Lisburn road, Belfast, on the 20th July last.

Thomas Eglinton said that he was cycling on his proper side when the motor car cut across the road in front of a tramcar and crashed into his machine. He received injuries to his hands and legs, and his bicycle was damaged.

For driving his motor car recklessly at the junction of University street and Botanic avenue, Nathaniel W. Gray, Finaghy Park, Finaghy, was fined 40s. and costs. The evidence was that the defendant crossed the road at a rapid speed, did not sound his horn, and dashed into a tramcar.

GIFTS TO BELFAST HOSPITAL.

At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Management of the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast, the treasurer reported the receipt of £500 from an anonymous donor, per the Viscountess Pirrie; £250 from the family of the late Mr. W. H. Elwood, L.D.S., to endow the Elwood Scholarship for Dental Mechanics; £150 from the Belfast Presbytery, nominating the Rev. Andrew Mulholland, Hyde Park, a Life Governor; £15 from Ashville Football Club.

BANGOR FLOWER SHOW.

The Bangor Horticultural Society's third annual show was held yesterday in the grounds of Bangor Castle. The exhibits numbered over a thousand, and included several from England.

The chief prize winners were:—Mr. J. A. Stewart, Lady Clanmorris, Sir S. Kelly, Sir Trevor Henderson, Mr. F. Workman, Colonel the Right Hon. Sharman Crawford, Mrs. Haddow, Mrs. J. C. White, Mr. W. Ferguson, and Mr. J. Stewart.

DEATH FROM MOSQUITO BITE.

The death of a seaman, attributed to a mosquito bite received at Ghent, Belgium, was investigated by the Coroner at Ellesmere Port yesterday. James Robinson, aged 50, donkeyman of the steamship, Tringa, left his home in Manchester on July 31, suffering from a poisoned finger, which had been troubling him for the two previous trips. When the vessel arrived at Ellesmere Port the doctor ordered his removal to the local hospital, where he died on Tuesday from septicæmia and pyæmia. Medical evidence was that the symptoms were consistent with a mosquito bite, which, the deceased man told the doctor, had occurred when the ship was at Ghent. A verdict in accordance with the medical evidence was returned.

PLIGHT OF LINEN INDUSTRY.

PLEA FOR PROTECTION AGAINST IMPORTS.

SCOTLAND AND IRELAND CO-OPERATE.

A brief report in yesterday's *Irish Times* announced that representatives of the Scottish and the Northern Ireland linen trades had met in conference at Dundee on Tuesday and considered the effects of unfair foreign competition on the linen industry.

The conference decided unanimously to apply to the British Board of Trade for the appointment of a Committee of Inquiry into the question whether the flax trade is entitled to have a duty imposed for the safeguarding of the industry.

Figures illustrating the injurious effect of foreign competition on the linen industry were quoted by Colonel Adamson, of Dundee, who presided at the conference. He argued that, if the home trade were secure, the cost of production would be lowered and British manufacturers would be in a better position to regain their export trade.

Mr. James H. Stirling, of the York Street Flax Spinning Company, Ltd., Belfast, welcomed the proposed co-operation between the Scottish and the Irish traders, and said that the Irish trade was almost solid in support of the demand for safeguarding of the linen industry. Mr. Stirling is Chairman of the Irish Flax Trade Committee on the safeguarding of the industry. With him at the conference were Mr. J. A. Grey, of the Falls Flax Spinning Company, Ltd., Chairman of the Flax Spinners' Association, Ltd., Belfast; Mr. F. Anderson, Chairman of the Irish Power Loom Manufacturers' Association, and Mr. A. Scott, a member of the Council of the Association.

ILLUMINATING DATA.

In proposing the resolution, Colonel Adamson said that the Scottish trade could not hope for success if it was opposed by the large and important section of the trade centred at Belfast. They had learned that the Irish trade had determined, not only to go in for a third three and a third per cent. safeguarding duty on cloth, but also to apply for a duty of ten per cent. on yarn. The Scottish Committee had agreed to confine themselves, in the first instance, to flax, and in the meantime not to deal with other fibres, such as hemp, etc. Flax, they claimed, was a key industry.

In Northern Ireland alone there existed buildings, plant, stock, etc., of an estimated value of £30,000,000, and 66,000 insured operatives were normally engaged in the industry with 15,000 to 20,000 more employed in subsequent processes. During the war Northern Ireland supplied 95,000,000 yards of linen-fabric for aeroplane wings, and large quantities of tent duck and hangar canvas. Of the 66,000 normally employed in processes anterior to and including weaving, 21,445 were totally unemployed and 12,000 were on short time. In Scotland it was estimated that there was approximately, £16,000,000 sunk in buildings, plant, stock, etc., in connection with the linen trade. In 1914 the number of spindles working on flax and tow was 152,547, while in December, 1924, the number had sunk to 77,795. Then in 1914 the looms engaged on linen goods numbered 11,540, while in December, 1924, that number had decreased to 5,249—or a 50 per cent. reduction.

In 1864 there were something like 102 spinning mills in Scotland. In 1901 that number had dropped to 51, while in 1914 it had further decreased to 36, and of that number at least a further 18, and perhaps 20, had been forced to shut down.

GROWTH OF IMPORTS.

This state of affairs was almost entirely due to foreign competition. In 1880 the imports of flax and flax tow into Scotland, deducting re-exports, were 64,000 tons; in 1913 they were 97,977 tons; in 1924 the Board of Trade estimates showed that the imports of linen and linen yarns had steadily increased during the last four years. Taking cloth and yarns together, the value of imported for the years was:

1921—£837,656 ... 1922—£992,600.
1923—£1,554,518 ... 1924—£2,439,011

The countries from whose competition they suffered principally were those which were strongly protected against the importation of linen manufactured in Britain. As the result of a duty on foreign-manufactured linen goods, it was reasonable to expect an increased sale for British-manufactured goods at home. That in itself would increase production in British factories and help to lessen the dead weight of on-costs.

Mr. C. Shields, of Perth, seconded the motion, and pleaded that the lighter branch of the trade had at least as strong a claim to be safeguarded as any other section.

BELFAST'S SUPPORT.

Mr. J. H. Stirling, Belfast, said that they were pleased to find that the Scottish and the Irish trades were working on similar lines. They had gone on preparing a case for the Irish section, and he was glad to say that the feeling in the Irish trade was practically unanimous. He said "practically," because it was not to be expected in Ireland, any more than in Scotland, that they would get a body of men, so diverse in many ways as the linen trade, to take absolutely the same view on such a question as this. In Ireland they were separate bodies and not one, as in Scotland. They had the Spinners' Association, the Manufacturers' Association, and the machinists, with the bleachers, the finishers and dyers, who did not come into the question directly. The question had been brought before the Councils of the Associations, and meetings of the full Associations would afterwards be called.

The Councils of the Associations—which included representatives of practically all the large firms, and contained an overwhelming weight of the *personnel* of the trade—were unanimous in every case. The spinners' meeting was unanimous, as was also the merchants', although there was a little opposition at the Manufacturers' Association. As near as possible, however, the Irish trade was solidly with the Scottish trade in this effort. The Irish trade felt, just as the Scottish trade did, that it would be like going into a fight with one hand tied behind their back if the trades in both countries did not co-operate. They had no separate interests: they all felt the pinch of Continental competition.

It had been said that if they got out of the home trade would not be enough to make it worth while, but he differed from that remark. If they could get just a little bit more advantage in the home trade it would throw back some of their burdens on overhead charges on the foreign competitor. It would make them better able to compete in foreign markets, and the foreigners less able to compete with the British industry. Consequently it gave him much pleasure to support the resolution on behalf of the Irish trade.

Mr. W. B. Robertson, Dunfermline damask manufacturers, and Mr. D. S. Burness, of Bervie, having spoken, the resolution was adopted unanimously.

THROWN BY HORSE.

'BUS DRIVER SUMMONED.

Arising out of an accident at Carginagh corner, Kilkeel, where a farmer named Daniel Fitzpatrick, of Ballykeel, was thrown from a horse which he was riding and killed, the driver of a Belfast motor char-à-banc, John Malcolm Reay, was prosecuted at Kilkeel Petty Sessions yesterday.

The evidence for the prosecution showed that the horse got excited at the approach of the char-à-banc and continued to prance and plunge about until it threw Fitzpatrick.

For the defence, it was stated that the horse was made to shy by a private motor car that had passed the char-à-banc, and that the deceased man did not signal to the driver of the char-à-banc in any way.

The magistrates unanimously decided to convict, and by a majority imposed a fine of 40s. and costs.

BANK EXAMINATIONS ANNOUNCED.

Special Classes now working in preparation for the Bank of Ireland, National, Royal and Hibernian Exams. to be held in the Autumn.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, 5 Gardiner's Row, Dublin.—(Advt.)

COAL WORKERS' DISPUTE.

DISCHARGING SHIPS AT THE PORT.

The members of the Irish Workers' Union, of which Mr. James Larkin is the leader, are faring badly in the conflict with the Transport Workers' Union. They are compelled to remain idle, and their jobs are being filled by members of the Transport Workers' Union, who are getting good wages.

The discharge of coal cargoes at the Dublin quays was continued yesterday, and with one exception the Irish Workers' Union offered little hindrance. The exception was in the case of members of the Workers' Union, who were discharging a cargo from a vessel in the Ringsend basin for the Great Southern Railway Company.

Because of some complaint against the stevedore the officials of the Irish Workers' Union ordered their men to leave their jobs, and they did so, with ill-concealed reluctance. But their action did not embarrass the work very much, for the company's servants went in and continued to discharge the vessel.

Several vessels which had been detained in port by reason of the strike for an unduly long time have cleared, and put to sea. Four or five coal vessels were being discharged yesterday by the Transport Workers' Union men without any interruption, and coal is being transferred to railway trucks for carriage to various parts of the country.

The Civic Guard is giving effective protection to those men who stick to their work, and sulky non-workers are less aggressive and violent than they were last week.

It was stated that coal at the banks was sold yesterday at 28s. a ton to those who carted it away, while in some other places the price was £2 a ton.

A vessel with coal for Messrs. W. O. McCormick arrived at Kingstown yesterday with a large cargo. The work of unloading her was undertaken by members of the Workers' Union. Police were placed on the quay, but the officer in charge was informed by the leader of the men that they did not want the protection of the police, and that they would cease work if it was not withdrawn. The police were then withdrawn.

U.S.S. PITTSBURGH.

OFFICERS ENTERTAINED IN BELFAST.

Vice-Admiral Andrews, Officer Commanding the United States Naval Forces in Europe, and the officers of his flagship, Pittsburgh, were entertained to luncheon yesterday by the Belfast Harbour Commissioners. Representatives of the Northern Government, the Corporation, and leaders of trade and commerce had been invited to meet them.

After the toasts, "The King," and "The President of the United States," had been honoured, Mr. W. E. Williames, D.L., who presided, proposed the toast of the guests. He spoke of the part which Ulstermen took in the American War of Independence. The Pennsylvania line consisted chiefly of immigrants from the North of Ireland, and Lecky recorded that "no troops in the army had shown themselves more courageous, more patient and more devoted," and that "in the weak condition of the American forces such a body, if it had gone over to the English, might have turned the fortunes of the war." Men of Ulster stock had played an important part in the administration of the United States ever since then, and no fewer than ten of them had occupied the position of president.

Mr. Williames referred to the number of liners built in Belfast for the trans-Atlantic trade, and mentioned that last year they exported from Northern Ireland direct to the United States linen goods to the value of £1,600,000, in addition to a considerable amount of machinery and other goods, while they imported from the United States wheat, flour, and other food commodities valued at £1,000,000; cotton valued at £615,000; timber valued at £122,000, and petrol and paraffin valued at £87,000.

Vice-Admiral Andrews, responding to the toast, said that he had had experience in trade and industry. Belfast was doing its best in that direction, and was unsurpassed for its shipping and wonderful industries. He saw everywhere in Belfast evidence of work and the skill to do it well. He and the officers and men of the Pittsburgh had had a wonderful time, and had received the greatest hospitality in Belfast. Even many private people had welcomed them. He saw the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes hanging together there. Perhaps that created the thought that the two great peoples whom the flags represented would be together in the future, and go hand-in-hand for peace, prosperity and righteousness.

Responding to the toast, "The Government of Northern Ireland," Sir Dawson Bates, Minister for Home Affairs, said that they had been reminded of the ties between the British Empire and the greatest Republic in the world. Ulster ideals of justice and freedom were the same as those of the United States. Those great principles helped America and Ulster to overcome their respective difficulties.

(A letter from Vice-Admiral Andrews regarding the Pittsburgh's visit to Dublin appears in another column.)

THREE HOLD A MEETING AND APPOINT CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN.

When the report of the last meeting of Grangegorman Mental Hospital Finance Committee came up for ratification, at a meeting of the parent body yesterday, Mr. P. J. Curran opposed its adoption, stating that his objection was that only three members were present, although a number of other members were put down as being present. These three members, he said, had elected a chairman and vice-chairman. It was a strange state of affairs that three members should elect a chairman and vice-chairman, and he held that it was illegal.

Mr. Patrick Mulvanney said that the only redeeming feature of the meeting was that, only three being present, the one elected the others. (Laughter.)

Mr. J. J. Shiel, who, with others, was on a visit of inspection to the farm at the time the meeting was held, said that the notice convening the meeting was clear and concise, and no business should have been done until the other members had completed their visit of inspection.

Mr. Curran proposed, and Mr. T. F. McGahon seconded, an amendment, which was adopted, that the matter of the election of chairman and vice-chairman be referred back to the Finance Committee. The other items of the report were adopted.

GUARD CYCLIST

CHARGED WITH CAUSING CHILD'S DEATH.

Guard Thomas Burke was charged at Kilkenny District Court yesterday with having caused the death of Margaret Burke, aged four years, by knocking her down with a motor bicycle at Piltown on Friday last.

Thomas Morris, farmer, Piltown, said that he saw the child run out on to the road in front of the Guard, who swerved immediately. He could not have seen the child for more than two seconds, but did his best to avoid the accident.

Supporting evidence was given, and the District Justice decided to refuse informations.

AMERICAN DAY AT LEIPZIG FAIR.

A reception will be accorded to American visitors at the Leipzig International Industries Fair on the 3rd September. They will be entertained by the board of management to lunch and dinner, and will be conducted over the new technical fair, as well as the agricultural fair. A concert will be given at the Gewandhaus, at 7 p.m., to be followed by dinner at 9 p.m.

A wireless amateur has been in telephonic communication with the Macmillan expedition ship, Etah, which replied with a message of greeting to the Governor-General, says a Sydney telegram.

Miss Lilian Davies says "Beauty depends on Two Creams"

Tropical Press Agency.

Lilian Davies

"I absolutely depend on a good cold cream. I think there is nothing like cold cream for refreshing the skin. You seem to be able to wipe out the whole of the effect of a day's hard work and exposure by a thorough cleansing every night with Pond's."

Pretty Polly Peachum

"How happy could I be with either were t'other dear charmer away," says Macbeth, embarrassed by the attention of both Polly and Lucy. Certain it is that one can hardly avoid being happy in the presence of that Polly whom thousands of Beggar's Opera enthusiasts will always associate with charming Miss Lilian Davies. And now Miss Lilian Davies' lovely voice and delightful looks are winning her another great success in "Katja," at the Gaiety Theatre, London.

A Perfect Skin

"What do you use on your skin to keep it in such beautiful condition?" I enquired; "it looks perfect."

"I absolutely depend on a good cold cream. I think there is *nothing* like cold cream for refreshing the skin. You seem to be able to wipe out the whole of the effect of a day's hard work and exposure by a thorough cleansing every night with Pond's.

"I always use Pond's Cold Cream."

"So Pond's is the *good* cold cream you recommend?"

"Well, I always use Pond's. It is a very delicate, pleasant cream to use, and it brings to the surface every vestige of dust, dirt, and powder, which simply must get deep into every woman's skin during the course of a day—particularly in our sort of work."

"Then that is the beginning and end of your advice—use Pond's Cold Cream regularly every night."

And during the daytime . . .

"Well, although I consider it most important, it is not exactly the beginning and the end, because you see, there's this." Miss Davies held up a dainty little tube of Pond's Vanishing Cream. "You must have something during the daytime, you know. Cool winds—and sunshine, too, for that matter—have to be reckoned with, and if you are going to keep your complexion in perfect condition you must protect it. I carry Pond's Vanishing Cream about with me and just apply a touch of it whenever I can. This seems quite sufficient—with Pond's Cold Cream—to keep the skin thoroughly healthy. And a healthy skin is, in my opinion, always a lovely skin."

The reason why your skin needs Pond's Two Creams

Your skin consists of two layers. Beneath the outer layer is an inner layer of delicate channels and newly-forming tissues. It is on this inner layer that the real beauty of your skin depends. Soap and water only cleanse the surface, but Pond's Cream goes beneath the surface and brings up every vestige of dust and dirt. You can easily prove the fact by applying a little Pond's Cold Cream to your skin after washing, and then seeing the dirt that appears on a clean towel when you wipe the cream off. This dirt comes from down below he really dangerous dirt. That is why it is important to use Pond's Cold Cream liberally on your face, neck, and ends every night—but at the same time ou must use Pond's Vanishing Cream as a protection against the dangers of exposure during the day. It is most refreshing to use, disappears instantly and forms an excellent base for powder.

EVERY SKIN NEEDS THESE TWO CREAMS. USED BY THOUSANDS OF CHARMING WOMEN TO MAKE AND KEEP THEIR COMPLEXIONS EXQUISITE

You can begin to-day without expense.

In order that the reader may experience the delight of using Pond's Two Creams, and begin to appreciate the benefit they will produce by regular use, a TRIAL TUBE of both CREAMS will be sent for twopence in stamps to cover postage and packing. Please fill in the COUPON below. All chemists sell Pond's Cold Cream and Pond's Vanishing Cream, in opal jars, price 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d., and tubes price 7½d. (for handbag) and 1s. The Cold Cream also in extra large tubes, 2s. 6d.

COUPON

Generous Trial Samples.

J. & W. C. Gau (Dept 80), 13 Wellington Quay, Dublin

I enclose twopence in stamps to cover postage and packing. Please send me your *TRIAL TUBES of POND'S COLD CREAM* and *POND'S VANISHING CREAM*, including your Home Massage Chart.

Name .....

Address .....

.....

CO. WICKLOW MOTOR OUTRAGE.

A FURTHER INCIDENT.

Our Wicklow Correspondent reports a further incident connected with the burning of the Shell-Mex Company's petrol lorry at Glenealy on Tuesday afternoon. It appears that a motor carrier named O'Toole, of Dublin, had been engaged to remove the remains of the damaged lorry to Dublin. On his way from Dublin to Glenealy two men near Newton stopped his car, and asked his destination. When they learned his business they ordered him to return to Dublin, and said that if he did not go back they would burn his car. He refused to go back, and the two men then smashed the front headlights of his car, put the clutch out of action, and went away.

O'Toole was able to readjust the clutch, and he made his way to Newton, and told the Civic Guards. Th

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
To-night at 7.45, FRANK G. CARLELLO And West End Company, including BARBARA EVEREST In the Great Dramatic Success.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR.
FROM THE NEW THEATRE, LONDON. MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Next Week—For Six Nights, Matinee Saturday, 2.30. ROBERT COURTNEIDGE'S GREATEST COMEDY SUCCESS.
"THE SPORT OF KINGS."
A Racing Comedy in Three Acts. FROM THE SAVOY THEATRE.
The Play Produced by Robert Courtneidge. USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.
Monday, Aug. 31st—Nicolette.
Monday, Sept. 7th—It Pays to Advertise.
Monday, Sept. 14th—No, No, Nanette.

OLYMPIA THEATRE
(LATE EMPIRE).
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 and 9.
THE GREAT COMEDY BURLESQUE,
"UNEMPLOYED,"
Starring BILLY BLACKBURN, LESLIE SEARS, BETTY YORKE, AND MADAM WALKER'S EIGHT POMPEY GIRLS AND FULL CHORUS.
Box Office—11-4 Phone—3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS AT 8. MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
"JUNO AND THE PAYCOCK"
(By Sean O'Casey.)
Booking at Theatre (10.30 to 3—4.30 to 6.30). 'Phone 3368

THE CARLTON.
"THE MAD WHIRL,"
Featuring MAY McEVOY, Jack Mulhall, Barbara Bedford and Geo'ge Fawcett.
THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE
AGNES AYRES and NITA NALDI in "DON'T CALL IT LOVE." From the Famous Novel. Comedies, Interest Films, Eve's Review.

THE METROPOLE.
TO-DAY AT 2.45, 4.55, 7.5 AND 9.15, CORINNE GRIFFITH in
"LOVE'S WILDERNESS."
A Startling Story of Love and Adventure. Preceded by THE QUEEN'S CABARET PEACHES.
METROPOLE RESTAURANT.
LUNCHEONS, DINNERS, AND TEAS. A FIRST-CLASS SERVICE AT POPULAR PRICES.
FULLY LICENSED. ORCHESTRAL MUSIC

THE GRAFTON.
PAULINE FREDRICK AND LAURA LA PLANTE IN
"SMOULDERING FIRES."
A PICTURE THAT WILL ALWAYS LIVE IN YOUR MEMORY.

GRAND CENTRAL.
"THE PHANTOM OF THE MOULIN ROUGE."
UNUSUAL. AMAZING. ALLURING. Produced in Paris. Played by a Superb Cast of French Artistes.
SHOWING AT 3, 5, 7-20 and 9-10.

CLERYS RESTAURANT.
People who appreciate Dainty, Quick Service and Good Food in pleasant, private Clerys. ORCHESTRA IN GRAND DININGROOM DAILY.
Open from 9.30 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.

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OGLAIGH NA h-EIREANN.

NOTICE TO PAINTING CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Officer-in-Charge of Contracts, Portobello Barracks, will be received up to, but not later than, 10 a.m. on the 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1925, for the execution of certain Painting Works, and works incidental thereto, at Custume Barracks, Athlone.

Copies of the Specification and the accompanying Plan may be obtained from the Officer-in-Charge of Contracts, Portobello Barracks, on payment of a fee of one guinea, which shall be returned upon receipt of a bona fide Tender.

In considering the placing of this Contract, special regard will be had to the extent to which firms submitting Tenders employ, or are prepared to employ, demobilised officers and men of the National Army.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

(Signed) FELIX CRONIN, Major-General, Quartermaster-General.

41/H436. W.H.Co.

OGLAIGH NA h-EIREANN.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SUPPLY OF ROAD MATERIAL FOR DUBLIN BARRACKS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Officer-in-Charge of Contracts, Portobello Barracks, will be received up to, but not later than, 10 a.m. on the 1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1925, for the supply and delivery of

GRAVEL, TAR MACADAM, CHIPPINGS, TAR to the various Dublin Barracks.

A complete Specification and the quantities of the materials required, may be obtained from the Officer-in-Charge of Contracts, Portobello Barracks, on payment of a fee of one guinea, which shall be returned upon receipt of a bona fide Tender.

Contractors may tender for all or any of the materials, but the Tender must be for a lump sum, accompanied by details of quantities and prices, and each Tender envelope is to be marked: "Supply of Road Materials, Dublin Barracks."

In considering the placing of this Contract, special regard will be had to the extent to which firms submitting Tenders employ, or are prepared to employ, demobilised officers and men of the National Army.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

(Signed) FELIX CRONIN, Major-General, Quartermaster-General.

41/H436. W.H.Co.

CANTEEN TENANCY.

The Quartermaster-General invites Tenders for the Tenancy of the undermentioned Saloons for a period of twelve months, commencing OCTOBER 1st, 1925:—

COLLINS BARRACKS, CORK—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's); 1 Sergeants' Bar.
BALLINCOLLEN BARRACKS, TRALEE—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
KILKENNY—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's); 1 Sergeants' Bar.
TEMPLEMORE—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's); 1 Sergeants' Bar.
CLONMEL—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
WATERFORD—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
YOUGHAL—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
BOYLE—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
CASTLEBAR—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
LIMERICK—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
ENNIS—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).
CARTLOW—1 Dry and 1 Wet Saloon (Men's).

The Tenant will be required to Stock such Articles as the Quartermaster-General considers necessary, the selling prices of which will also require his authorisation.

All expenses in connection with labour, etc., to be borne by the Tenant, who, in addition, will be required to return a percentage of the total daily gross amount of sales effected in the Saloons.

The Quartermaster-General does not bind himself to accept the highest percentage or any other offer made.

Agreement Forms and any further information required can be obtained on application to the Officer in Charge.

Pay and Accounts Sub-Department, "Canteens Section," Portobello Barracks, Dublin.

All Agreement Forms must be duly completed and reach the above address not later than 12 o'clock (noon) on MONDAY, 7th SEPTEMBER, 1925.

(Signed) FELIX CRONIN, Major-General, Quartermaster-General.

41/H440. W.H.Co.

TO COAL IMPORTERS.

The Dublin Port and Docks Board is open to receive Tenders for a Cargo of about 600 Tons of large Steam Coal from any of the following collieries—Kilochan, Auchincruive, Point of Ayr.

Tenders to be delivered to the Secretary, Port and Docks Board, not later than 11 a.m. on Tuesday, 25th August, 1925, and to be endorsed on the outside "Tender for Coal."

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Port and Docks Office, 19th August, 1925.

HOWTH URBAN COUNCIL.

TENDERS required for Bituminous Surfacing of Roads and other works, as set out in specification, which can be obtained from

EDK. HIGGINBOTHAM, M.I.C.E., 54 Nassau street, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
THE VANITY BOX.
Powerful Cast includes
WILL HAY, MONA VIVIAN,
THE SMARTEST SHOW IN TOWN.

THE PAVILION,
DUN LAOGHAIRE ..... 3.30 to 10.15.
EDMOND ROSTAND'S IMMORTAL ROMANTIC DRAMA,
"CYRANO DE BERGERAC."
Filmed Throughout in Pathe Colo.
At 3.30, 6.5, and 8.40, Eve with Felix.
THE MIDNIGHT FOLLIES (Cabaret Series).
"HOW I PLAY TENNIS," by Suzanne Lenglen.
Next Week—HAROLD LLOYD in "Hot Water."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
TO-DAY, 3—10.30 CONTINUOUS.
RAQUEL MELLER
AND A BRILLIANT CONTINENTAL CAST, IN
"THE OPPRESSED."
FULL SUPPORTING PROGRAMME.
SPECIAL MUSICAL INTERLUDE.
THE DUN LAOGHAIRE PICTURE HOUSE.
TOM MIX in CATCH MY SMOKE.
Also Episode 10 of The Way of a Man.
Pathe's Gazette, Comedies, etc.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS, 1878 to 1919, and
THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890 to 1921.

WHEREAS the Council of the County Borough of Dublin acting by the Dublin County Borough Commissioners have presented a Petition to the Minister for Local Government and Public Health praying for a Provisional Order under these Acts;

AND WHEREAS the proper advertisements have been published, notices served and plans deposited for public inspection;

AND WHEREAS the said Council have applied to the Minister for Local Government and Public Health for sanction to a Loan of £664,787 17/- for the purpose of erecting working-class lodging houses under the Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts:

NOW, THEREFORE, the Minister for Local Government and Public Health hereby gives notice:

1. That the purport of the proposed Order is to empower the Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of the lands set forth in the Petition of the said Council, the denominations and quantities of which were stated in the said advertisements and described in the said Petition, for the purpose of erecting working-class lodging houses under the Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts.
2. That he has instructed his Inspector, T. P. Strahan, Esq., to make a Local Inquiry into the said Petition, and as to the propriety of assenting to the prayer thereof, and also to hold a Local Inquiry in the matter of the application for sanction to the said Loan of £664,787 17/- and to report to him thereon; and that the said T. P. Strahan will attend at the City Hall, Dublin, on Tuesday, the 1st September, 1925, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m. to make inquiry accordingly.
3. That all persons interested will be permitted to attend and make objections to the proposed Provisional Order, and all ratepayers in the said County Borough may attend at the Inquiry and make objection to the said Loan being sanctioned, or any such objection may be forwarded to the Inspector at the offices of the Housing Department, Department of Local Government and Public Health, Upper Merrion street, Dublin, to be received there on or before Monday, the 31st August, 1925.

By Order of the Minister, E. P. McCARRON, Runaidhe.
Department of Local Government and Public Health, Dublin. Dated this 6th August, 1925.
41/H434. W.H.Co.

UNPURCHASED TENANTS' ASSOCIATION.

A CONVENTION will be held at the Oak Room, Mansion House, Dublin, on the 9th day of September, 1925. The Chair will be taken at 2 p.m. (new time) sharp. All Unpurchased Tenants are urgently requested to attend, as important matters have to be dealt with. In the meantime it is essential that they apply to the undersigned or their local Secretary for forms on which they can give full particulars of their holding.—PATRICK MAHONEY, General Secretary, Monks Cottage, Templeogue.

COUNTY COUNCIL OF KILDARE.

ARCHITECT WANTED.

The County Council of Kildare, at their meeting to be held on Monday Next, 24th inst., will proceed to appoint a qualified Architect for the re-building of the Athy Courthouse.

Applications will be received up to 2 o'clock on Saturday, 22nd inst.

By Order, W. J. COFFEY, Secretary.

Courthouse, Naas.

ARCHITECT'S DRAFTSMAN

WANTED for Dublin Office on Housing Work. Must be competent, good draughtsman/tracer. Only capable and energetic men need apply. Write in first instance with particulars of experience, stating age and salary required, to the Chief Clerk, Irish Sailors' and Soldiers' Land Trust, 30 Lower Fitzwilliam street, Dublin.

THE DUN LAOGHAIRE PICTURE HOUSE.
TOM MIX in CATCH MY SMOKE.
Also Episode 10 of The Way of a Man.
Pathe's Gazette, Comedies, etc.

THE SHIPWRECKED MARINERS' SOCIETY

IS IN URGENT NEED OF MONEY FOR THE WORK OF RELIEF, WHICH IT HAS CARRIED ON FOR 66 YEARS.

THE BANKING ACCOUNT BEING NOW OVERDRAWN.

Patron—H.M. THE KING.

Bankers—WILLIAM S. DRACON'S BANK, LTD. Hon. Agent—The Rev. PHILIP PHIPPS, M.A., LL.D.

Seamen's Institute, Eden quay, Dublin.

Contributions will be gratefully acknowledged if sent to the above, or to the Secretary,

GERALD F. MAUDE, Esq., Carlton House, Regent street, London, S.W.1.

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WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference. — A very shallow, irregular depression is still centred over the British Isles, and the weather will be mainly cloudy to dull, with local showers, in some cases accompanied by thunder.

Ireland—Light, variable winds; mainly cloudy to dull; local showers, in some cases accompanied by thunder; some mist or fog; moderate temperature.

All Irish Seaboards.—Light, variable winds; mainly cloudy to dull; local showers, in some cases accompanied by thunder; some mist or fog; sea slight.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

SUN (NEW TIME).

To-day	Rises .. 6.12	Sets	8.43
To-morrow	.. .. 6.14	..	8.41
Lighting-up Time			9.43

HIGH WATER, DUBLIN.

To-day	Morning 0.47	Afternoon	1.3
To-morrow	.. .. 1.19	..	1.35

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Gaiety Theatre—"Bought and Paid For," 7.45 p.m.
Vivienne Segal—The Lunch Box," 6.45 and 9.
Abbey Theatre—"Juno and the Paycock," 8 p.m.
Olympia Theatre—"Unemployed," 7 and 9 p.m.
The Metropole—"Love's Wilderness," 2.45, 4.55, 7.5 and 9.15 p.m.
The Grafton—"Smouldering Fires," 7.
Grand Central—"The Phantom of the Moulin Rouge," 3, 5, 7.10 and 9.10 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—"The Oppressed," 3-10.30 p.m.
Carlton Cinema—"The Mad Whirl."
Sackville Picture House—"Don't Call It Love."
The Pavilion, Dun Laoghaire—"Cyrano de Bergerac," 3.30, 6.5 and 8.40 p.m.
Dun Laoghaire Picture Home—"Catch My Smoke."
Sheep Dog Trials at Clonmel.
Agricultural Show at Gorey.
Dublin Port and Docks Board, 1 p.m.

GRAIN PRICES RISE IN RUSSIA.

RIGA, Wednesday.

Grain prices in Ukraine, which, in consequence of the imminence of the harvest, began falling recently, now show a remarkable upward tendency. During the past week rye rose about 20 per cent. and wheat about 70 per cent. This applies particularly to the Poltava and Kieff provinces.

According to an official explanation, the rise is due to recent rains, which have prevented harvest operations. The price of butter has risen greatly, particularly in Leningrad, where it is more than double.—*The Times* Correspondent.

SHIPPING TROUBLE.

When the steamer, Donelly, of Glasgow, endeavoured to get a complement of firemen at Newcastle yesterday strike pickets induced all but two to refuse to sign, except at the old rates. Other members of the crew signed on elsewhere. The Queenworth, on which a crew refused to sign on on Tuesday, obtained the men wanted from Shields yesterday.

The Irish Times.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1925.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

A plan for the reform of the poor law in Dublin was outlined yesterday.—(Page 7.)

The Liquor Commission, in their report, do not advocate a change in regard to "tied houses."—(Page 7.)

The work of discharging coal vessels at Dublin Port was continued yesterday with but little hindrance from the members of Mr. Larkin's Union.—(Page 5.)

Detectives in Queen's County and County Tipperary within the past few days have seized quantities of arms and ammunition which had been hidden on private property. —(Page 5.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

The second report of the Imperial Economic Committee on marketing and preparing for market of foodstuffs produced in the overseas parts of the Empire was issued last night.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD.

The Prince of Wales yesterday visited La Plata and lunched with the Governor.—(Page 6.)

The French offensive in Morocco was continued yesterday with successful results.—(Page 8.)

The King of Sweden, at Stockholm yesterday, opened the Universal Christian Conference on Life and Work. The Archbishop of Dublin (Most Rev. Dr. Gregg) was among the speakers.—(Page 6.)

SPORTING.

At Mallow yesterday Bolshevist won the County Cork Plate, Colin Moor the Summer Cup Trial Stakes, Most Noble the Gold Cup Trial Stakes, Roseate Air the Mallow Summer Cup, Ceylonese the Kanturk Plate and Donyland the Buttevant Plate.—(Page 10.)

At Stockton All Green won the Stockton Stewards' Handicap.—(Page 10.)

At Bath Blairtoi won the Bath Summer Handicap.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL

London Stock Markets were quiet, business being on a small scale. A feature was a sharp rise in Godfrey Phillips Tobacco Shares.—(Page 11.)

Bank rate "talk" was prevalent in Lombard street. Discount rates were easy. Loans in comfortable supply at 3 to 3½ per cent., and afterwards at 3¼ per cent.—(Page 11.)

Dublin Market was dull. National Loan fell ⅝ to 96, and Bank Stock lost 1¼ at 274. Guinness Shares steady.—(Page 11.)

The People's Food.

The report of the "Imperial Economic Committee on the Marketing and Preparation of Foodstuffs in the Overseas Dominions for Home Consumption" is of considerable interest to the Irish Free State. We print to-day a summary of that section of the report which deals with the meat trade. In this respect a curious situation has arisen. The Committee has recommended that the existing restrictions on the importation of live stock into Great Britain shall be removed, except in so far as they have been imposed for the purpose of preventing disease. Mr. Stanley Baldwin has issued a statement in which he declares that the Government will have nothing to do with this suggestion, and, therefore, so far as this recommendation is concerned, the Committee's report must be regarded as being still-born. Its arguments are interesting. The Dominions, with the single exception of the Irish Free State, are handicapped against their foreign competitors in the dressed meat trade by their great distance from the British markets. They are forced, in consequence, to send frozen, instead of chilled, meat to Great Britain, with the result that the Danes and other rivals are capturing trade which ought to be held by Dominion exporters. Consequently, the Committee urges that the restrictions on imported stores shall disappear. Discussion of the matter, however, has been estopped by the Prime Minister's prompt declaration, and the Irish exporter has been saved from a very serious menace to his trade.

Since the war British exports have been declining steadily and imports have been increasing. The demand for coal has dwindled away to a shadow of its former size. Foreign competitors have invaded markets which at one time were a close preserve for British manufactured goods, and the needs of the war swallowed up a large proportion of the foreign investments of British citizens. The necessity for the import of foodstuffs, however, remains; and as unemployment grows in Great Britain the problem of paying for these supplies becomes more and more difficult. For that reason the Conservative Government has been doing everything in its power to encourage native agriculture. It has promoted Imperial Preference in the teeth of an opposition which clings still to the archaic principles of Cobden and John Bright; yet there is little improvement to report, and the whole economic situation is in a bad way. In a recent speech the Prime Minister declared that radical changes must be made. He foreshadowed the application of scientific discoveries to agricultural industry with a view to the development of domestic food supplies and the consequent absorption of surplus labour in productive activities. Clearly, the economic salvation of the British people lies in this direction. Independence of foreign sources of supply must be the aim of statesmanship.

The economic unity of the British Isles never has been disputed by any intelligent man. This country is Britain's natural source of food supply. At present we are selling slightly more to Britain than we buy from her; yet we have an adverse trade balance as a result of extensive purchases from foreign countries, to which we sell nothing. That is bad business. The object of Irish economists should be to develop our trade with our cross-Channel neighbours to the *maximum*. Already our position has been endangered by fiscal experiments, and the attitude of the Imperial Committee ought to be a warning to those who never cease to counsel economic "independence" of Great Britain. Moral, as well as material, factors are working against our trade. The medical lunacy, for instance, cannot but damage our good relations with our British customers, and there are a dozen other ways in which misguided enthusiasm for shadowy ideals is taking money out of the pockets of our men of affairs. Britain needs us and we need Britain; but, whereas more than ninety *per cent.* of our trade is with her, the percentage of her trade which is with us does not reach double figures. Britain is anxious for many reasons to buy more Irish produce. She offers a virtually unlimited market to our farmers, and with good-will on both sides trade can be doubled. Reciprocity, however, is essential; for the British people are not fools. Instead of raising tariff walls against them, therefore, we ought to make every possible effort to encourage mutual trade. The Free State has a magnificent opportunity, and Britain's policy of domestic development and inter-imperial trade gives us an unparalleled advantage over our competitors.

South America.

The brilliant scenes which have marked the reception of the Prince of Wales in South America bring to the world's attention the opulence of South American civilisation. Nowhere have modern art and invention provided men with richer material comforts than in those Southern capitals across the ocean. Buenos Aires to-day is among the most splendid cities of the earth, and the Argentine is one of the most ambitious and progressive countries. Just a hundred years have passed since the domination of Spain over her American colonies perished and nations sprang into being. These new nations of South America suffered the difficulties, while they enjoyed the benefits, of independence. During the past century they were afflicted with political instability and frequently came into conflict one with another. The Argentine, Chile and Peru quarrelled over the location of their boundaries, but ultimately arbitration by the British Sovereign established peace, and treaties were made binding the Argentine, Chile, Brazil and Uruguay to arbitration in all their disputes and to a limitation of armaments. To-day travellers specially go far from their paths to behold the great statue in the mountain pass between the Argentine and Chile—the impressive "Christ of the Andes"—which was erected as a permanent memorial of the blessings of international peace. Political stability, however, was slow in growth. The smaller republics offered all the encouragement to petty revolutionaries which is absent in a large political unity, and the South American States had good cause to regret their lack of participation in a large, but liberal, imperial system. The spirit of the governing race of Europe finally asserted itself, and in men like the Argentine President and the representatives of South America on the League of Nations the Southern Continent has statesmen of the first rank. From Spain South America received a noble tradition in art and letters, and in both South America has achieved distinction. Among the proudest names in modern and renascent Spanish literature are those of poets, story-tellers and essayists who learnt their Castilian diction and did their work without ever seeing the motherland. A tendency has been manifested in Spain to seek a fresh relation with the new Spains overseas, and there are men on both sides of the Atlantic who dream of linking together the Spanish-speaking nations in the manner of the States of the British Commonwealth. In the decades immediately before us, South America is likely to become the most progressive of the continents. North America is nearer to saturation, but the almost illimitable *pampas* of the Argentine cry out for the population which is rapidly responding. That is of all lands the land of fortune and the future. Statesmen and financiers have the Argentine of to-morrow ever in their minds. That growing nation is Britain's friend, and its welcome to the heir of the throne of the British Commonwealth promises cordial and mutually beneficial relations with the people of these islands.

French Railway Accidents.

Public opinion in France is alarmed by the large number of recent railway accidents. During the last three weeks no fewer than thirteen accidents have occurred, with a resulting casualty list of thirty-four persons killed and 264 injured. Already the number of such casualties for the present year excpeds the total for the twelve months of 1924. There is much heart-searching on the subject, and the Paris Correspondent of *The Times* analyses the various theories which are being discussed in the French Press. Although eleven of the recent accidents have been due to derailments and only two to collisions, the main fault is not charged upon the permanent way, which, everywhere throughout France, has been renewed or improved since the end of the war. A far more probable cause of accident is the heterogeneous character of the rolling stock that is used on French trains. Forty-ton goods wagons are attached to light and old-fashioned passenger coaches. At high speeds the lighter carriages begin to jump on the rails and, in the event of accident, are reduced to matchwood by the heavy wagons. The companies admit that, at times of abnormal traffic, old stock is brought into use on the main lines. It is, however, upon the character of the railway staffs and the conditions of their work that public opinion puts the chief blame for the lengthening chapter of accidents. The French driver is encouraged to be what the Americans call a "speed merchant." His basic rates of pay are far lower than those which obtain in England or the Irish Free State: at the end of twenty years' service an express driver is lucky if he earns £3 a week. Every journey is taken as a unit, and, if the train does not arrive on time, the driver is fined so much *per* minute of lateness. Further, if a train which changes drivers in the middle of a long journey is late at the half-way house, the second driver gets a bonus for every minute which he retrieves in the concluding stage. This system puts a premium on recklessness and may explain the fact that three of the most serious of recent accidents have been due to excessive speed of the trains. The surest remedy would seem to be, as the Correspondent suggests, the slowing down of every train in France.

The Linen Industry.

The acute depression in the linen trade is felt equally by the manufacturers of Scotland and of Northern Ireland. In Scotland the number of looms has fallen, since 1914, from 11,640 to 5,249, and in Northern Ireland the industry has an unemployment roll of more than 21,000 persons. The depression is due largely to the increased competition of foreign countries where lower wages and longer working hours prevail—France, Belgium, the Baltic States and, above all, Czecho-Slovakia, which is becoming a huge exporter of cheap linen goods. In 1914 the annual imports of foreign linens and yarns into these islands were valued at £837,000; to-day they are valued at nearly two and a half millions. So parlous is the state of the British trade that it has decided to apply for the protection of the Safeguarding of Industries Act, under which, in the case of approved "key industries," the Government may apply a protective duty of 33⅓ *per cent.* Such protection was accorded recently, after full inquiry, to the Nottingham lace industry. Hitherto the Scottish and Irish flax-spinners have been strenuous rivals, but, under the pressure of existing emergencies, they have discovered a common and vital interest. Their leading representatives met on Tuesday, at Dundee, and decided to co-operate closely in an effort to secure the benefits of the Safeguarding of Industries Act. Their demands for the necessary inquiry will go as a single demand to the Board of Trade, and we do not doubt that their unity will enhance their prospects of success.

THE PITTSBURGH AND DUBLIN.

LETTER FROM VICE-ADMIRAL ANDREWS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I had originally thought of sending an open letter to the *Irish Times* to express the thanks and appreciation of myself, the officers and men of the Pittsburgh, and the families of officers who accompanied them, for the great hospitality shown us in Dublin and vicinity during the visit of the Pittsburgh to Dun Laoghaire, but I found it advisable to write a considerable number of letters of thanks to individuals and associations who had been foremost in extending hospitality to the Pittsburgh, and it seemed at the time unnecessary to say more. However, since you have requested that I write you what amounts to an interview, to tell in some measure to the Irish people our impressions of the reception given to the *personnel* of the Pittsburgh, I see that it is better to express more publicly our appreciation.

The cordial hospitality shown to all of us during the stay of the Pittsburgh at Dun Laoghaire was so marked that I am glad to have this opportunity to let the Irish people know generally how much we appreciated it. This kindness was not only shown us in the numerous invitations, entertainments and opportunities to see the country afforded the officers and men, but very markedly so in the individual greetings of welcome given by the citizens generally. I think it correct to say that this kind welcome and hospitable reception were quite general, and I am sure that I voice the sentiments of every one on board the Pittsburgh when I say that the ship left Dun Laoghaire with one thousand warm friends of the Irish people on board.

We all had a unique opportunity of seeing the great Dublin Horse Show—the clubs and other associations extended their hospitality generally; and the Army of the Irish Free State was particularly kind in arranging transportation for the officers to and from the numerous functions, and in arranging char-à-banc trips for large numbers of the men to see the different sights in and about Dublin. I was very glad to arrange for the people to visit the Pittsburgh in our boats, and large numbers availed themselves of the privilege; but, unfortunately, as the Pittsburgh was at anchor, a comparatively limited number of those who wished to come were able to visit the ship. The same hampering restriction applied to the tendance which I gave on board, to which some five hundred were asked—the limit of our capacity.

The kindness and hospitality we received were quite overwhelming, and plainly came direct from the warm hearts of the Irish people. This has been fully recognised by all the *personnel* of the Pittsburgh, and is very deeply appreciated.—Yours, etc.,

PHILIP ANDREWS,
Vice-Admiral, U.S. Navy,
Commander, U.S. Naval Forces, Europe.
Belfast, August 17th, 1925.

TWO NOTABLE WOMEN.

MISS HELEN GLADSTONE AND MISS R. G. KINGSLEY.

The deaths of two remarkable women were announced yesterday. The first was that of Miss Helen Gladstone, youngest daughter of the late Mr. W. E. Gladstone, at Hawarden. Miss Gladstone was born in 1849. For fourteen years she was vice-principal of Newnham College, and from 1901 to 1906 she was Warden of the Women's University Settlement.

The second death—that of Miss Rose Georgina Kingsley—took place at Ramsgate. Miss Kingsley was eighty years of age. The elder daughter of the late Charles Kingsley, author of "Westward Ho!" etc., she was an honorary serving Sister of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem.

THE PRINCE'S TOUR.

RECEPTION AT LA PLATA.

(FROM THE PRESS ASSOCIATION'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BUENOS AIRES, Wednesday.

The Prince of Wales visited the town of La Plata to-day, and received a most enthusiastic welcome. His Royal Highness lunched with the Governor.

The four players who comprised the Argentine Olympic polo team which won the championship at the Paris Olympiad last year will play here to-morrow, in honour of the Prince of Wales. Mr. Arthur Kenny, Mr. Jack Nelson, M. Manuel Andrada, and Mr. Juan Miles will be opposed to a side composed of M. Enrique Padilla, Mr. Carlos Laud, Mr. David Miles and Mr. Louis Lacey. Great interest is being taken in the match, which promises to be one of the features of the Prince's visit.

The Maharajah of Kapurthala arrived here with a numerous retinue this morning. He says that the object of his visit is to make a personal study of the South American Republics, and that he expects to renew his acquaintance with the Prince of Wales, whom he met in India.

Yesterday evening's gala performance, at the Teatro Colon, of Cataiani's "Lorelei" was a brilliant function. The theatre in itself is a magnificent building, which rises in vix a magnificent building, which rises in vix a handsomely decorated tip red and gold. Every box and every seat were occupied by well-dressed spectators, who were standing even down the gangways. It is doubtful whether the splendour of the scene could be surpassed anywhere in Europe.

The arrival of the Prince, with President and Senora Alvear, was greeted with prolonged applause, which was renewed when His Royal Highness, after having gone out for a time during the intervals, again appeared in the Royal Box and waved his hand in friendly fashion towards the audience.

WAR ON THE BOLWEEVIL.

INTENSIVE CAMPAIGN IN INDIA.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

India has declared war on the cotton pest, the bolweevil. It is announced here to-day that the Indian Government has restricted the importation of American cotton into India to the single port of Bombay for the period November 1 to May 31.

During this period Government agents will thoroughly fumigate all incoming American cotton, in order to kill the bolweevil pest. Importers are to be charged small sums for fumigating materials and service.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Queen will leave Goldsborough Hall on Saturday for Musselburgh, and will be the guest of Lord and Lady Elphinstone at Carberry Tower till next Wednesday, when she will start for Balmoral. Among the guests invited to meet Her Majesty at Carberry Tower are the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, the Earl of Balfour, the Archbishop of York, Viscount Esher, and Lord and Lady Desborough.

Princess Beatrice opened a garden *fête* yesterday afternoon at Appley Hall, Ryde, which had been organised by an influential committee in aid of the Isle of Wight hostel for sick children.

The Prince Regent of Japan has made a valuable presentation of Japanese books to Cambridge University, and also to Eton College, as a remembrance of his visit to these institutions about four years ago. Cambridge has received a collection of Japanese classical literature, numbering six hundred and sixty-six volumes, and the gift to Eton is an authology of Japanese poetry, written during the reigns of twenty-one Emperors of Japan, and totalling four hundred volumes. Every book contains explanatory notes written in English.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Cambridge have arrived at Patshull House, Wolverhampton, on a visit to the Earl and Countess of Dartmouth. The Marquis and Marchioness of Blandford, Captain and Lady Moira Lyttelton, and Mr. R. de Trafford are among the number of Mr. and Mrs. Euan Wallace's house party at Kildonan, Ayrshire. Mr. and Lady Dorothy Macmillan are staying with the Duke of Devonshire at Chatsworth. The Earl and Countess of Eltham have left the Chantry House, Leicestershire, and are now settled at Dalliott, near Bridgenorth, which will be their permanent residence.

The Dowager-Countess of Airlie lent the beautiful grounds of Airlie Castle for the local flower show, which was opened by the Earl of Strathmore. The Earl and Countess of Airlie are touring in the United States, and have arrived at Saratoga, where they will make a short stay. Lord and Lady Camoys are spending the late summer at Newport, U.S.A. Lord and Lady Plunket are at Frinton-on-Sea. Lord and Lady Grey of Fallodon are spending this month at their place in Northumberland, where Lady Grey opened a *fête*, and Lord Grey delivered an address yesterday at the centenary celebration of the establishment of the Baulmer lifthoat.

Despite the popularity of foreign cures the various British spas are being well patronised this autumn. Among the latest arrivals at Bath are Lord and Lady Harris, the Dowager Lady Nelson, and Sir James and Lady Nelson. The Countess of Shrewsbury has arrived at Llandrindod Wells, where Lady Courtney, Sir Henry Buckingham, and Mr. Justice Amory are also staying.

The marriage arranged between Rev. Cyril du Cros, M.A., Coolcullen Rectory, Bagenalstown, and Queenie, second daughter of the late Rev. J. Biddulph, M.A., and Mrs. Biddulph, of 4 Park avenue, Sandymount, Dublin, will take place on September 9th.

Sir William I. de Courcy Wheeler has returned to 33 Upper Fitzwilliam street.

Mr. Frank O'Dea has left 24 Lower Fitzwilliam street until September 7th.

Mr. W. S. Johnston, L.D.S.I., has returned to 69 Grafton street and Arno, Bray.

Special offer of Art Silk Stockinette Rope Lengths. Free of all tax. 12s. 11d. each.—Switzer and Co.

An opportunity to inspect the choice collection of Ciro Pearls now displayed in the new Ciro Pearl Department at Switzers, Grafton street, Dublin, should not be missed. It is a revelation in pearl artistry.

New Autumn Wrap Coats, ribbed velour delaines and soft, light-weight materials, trimmed Australian and American Opossum, Ringtail, Chinchilla, Coney, etc. Holiday Coats, well tailored, mannish styles, double-breasted, in all new shades—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 8th. Gt. George's st.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Arrivals:—H. W. L. Grimsell, R. Shackleton, J. F. Mackleton, Norman V. Campbell, J. B. Ganly, J. B. Battersby, Mrs. J. B. Ryan, Miss M. P. Hogg, Sir W. T. de C. Wheeler, E. W. Walsh, F. R. Jordison, A. K. Dunlop.

Departures:—Miss A. McAsey, A. E. Walker, Miss N. Aherne, Mrs. S. D. Hanley, Miss Hanley, Miss Clark, K. R. Moyan, Miss A. Daly, T. M. Harding, M. Tolkin, Miss E. W. Clark, F. W. Price.

Other Arrivals at Departures will be found in "Dublin and the Provinces."

New Model Frocks, Costumes, Coats and Millinery on view at McBirney's.

Irish-made Furniture and Carpets.—Millar and Beatty, Ltd., 16 Grafton street. Gifts that last. At prices within reach of all.—John Morton, Jeweller, Watchmaker, Silversmith, 48 and 49 Nassau st., Dublin.

Monsoon Orders receive prompt attention. 'Phone 4905.—Davis and Co., 45 Grafton st.

"Our Boys"—The Noted House for Boys' Reliable School Outfits at moderate prices.—24 Wicklow street.

Anderson, Stanford and Ridgeway, Ltd., Grafton street—Carpets Shaken and Cleaned. Household Goods and Wearing Apparel Cleaned and Dyed.—Works, Boyne street.

New Models and Materials in Costumes, Coats, etc., for smart Autumn wear. Moderate prices.—Mumford, 18 Suffolk st., Dublin.

Special show Autumn Millinery and Semi-Trimmed Felts.—Cathcart, 26 Dawson street.

Gibson and Co., Ladies'

NDON LETTER.

MOSUL BOUNDARY.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

ing Switzerland as the scene of
ys, Mr. Amery was making no
selection; for it so happens
day there will coincide with the
of the delimitation of the
between Turkey and Iraq. The
Secretary will take no active part
cussions at Geneva, but will be
should his services be required;
a deep knowledge of the details
the Mosul problem. The re-
e Commission, which consisted
sen, of Sweden, Count Teleki,
ime Minister of Hungary, and
aulis, of Belgium, will be con-
t the Council of the League will
arily accept all its recommenda-
e inquiry was undertaken at the
of the late M. Branting "to
information and suggestions,"
or the Council to give a decision
the boundary upon which the
nership of Mosul will depend.

Situation.

Worthington-Evans has broken
cal silence of the last week or
without adding to what the
eady knows. His optimism as
ture of the coal industry is not
shared. 'A predominant factor
tuation is too often overlooked—
hat there are more miners than
ry can support. Since the war
have increased notwithstanding
that demands for coal have
owing to substitution of oil as
n if the coal export trade were
and trade generally resumed its
osperity, reflecting the prosperity
key" industry, still many pit-
must remain unemployed. Until
is absorbed in other directions
ays will be on the coalfields a
ge of discontent born of unem-
This unfortunate section of
unity presents a fruitful prospect
nist endeavour and exploitation,
long as it remains a floating
o long will trouble continue.

port Election.

nterest will attach to the Stock-
ion. This is the first Conser-
ancy that has occurred since
t Government's advent to power,
ough Mr. Greenwood had a
majority, the result of the by-
ay go any way. Stockport is an
seat. In 1918 it was repre-
a Coalition Liberal and a
Labour man. After the death
the resignation of the other an
1920 resulted in a Conservative
eral being returned with virtu-
difference between the two polls.
he Liberal was on top and the
ive second, and in the following
osition was reversed. Last year
were won by the Conservatives.
has yet been done as regards the
of candidates, but it may be
granted that three will appear
d.

ground Railway.

from New York mention some
es in connection with the under-
ods railway for London, which,
d, will be financed to the extent
r cent. in America. The cost is
at £32,000,000, and employment
rovided for 40,000 men for some
his is the scheme with which, it
ood, Sir Arthur du Cros and Mr.
ite are associated, and is one of
oses for which the Foundling
site in Bloomsbury was pur-
st week for £1,650,000.

nd Partridge.

from the moors speak of average
rouse during the opening week of
n, and in some districts sport has
ter than had been anticipated.
from the partridge districts, how-
not promise well. Young birds
le to withstand the alternations
old and heat which marked the
art of the year, and the drought
rly summer proved fatal. How
King's Sandringham estates have
ected is not at present known, but
rts of Norfolk have suffered owing
gh death-rate among young birds.

Vagaries.

rs fear that what promises to be
d" harvest may be spoiled by the
of the weather. After a spell of
summer" we are threatened with
wet period, and there is feverish
throughout the countryside to
n bumper crop. In some southern
operations have been completed,
e is danger that, with much rain,
ady reaped corn may begin to
Haymaking is over, the crops
ery full. Fruit is not so well
of, and for the third year in suc-
apples are a comparative failure.
orts arrive from the beet-growing
, and, if present progress in that
f agricultural industry is main-
the time is not far distant when
ntry will be consuming a fair
y of its own produced sugar. Many
t-sugar factories are in course of

sueyfoot" Johnson.

Pussyfoot" Johnson, who has re-
to London after a propaganda tour
Baltic States, brings some interest-
ils concerning the progress of pro-
in those parts. Finland has
ion, and the other countries are
g for it. In Lithuania the Govern-
"dry," but the people are not,
e result that there is Government
of the sale of liquor. On the
tion that the temperance societies
people best fitted to control the
e Government has handed the busi-
er to them, so that what a man
he has to buy from a temperance
still more piquant situation
rom the fact that the societies have
rtion of the takings, and are torn
controlling sales and pushing
or the sake of their funds. The
a Government controls the sales
es the societies a percentage of the
Mr. Johnson is rather despondent
e prospect of England going "dry."

acon.

bacon is maintaining its popu-
n England in spite of the higher
prices which have followed upon
vance of about ten shillings per
weight in the wholesale quotation
the past three weeks. The in-
in the cost is attributed to smaller
s from Denmark and the United

At one of the large stores to-day
learned that, though Irish bacon
er than any other, it was just as
mand at the higher prices now
as at the lower prices which obtained
th ago. With other commodities,
ch tea is an excellent example, A
l rise in price is usually followed
reater demand for lower qualities
prices previously paid; but with
the best, which is Irish, remains
nest.

ery Portrait.

John Lavery is painting a portrait
ly Oxford, and hopes to have the
ready for his exhibition at the
er Galleries in October. Although
length, the portrait is a small one,
bject sitting at a writing desk in
tting-room. Sir John describes Lady
l as an excellent sitter, giving no
e at all.

Ambrose Wood, of Snow Hill Hall,
n-Trent, was found dead in bed at a
t Colwyn Bay, where he was on holi-

HOSPITAL TO REPLACE WORKHOUSE.

DUBLIN POOR LAW REFORM.

CASUAL WARD TO BE ABOLISHED.

SCHEME PREPARED BY COMMISSIONERS.

HELP BY RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

TO abolish the present Poor Law system in Dublin and to remove the able-bodied destitute, the mentally infirm, the old people, the consumptives and the crippled and deformed children from within the walls of the Dublin Union Workhouse to institutions outside, where they will receive modern treatment and special attention in suitable surroundings, is the object of a big scheme which is at present under consideration by the Commissioners of the Dublin Union and the Minister and Secretary of the Local Government Department.

It is claimed not only that the scheme will save the ratepayers many thousands of pounds, but that better and more efficient care and treatment will be given to the poor, the sick, the aged and the mentally deficient.

The union buildings will then be used solely as an up-to-date city hospital, and will probably bear the name of the Municipal and County Hospital.

It will be remembered that a general indication of such a scheme as this was given by the Chairman of the Commissioners (Mr. MacLysaght) recently in his evidence before the Poor Law Commission.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY.

It is understood that the St. Vincent de Paul Society is prepared to play an important part in assisting the Commissioners towards this end. The present intention is that the society shall take over portion of the North Dublin Union premises for the reception of all able-bodied destitute classes with a view to reforming this particular class rather than housing them.

"Reform in the workhouse is hopeless because," as a well-known official of the Poor Law system stated yesterday, "they get lost in a place like the union, which is like a big town."

With regard to the aged people, they will be handed over to some religious order and housed outside the union. It is possible that the old age pensions will be given to many of these people, and this will considerably relieve the burthen on the ratepayers and the Commissioners of 400 people. The order that takes charge of these inmates will be paid on a capitation basis.

TREATMENT OF CONSUMPTIVES.

Special treatment is to be provided for mental cases in surroundings which, instead of having depressing effects, will give them every possible chance of a recovery. There are at present 400 such cases in the wards of the union and they are neither segregated nor treated in accordance with modern methods. They will be placed under the care of Sisters who will be specially trained for the nursing of such cases. These will also be paid for on a capitation basis.

The consumptives will be provided for on similar lines, and everything possible will be done to secure recovery, or at least improvement.

Extensive improvements are to be carried out in the very near future at Pallastown Auxiliary to provide better air and modern sanitary arrangements for children and mothers housed there. In Cabra Auxiliary, which is now almost empty, boys and girls over seven years of age who are crippled, mentally defective, and deformed will be placed, and the necessary steps have been taken with a view to their special nursing and care.

AN UP-TO-DATE HOSPITAL.

If these arrangements are carried out, the only classes that will be received in the Dublin Union premises will be those needing medical or surgical treatment. The buildings will be turned into an up-to-date hospital.

To-day there are over 3,500 persons in the union, and, assuming the scheme comes into operation, this number will be reduced by over 2,000. The hospitals are being reorganised on modern lines for the proper care of the sick. The aged, the infirm and the mentally afflicted number more than half the total inmates.

STATE AID.

Should the Poor Law Commission decide that the State should bear the cost of maintenance of the widows and children, deserted wives and families, and wives of husbands in prison, it would mean that the Commissioners would be left free to deal with the remaining portion calling for outdoor relief in a very decided manner, and would perhaps enable them to provide for a more generous allowance in very special cases.

The scheme, it is claimed, will make for proper supervision and direction of the "never-do-well," better treatment for the casually destitute person, up-to-date treatment for the mentally affected, proper classification for consumptives, with suitable surroundings, the provision of a home for the reception, treatment and training of crippled, deformed and mentally defective children.

A DROPPED MOTION.

The following notice of motion at the Grangegorman Asylum meeting, held yesterday, stood in the name of Dr. W. C. Dwyer (City Commissioner):—

"That the Minister for Local Government be asked to sanction the employment of an architect to report as to the cost of converting the North Dublin Union Workhouse buildings into an institution for the accommodation of about 700 insane persons."

Dr. Dwyer withdrew the motion, stating that he had only lately learned that there was a letter to the Chief Clerk from the Minister for Local Government, dated January 14th, 1925, which pointed out that it did not appear that the proposed conference of the various authorities concerned in the matter of additional accommodation could have useful results until the Dublin Union Commissioners were in a position to put forward a scheme for dealing with the mentally defective cases in the workhouse. If the Commissioners found it possible to establish and provide for the economic administration of an institution less elaborate and expensive than mental hospitals had become, they might be able to relieve Grangegorman of many cases of chronic mental illness, who could be cared for without disadvantage to themselves, in circumstances more approaching the nature of a home than a hospital.

The original proposal of the Joint Committee was to build additional accommodation at Grangegorman for 300 patients. Heavy capital expenditure for such a purpose was necessarily restricted by the existing financial stringency, and, for reasons which were fully intimated to the Joint Committee in 1923, it was considered that separate provision could be made for quiet and harmless cases.

The letter also pointed out that as the Joint Committee rejected the suggestion to deal with these cases in an Auxiliary mental hospital; and, therefore, if that principle of separate accommodation was to be adopted the only course then open was that such accommodation should be provided under the poor law.

The Dublin Union Commissioners were aware of the urgency of the matter, and had examined the possibility of adapting some existing buildings. When the Minister had received the Commissioners' proposals he would be prepared to call the conference suggested. Dr. Dwyer said that another reason why he withdrew the motion was that no provision was made in this year's estimate for such a purpose.

THE LIQUOR REPORT

NO CHANGE IN THE "TIED HOUSE" SYSTEM.

PUBLICATION TO BE DELAYED.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The main points in the report of the Free State Liquor Commission were outlined by me in these columns yesterday. They may be taken as indicating the basis of a fresh and more determined effort on the part of the Free State to grapple with a great national evil.

There is no reason to think that the Minister of Justice will turn a deaf ear to the case that has undoubtedly been made for the introduction of certain much-needed reforms.

The Commission dealt with several other problems in addition to those to which I referred, including the question of "tied houses." This occupied a fair share of attention during the inquiry. A "tied house" is the term applied to a public-house owned by a brewer and let under an agreement whereby the tenant (the publican) undertakes that he will not stock stout and porter other than that manufactured or brewed by his landlord (the brewer).

In its report the Commission states that it does not see any reason to interfere with the "tied house" system. The Commission's conclusion on this point must have an outstanding interest for Cork.

In Cork City, according to the police evidence at the inquiry, there are 504 public-houses of which 250 are "tied houses." In the two years 1922-24 the number of prosecutions against the licences of such houses was 87 out of a total of 139 against all licensed holders in the city.

In Cork County there are between 300 and 400 "tied houses." In Queenstown there are sub-"tied houses"—that is houses let by brewers' agents. It is usual in the case of a "tied house" for the tenant to deposit a sum of £100 to £150, and security to the amount of £300, the tenancy being on the basis mostly of a monthly trading agreement.

The Commission, as stated, is not disposed to recommend a discontinuance of the prevailing system in regard to those houses.

Another recommendation of the inquiry that may be mentioned here is the abolition of the "medium" measure. A medium of stout might be said to contain the measure of a glass and a half. The present price of the "medium" is 8d.

I was guilty of a slight technical inaccuracy in my statement yesterday when I said that the Commission's report had been actually presented to the Government. The report, while complete in form, has not yet been handed to the Secretary of the Executive Council.

It is learned officially that the report is not likely to be published by the Government before the Dail re-assembles in November. It will no doubt be laid on the table of the Oireachtas immediately after the recess.

SERVICES SUSPENDED.

NO STEAMERS FROM DUNDALK TO LIVERPOOL.

The Dundalk and Newry Steam Packet Company has suspended its services to Liverpool and Glasgow.

Some time ago the company decided to reduce the wages of all its staff. The employés at Dundalk and Newry accepted the new rates, but the clerical staff at Liverpool, who were backed up by the dockers, rejected them. Their action made it impossible for the company to carry on, with the result that notices terminating their engagements were served on all employés. These took effect on Tuesday evening.

NORTH'S "DOLE" FUND.

£3,000,000 OVERDRAWN.

The position of the Unemployment Benefit Fund in Northern Ireland was considered at length at a conference in Belfast last Friday between the Minister of Labour (Right Hon. J. M. Andrews, D.L., M.P.) and a deputation from the Association of Chambers of Commerce of Northern Ireland, led by Mr. F. D. Russell, J.P. (Newry Chamber), who is President of the Association.

The matter was referred to at a meeting of the Newry Chamber on Tuesday by Mr Russell, who said that the different suggestions that were put before the Minister were being considered. The fund at the present time was in a very bad way, being overdrawn to the extent of over £3,000,000 sterling, and there was the possibility that the fund would fail under its own weight. It was a serious position, as, undoubtedly, there were many genuine people out of employment and deserving people out of employment and anxious to get work while, on the other hand, there were quite a number obtaining benefit who did not want to work. The difficulty was to get those people taken off the register.

Mr. Foster suggested that if works that would not otherwise be undertaken were started by local authorities it would pay the Government to allow up to 90 per cent. instead of 60 per cent. if men were taken off the unemployed register and engaged on such work. Even if they paid 90 per cent. of wages it would mean that they would have to pay only 90 per cent. of what they are paying in unemployment benefit to those men.

Mr. Russell pointed out that the wages in a district ought be higher than the amount of unemployment benefit that was being paid, and in that case they would be paying more.

The discussion then ended.

ARMY ECONOMIES.

WAR SECRETARY'S REPLY TO EXTRAVAGANCE CHARGE.

Speaking at an open air meeting of Conservatives at Aberayron yesterday, Sir Laming Worthington Evans, the Secretary for War, replying to a charge of extravagance made by Sir John Simon at Aberayron some months ago, said that when he (the speaker) was Minister for War four years ago Army expenditure was eighty-six millions. During the current year it was forty-six and a half millions. That was economy.

The cheapest way to maintain an Army was to be prepared, and that was what the Government aimed at.

Dealing with foreign affairs, he said that to establish the peace was the only way in which to make the League of Nations an effective instrument.

He maintained that the Government in the recent industrial crisis did not yield to a menace. They recognised that trade unions had a case to answer, and the respite would give them an opportunity of working out a permanent settlement.

RAIL SHOPMEN'S WAR BONUS.

The special conference of railway shopmen at York, organised by the Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades Federation, yesterday, decided to offer strong opposition to the railway companies' suggestion of reduction by 6s. 6d. a week of the war bonus, which at present amounts to 16s. 6d. It was unanimously agreed that no individual society should take any other step, or accept any terms of reference to arbitration, without first consulting that Conference.

BRITISH CATTLE IMPORTS.

RESTRICTIONS NOT TO BE REMOVED.

PREMIER FIRM.

FREE STATE'S POSITION UNALTERED.

MR. Baldwin has taken an unusual course in regard to the report of the Imperial Economic Committee on the marketing and the preparing of foodstuffs in the overseas Dominions for home consumption, dealing with meat.

The Committee urge that immediate distinction should be made in the labelling of imported Empire meat and that otherwise imported.

With the exception of the Irish Free State, the Dominions, it says, are badly handicapped by distance with foreign competitors in meat supply, as in the case of Canada compared with Denmark, for bacon. Quicker speed might help to solve the problem, but that increases the cost.

They recommended the Government to encourage the producers, in conjunction with the shipping companies, to consider the problem, as sufficiently rapid transit to ensure the marketing of chilled instead of frozen meat would be so advantageous that it might easily justify the adoption of this course.

STORE CATTLE.

With regard to the importation of live cattle, the Committee state that as there is undoubtedly a desire on the part of the consumer for fresh-killed meat in preference to other varieties, the extension of cattle feeding at home is obviously desirable. Therefore, apart from the restriction imposed to prevent the importation of disease, the restrictions on the entrance of store cattle are undesirable in the interests of the consumer in the United Kingdom and of the Empire producer overseas.

"It is particularly undesirable," it is added, "to differentiate in restrictive legislation between one Dominion and another, as is done at present, and we, therefore, recommend that the existing legislation in reference to the importation of live cattle into the United Kingdom be reconsidered."

PREMIER'S STATEMENT.

The British Prime Minister, on the receipt of the report, immediately authorised the following statement which will be read with considerable interest by the cattle trade of the Free State:—

"His Majesty's Government will take the report of the Imperial Economic Committee on meat most carefully into consideration, together with the general report of the Committee, but they feel bound to state at once that they cannot see their way to adopt the recommendation that the existing legislation regulating the import of live cattle into the United Kingdom should be reconsidered.

"This question was fully discussed less than two years ago at the Imperial Economic Conference of 1923, when Sir Robert Sanders explained on behalf of His Majesty's Government that agricultural interests were strongly opposed to any extension of the strict limits imposed by the Importation of Animals Act, 1922, or even to the making of an order admitting breeding cattle from Canada under Section 2 of that Act.

"The Conference recognised that His Majesty's Government were fully entitled to have regard primarily to the interests of their own producers in this matter, and confined its recommendation on this subject to a resolution advocating the promotion of inter-Imperial trade in pedigree stock throughout the Empire on reciprocal terms. Effect has been given to this resolution, so far as His Majesty's Government are concerned, by the passing of the Importation of Pedigree Animals Act this year.

"To-day agricultural interests are as definitely opposed to any extension of the existing system as they were in 1923, and it is not possible to hold out any hope that the present Parliament would be ready to take the action required to alter the *status quo* with regard to the importation of live stock from the Dominions."

It was stated last night that the fruit report of the Imperial Economic Committee is not yet completed. The Imperial Economic Committee will, with the publication of the second report on meat, take a short recess, and resume its deliberations in the autumn.

POINTS IN THE REPORT.

THE FREE STATE'S PIG EXPORTS.

Upon the question of the importation of live cattle, the Committee's statement is:—

"In the United Kingdom there is undoubtedly a desire on the part of the consumer for fresh killed meat in preference to all other descriptions of meat. The obvious method of meeting this demand is through an extension of feeding operations by the farmers of the United Kingdom. This implies increased breeding, or the increased importation of store animals or both. We have not received any evidence on this subject on the side of British producers, and we are, of course, aware that the matter has in recent years been the subject of considerable controversy in the United Kingdom.

"We feel, however, that, apart from the restrictions imposed to prevent the introduction of disease, it is undesirable from the point of view of the interests of the United Kingdom consumer, and of the producer in the Overseas parts of the Empire, to place restrictions on the entrance of store cattle, and we further feel that it is especially undesirable to differentiate in restrictive legislation between one Dominion and another, as at present. We, therefore, recommend that the existing legislation in reference to the importation of live cattle into the United Kingdom be reconsidered."

Referring to cold storage charges, the Committee suggest to users of cold storage that they should try to negotiate more favourable terms by contracting for a given space over a given time.

Some fifty-six per cent. of the beef and veal, fifty-nine per cent. of the mutton and lamb, and sixty-six per cent. of the pig meat consumed in the United Kingdom are imported. Out of £105,447,000 spent in 1924 on imported meats of all classes, no less than £50,948,000, or forty-eight per cent. went to purchase pig products, and of this sum £40,120,000 went to foreign countries.

The bulk of the expenditure was for bacon and hams, although there was an appreciable import of fresh pork, amounting, in 1924, to 279,000 cwts. from the Irish Free State, and 534,000 cwts. from the Continent. The Committee urge the advantage of a standardised uniform product in the United Kingdom market.

STATUS OF THE DOMINIONS.

AUSTRALIA TURNS DOWN SIR R. BORDEN'S PROPOSALS.

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

Referring to Sir Robert Borden's recent statement at Williamstown regarding the *status* of the Dominions, Mr. Bruce says that the Commonwealth does not favour the Canadian former Prime Minister's suggestion to give High Commissioners Cabinet rank, and to create them Privy Councillors, so as to enable them to attend meetings of the British Cabinet.—(Reuter.)

FREE STATE TRADE.

FALL IN EXPORTS TO BRITAIN.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Wednesday.

In a review of British trade for the year ended 30th June last, the Board of Trade Journal publishes the following table showing the percentage of trade with the Irish Free State compared with the general volume of trade with all countries:—

	All countries.	Irish Free State.	Percentage of Trade with Free State.
	£	£	
Imports	1,377,986,000	47,717,000	3.47
Exports—			
British Produce and Manufactures	706,559,000	40,228,000	5.28
Imported Merchandise	143,470,000	11,181,000	7.77

Imports from the Irish Free State formed a rather smaller proportion of the British total imports in this period than in the twelve months ended March, 1925, while the proportions of exports and re-exports show but little change.

The balance on the wrong side for the Irish Free State is £4,662,000.

EXCURSION BOAT EXPLOSION.

30 DEAD AND 30 IN HOSPITAL.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEWPORT, R.I., Wednesday.

As a result of the explosion of the boilers on the excursion steamer, Mackinac, over thirty persons were killed, and the doctors fear for the lives of an equal number of badly scalded passengers in hospital.

The explosion occurred suddenly while the steamboat, Mackinac, was in front of the Naval Station, on her way back from Fawtucket, after a day's outing for mill hands belonging to Messrs. Coats' Thread Mills at Pawtucket.

Immediately after it occurred naval launches and destroyers hurried to the assistance of the vessel and took off the passengers who were badly burned and conveyed them to the Navy Hospital.

The main bath of live steam from the exploded boilers that caused so many deaths and fatal injuries. The list of dead grows hourly, as several of those who were taken to hospital have succumbed to their injuries.

The Rhode Island officials have promised to make a stern enquiry into the disaster, as it is reported that the boilers were leaking, and had been patched up. There was no loud explosion, but a prolonged hiss gave a warning that there was something seriously wrong with the boilers.

Many passengers on the decks escaped overboard, but of those who happened to be in the cabins and engine room, few survive to tell their experiences.

The people on shore saw the vessel first envelopped in what looked like a cloud of smoke, which changed quickly, however, to a cloud of white steam, and soon completely hid her.

Rescue parties put off hastily and picked up many who were swimming about near the steamer. Women and children were hanging over the rail enveloped in vapour and screaming.

Among those instantly killed was a popular student of Brown University, who had taken a temporary job in the engine room for fun.

The Mackinac was towed to Providence this afternoon and docked there for repairs. She shows little external injury.

FIRE AT EXHIBITION.

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE DUE TO LIGHTNING.

GRENOBLE, Thursday.

In the course of a storm about ten o'clock last evening, lightning struck one of the buildings at the Hydro Electric Exhibition. Fire broke out and completely destroyed the building, which contained aeroplanes, motor cars, electric apparatus, silk from Lyons and a large quantity of skins for the glove industry. The damage is estimated at ten million francs. At 11.30 p.m. the fire had been got under control.—(Reuter.)

GERMAN LABOUR UNREST.

RAILWAYMEN'S DEMANDS.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Wednesday.

The persistent rise in the cost of living has lately provoked considerable unrest among all classes of German labour.

In particular it has now made itself felt among the employés of the German railways, among whom there has been for some time a movement for higher wages. Negotiations were begun in Berlin to-day between the railway directorate and the trade union representatives, at which the railwaymen asked for an all-round increase of 15 per cent.

It is understood that if the demands of the men were agreed to the extra cost to the company would be from 150,000,000 marks to 200,000,000 marks (£7,500,000 to £10,000,000).

The company has put forward an alternative scheme for abolishing the flat rate of wages for all districts, and introducing a scheme whereby wages in various parts of the country which are now below the current rates obtaining in other industries would be brought up to their level. This scheme would cost about 30,000,000 marks (£1,500,000).

MacMILLAN ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

PORTION OF PROGRAMME ABANDONED.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

The MacMillan Arctic Expedition has abandoned part of its exploration programme, owing to adverse weather conditions.

The change of plan was announced by the National Geographical Society, after it had been informed by MacMillan that it was not feasible to establish an advance base at Cape Hubbard and fly thence over the frozen Northern Sea on account of unexpected summer snowstorms and continuous fogs. MacMillan was advised to proceed with the other explorations planned by the Expedition and to leave the Polar Sea work for another year.—(Reuter.)

STORM IN SOUTH WALES.

FIRE BRIGADE CALLED TO DEAL WITH FLOOD.

A terrific thunderstorm, accompanied by torrential rains, broke over Swansea yesterday afternoon. Lightning flashes were frequent and the thunder heavy. Rain caused considerable flooding. The fire brigade was called to the electricity generating station in the middle of the storm as the works, which are low-lying, were flooded, and the brigade engine had to pump the water out to prevent damage and a stoppage of the electricity supply.

A torrent of water coming down the hillsides ripped up the wooden blocks in Walter road, and interfered with the tram service. The trial match of the Swansea Association football team, at the Match Field, had to be postponed until this evening.

Reports from the Gowerton and Gorseinon districts state that the villages are almost under water in places.

BIG LINER ON FIRE.

Lloyd's New York Agent telegraphed last night that the American steamer, President Adams, 10,558 tons, was on fire. Two tugs and a fire boat were in attendance.

ELECTION OF 19 SENATORS.

DATE PROCLAIMED TO-DAY.

CANDIDATES' DUTY

TO APPOINT AGENTS AT ONCE.

POLLING DAY ..... 17th SEPTEMBER

HOURS OF POLLING 9 a.m.—7 p.m.

TOTAL ELECTORATE—1,347,195.

A proclamation by the Free State Minister for Local Government appointing 17th September as the date for the Senate election will be signed to-day.

So far as candidates are concerned, the importance of that announcement lies in the fact that those who have not yet appointed election agents must do so at once, as the last day for making such appointments is Saturday, 22nd inst.

In addition to the proclamation of the date of the election there will also appear to-day a special issue of the *Dublin Gazette*, containing the panel of candidates. Posters setting out the names already have been printed, and within the next few days they will be exhibited in post offices, Civic Guard barracks and other places throughout the twenty-six counties.

The names of the candidates are set out in alphabetical order, in four columns, with the addresses and qualifications, just as they will appear in the actual ballot paper.

"No difficulty should be experienced in marking a ballot paper if electors will take the trouble to read these panel posters and to note the column in which the name of the candidate whom they wish to support appears," said Mr. Wilfred Brown, the returning officer, yesterday. "The constituency returning officers will shortly publish posters setting out the polling places, and from those electors can find out the exact polling place and polling booth at which they are to vote. Unless this is done there will be confusion at the booths, especially in the larger towns.

FIND YOUR NUMBER.

"It would also be a very good thing for voters to find out their numbers on the register of electors, as it will save everybody trouble on polling day. The register can, of course, be inspected at the local post office or police station."

The hours of polling will be from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Illiterate or blind voters should remember that if they go to vote after 3 p.m. the presiding officer is not obliged to mark their papers for them—that is, if he thinks it is likely to cause inconvenience to other voters.

"It is," Mr. Brown pointed out, "also quite unnecessary for the presiding officers to read out the entire list of names for voters of the class mentioned. The question to be asked by him is: 'For which of the candidates do you desire to express a preference and in what order?' If the elector gives clear directions the ballot paper will be marked as he desires."

The total number of Senate electors in the Free State is 1,347,195. Ballot papers will be issued to postal and university voters probably on the 24th inst., and Mr. Brown requests that university electors notify the registrar of their colleges of any changes in their addresses in order that the ballot papers may not go astray.

MENACE TO BRITISH SHIPS.

CANTON GOVERNMENT'S ACTION.

Reuter's Agency learns that some concern has been occasioned in authoritative circles in London by the action of the Canton Government in placing a ban on the free movement of British ships to and from Chinese ports. It is understood that the British Government is giving careful consideration to the situation. Obviously the action of the Chinese authorities calls for some definite step on the part of Great Britain, as it constitutes a flagrant violation by the Chinese of the Treaty rights of foreign Governments. It is intended, however, to give full and careful consideration to the whole position before coming to any definite decision.

VICE-ADMIRAL SINCLAIR'S VISIT.

HONG KONG, Wednesday.

Vice-Admiral Sinclair left for Canton this morning on the mail steamer, Peterfield. The visit is described as unofficial.—(Reuter.)

Reuter's Agency states that Vice-Admiral Sinclair's visit is, without doubt, due to the embargo placed on British shipping by the Canton Government, and that, while he has not received specific instructions to make representations to the Chinese authorities as Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese station, he will take such immediate steps as he thinks fit for the protection of British shipping, without first consulting the Government.

ANTI-BRITISH BOYCOTT.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

HONG KONG, Wednesday.

The anti-British boycott shows no sign of ending. It is costing Hong Kong £24,000 daily in trade losses, and foreign firms are curtailing their staffs. There are bitter complaints of the operations of the Government, and further public meetings are being called.

SHANGHAI, Wednesday.

Several Japanese mills were preparing to re-open under an agreement recently made with the strikers. The strike leaders immediately produced sufficient strike pay to block the return of the workers. Yesterday the Moderates in the Chinese Chamber of Commerce sent a circular to the other provincial Chambers with a view to liquidating the accumulated British stocks. To-day the students emphatically vetoed this action. There are signs of division among the unions, but the Extremists are always strong enough to defeat the moderating influences. Thus the deadlock remains. The inaction of the Home Government is disheartening to the British here.

JAPAN AND THE POSTAL STRIKE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

SHANGHAI, Wednesday.

I understand that the reason for the general resumption of work by the postal clerks and carriers was a threat by the Japanese, that unless the postal strike was stopped Japan would proceed to the re-establishment of postal agencies throughout China. It was also known that the British and other Consuls were preparing to resume the distribution of mails if the strike had not been called off. The settlement was effected through the actions of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and the Foreign Commissioner agreeing to forward the demands of the strikers to Peking for Governmental consideration.

TARIFF CONFERENCE.

TOKIO, Wednesday.

The Foreign Office this afternoon received the Chinese invitation to the Tariff Conference from Mr. Yoshizawa, the Japanese Minister in Peking. The representative of the Foreign Office stated that Japan was willing to consider Customs autonomy later if China so requested.—(Reuter.)

WIDOW'S WAR GRAVE DEBT.

The Englishwoman who died on Tuesday at Douchy War Graves Cemetery, near Mons, was Mrs. Alice James, 65, of Seaview, Isle of Wight, a widow paying her first visit to the graves of two sons, Cecil and Rupert James, killed in France.

GREAT FIRE IN BASRA.

BASRA, Wednesday.

The worst fire known to have occurred in living memory at Basra broke out on Tuesday afternoon in the most congested area of the city. The outbreak was due to the fusing of an electric wire. Whole streets were burnt out.—*The Times* Correspondent.

LATE NEWS.

CHINESE TARIFF CONFERENCE.

DEMANDS OF THE EXTREMISTS.

The Times Peking Correspondent, writing on the Treaty question, apropos the Chinese Government's invitation to the Powers to attend a special Tariff Conference in Peking on October 2, says:—"China is no longer willing to accept the judgment of foreigners as, to her tariff needs or as to her fitness to render justice."

These are the words of a prominent Nationalist at present allied with the Kuomintang extremists, who are in close league with the Bolshevists. It is now being made clear by speeches and Press announcements that the Extremist Party repudiates Treaty revision, and is determined to agitate for Treaty abrogation.

One Chinese newspaper said recently about the proposed International Tariff Conference:—"Why should we bargain with the Powers about our tariff and purchase our independence by the pound weight? Freedom from all restriction is what we want and what we intend to have."

This is not what moderate Nationalists think to be practical politics, but the voice of the moderate in these days is almost inaudible amid the clamour of the agitators.

Indeed, any Chinese who ventures to speak or write on the situation, except in a vein of passionate denunciation of the Treaties, is liable to be personally mishandled. Such is the atmosphere in which the representatives of the Powers will have to deliberate if it is decided to hold the tariff or any other conference on Chinese soil at the present time.

COAL INQUIRY.

TERMS OF REFERENCE APPROVED.

The Times Labour Correspondent writes:—The proposed terms of reference for the Royal Commission on the Coal industry were announced at the National Delegate Conference of the Miners' Federation held yesterday at the Kingsway Hall. They are as follows:—

To inquire into and report upon the economic position of the coal industry and the conditions affecting it, and to make any recommendations for the improvement thereof.

It is understood that as first drafted the terms did not include the words "and the conditions affecting it," and that these were inserted at the wish of the Mining Association.

The colliers, equally with the miners' representatives, are anxious that the inquiry should be as thorough and as inclusive as possible. From their own point of view, the owners consider that the industry is seriously affected by matters outside its own control, such as—to give one instance—high local rates, and that these should come within the investigation of the Commission.

The terms of reference in their present form received the assent yesterday of the Miners' Conference, and, as they have been approved by the owners, they will probably be given without further alteration to the Commission when it is appointed.

Both sides are satisfied, apparently, that they will be able to present their cases without the ruling out of any subjects which they regard as essential. The miners, at any rate, understand that they will be free to state in the light of the existing situation their arguments for the nationalisation of the mines.

AT SIMLA TO-DAY.

CHANGES IN THE INDIAN ACT.

In a leading article upon the opening by Lord Reading of the Autumn Session of the All-India Legislature at Simla to-day, *The Times* observes:—If there is no reason to expect the Viceroy to foreshadow any change in the general policy of the Government of India, he will certainly have something to say of the steps that will be taken in consequence of the report of the majority of the Reforms Inquiry Commission. This report has been, and is still, the object of close study on the part of the provincial Governors, the Government of India and the India Office. It proposes certain changes, some of detail and application, some of a more substantial character, in the Government of India Act. Lord Reading will, in all probability, announce the conclusions which have been reached in consultation with the home Government, and his Government's intention to submit certain resolutions to the Legislature. This will be a prelude to the alteration of rules, and to any legislative amendment of the Act which may be necessitated by the adoption of some of the Commission's recommendations.

Other recommendations made by the majority of the Commission are understood to have found less favour at Whitehall than in India. For example, the proposal that joint deliberation between the "reserved" and the "transferred" sides of Government on important questions should be enforced by a definite rule.

But these are not the only questions with which the Viceroy will have to deal, adds *The Times*. He will announce the decision of the Government to appoint a Commission to consider the problems of Indian currency and exchange. One of its principal duties will be to refix the value of the rupee, the actual sterling equivalent of which is now much below its nominal value. The desire of a majority of the Legislature for a renewal of the bounty on Indian steel production will very possibly be recognised in Lord Reading's speech.

If he turns from these economic questions to review the general state of India he will be able to point to a decided improvement. The application of the Seditious Ordinance has defeated a dangerous conspiracy. In the Punjab Sir Malcolm Hailey's skilful handling of what was a difficult situation has greatly improved the relations between the Government and its old friends the Sikh community, and put an end to many dangerous misunderstandings. On the other hand, relations between Moslems and Hindu are still strained, and it is only constant vigilance on the part of the administration that has saved many Indian cities from disastrous tumults.

NO CUTS IN NAVY PAY.

The *Daily Telegraph* in a leader says that the country has a very healthy instinct against economies being effected at the expense of the officers and men of the Fighting Services unless they can be justified on unimpeachable grounds. For that reason it has welcomed the prompt denial of the report that the Admiralty have had in contemplation a general attack on the pay of the men now serving in the Fleet. There can, in equity, be no interference with the terms on which officers and men entered the service, but it is right and proper that the messing victualling and other allowances should be revised in accordance with the conditions of the day, and that the terms on which new entrants join should be periodically reconsidered.

PLANNED BY MOSCOW.

The *Morning Post*, in a leader, says that as it is impossible to buy off trouble in China with a subsidy, the Government must prepare themselves to see the trouble through, and it is very real—not, indeed, such as cannot be composed by firmness and resolution, but still serious and even formidable, for what is happening in the Treaty Ports is not a simple recurrence of the always present antagonism to foreigners among the Chinese people. It is a long concerted and carefully planned movement, of which the springs are to be found in Moscow for the injury and embarrassment of this country.

"SOWING DISCORD."

The *Daily News*, commenting on the Canton Government's embargo on British Shipping, says that it is not very probable that even its authors intend to push the matter to an extreme issue. It is much more probable an attempt to sow discord among the Allies and stimulate hatred of this country and Japan, which has been so energetically promoted among large classes of the Chinese.

The British Government, in view of this possibility, is plainly acting wisely in abstaining from all action pending consultation with its Allies. The incident is serious, and the outlook grave, but with patience and caution it ought to be possible to avoid the worst results threatened by the Canton Government's order.

ISOLATION PLAN CRITICISED.

PUBLIC SUPPORT FOR DOCTORS.

COST TO TAXPAYERS.

WORK OF STUDENTS IN HOSPITALS.

THERE is no sign of any public support for the Free State Government in its attempt to isolate the medical profession, and, apart from one or two doctors in Waterford and some professors at Galway College, no members of the profession have even a half-hearted defence for the Executive's proposal.

The general public—which has everything to lose and nothing to gain if the Government succ

three final examinations, they would have to do three further years of study there before they uld enter anew for their finals.

All of these universities have a rule which says that the first and second years' completed course only, in another recognised College, will be accepted, should a student transfer.

The students now in Dublin are very resentful of the Government's action, and it is practically certain that, when the session begins again in October, protest meetings will be held.

"WANTING IT BOTH WAYS."

MEDICAL JOURNAL'S REVIEW OF THE SITUATION.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Wednesday.

I am indebted to the Editor of the *Lancet* for an advance copy of the following article on the Irish Free State and the Medical Register, which will appear in Saturday's issue of that journal:—

"The announcement made on August 15th by the President of the Irish Free State, Mr. Cosgrave, that the Executive Council of his Government had decided not to seek the continuance of the United Kingdom arrangement, whereby the medical profession in Ireland, with certain representation, was controlled by the British General Medical Council, has been received with profound apprehension among the ranks, as well as in the high places of Irish medicine

CHANGE OF OPINION.

"Three years ago there was in Ireland a body of medical opinion definitely in favour of the ultimate propouncement of such a decision, while our columns in 1922 our Dublin correspondent wrote as follows:—'It is suitable that the Irish Government should take under its supervision the keeping of the medical register of Ireland, for it could hardly permit so important a matter to remain in the hands of a body, which is departmental subordinate to the English Privy Council.'

"There is no doubt that our correspondent expressed the attitude of leaders of medicine in Dublin when he wrote, but the probability of a change of opinion was already foreseen. For three and a half years the Government of the Free State has been in communication with the General Medical Council on the matter, leaving the impression of hesitancy throughout—now seeming to regard the functioning of the Council in Ireland as interference, and now viewing it in the light of a useful protection.

"From the point of the position it will be clear that either view has reason behind it, while the holding of both views simultaneously seems due to that desire to have it both ways, which is so commonly cherished, and so seldom accomplished.

"When the autonomous Free State was set up in January, 1922, it was, of course, realised, though perhaps not until then, by the medical profession of the State the way in which the whole *status* might be affected. Those whose eyes were fixed more particularly on the dawn of national existence saw in the opportunity that was thus given to break away from the jurisdiction of the General Medical Council, the beginnings of a new and presumably freer era. Others, again, more concerned perhaps with national statesmanship than with the field of medicine within the Empire, foresaw that disappearance from the British Medical Register, save under the conditions of a Dominion, might imply an economic tragedy for the ancient medical schools of the young Free State. The disaster might be only temporary, but it was difficult to dispute its probability.

A CHANGE OF HEART.

"This latter view has grown to be the predominant, if not universal, one in the medical profession. Further, and apart from purely economic considerations, it is possible that not a few Irish medical men may have felt some damping of their hopes for the future of medicine in the Free State, when none of the persons recommended by the Royal Colleges to the President of the Free State Executive as suitable for nomination to the Senate was selected by him for that dignity. At any rate, the change of heart appears to have become manifest soon after this rebuff.

"It was settled quite early in the history of negotiations between the Provisional Government of Ireland and the British Ministry of Health, that the constitutional arrangements the Irish Free State Medical Act would continue unaltered unless, and until, the Parliament of the Irish Free State saw fit to legislate for practitioners within its own area. And so, up to the beginning of 1924, the old way continued unchanged and undisturbed, nor was any voice of complaint uplifted—the understanding being on the part of the Free State that, should there at any time desire to cut the painter, they were at full liberty to do so.

FREE STATE LEGISLATION.

"But following the Irish Free State Consequential Adaptation of Enactments Act of 1923, wherein no mention was made of the Medical Act continuing to be in force in the Free State, the General Medical Council indicated that the separation would occur, unless the Free State Government explicitly stated that they wished the connection to be preserved. This brought action from the Free State, and in July, 1924, a bill was introduced authorising the General Medical Council to continue its jurisdiction for a period of one year. This bill was passed by the Senate on February 23rd, 1925, from which date it became effective, and the Free State Government was given the opportunity of extending the interim measure for further definite periods."

ANTHROPOLOGICAL REMAINS.

DISCOVERIES AT BROKEN HILL CAVE.

BULAWAYO, Wednesday.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

Dr. Ales Hrdlicka, Curator of the Division of Physical Anthropology of the United States National Museum at Washington, who has been investigating the cave at Broken Hill, where the famous skull was discovered in September, 1921, states that he has found new evidence among a number of bones preserved by the mine officials since the 1924 discovery.

Dr. Hrdlicka has found two parts of a human skeleton, one a large portion of an arm bone and the other a portion of a skull. These do not necessarily belong to the type of man represented by the Rhodesian skull. They may belong to a man who lived in the cave subsequently, or who lived contemporaneously with that man, but occupied the cave afterwards.

The animal bones, in Dr. Hrdlicka's opinion, show conclusively that the cave was occupied by a primitive man, whoever he may have been, as the bones were broken in the characteristic fashion adopted by these natives to get at the marrow.

Dr. Hrdlicka is taking a basketful of the bones, including two human specimens, which he intends to deposit in the British Museum, London, in order that they may be critically studied together by scientists, in a central available spot.

PARIS BANK STRIKE.

ARCHBISHOP'S ADVICE TO EMPLOYES.

PARIS, Wednesday.

Cardinal Dubois, Archbishop of Paris, who was approached by the bank strikers, has written to them, advising that they should bring the strike to an end as soon as possible, as it is prejudicial in present circumstances to the interests of the country. Nevertheless, His Eminence recognises that the employés should receive an adequate living wage.

The strikers met this morning, and decided to vote a resolution in favour of State administration of the banks, pledging themselves to resume work under the direction and control of the State, even though they had not had their wage claims granted.

There is talk in official circles of the dispute being submitted to arbitration by a member of the Council of State and a financier selected by joint agreement between the employers and employed.—(Reuter.)

Thomas William, 42, was killed by the collapse of a trench, in which he was working with two other men, at Llandegai, near Bangor, yesterday.

"WE MUST GET TOGETHER."

M. CAILLAUX ON THE DEBT TO BRITAIN.

BELGIAN SETTLEMENT.

Belgium is the first European country to follow Great Britain's example and come to an arrangement to settle her war and post-war debts. Now France is preparing to make "a gentleman's offer" (to use the French Finance Minister's phrase) to Great Britain, and also to discuss her debt with the United States.

Mr. Mellon, the Secretary of the United States Treasury, states that the French Debt Commission will leave France about September 15th for the United States.

M. Caillaux is to go to London next Sunday with an inspector of finances, for the purpose, it is announced, of conversing on debts and numerous financial and economic questions. The eventuality of the return to London of the French experts at an early date is not contemplated at all in French political quarters.

M. Caillaux stated yesterday, at a luncheon given in his honour by representatives of the British and American Press, that he was leaving for England on Sunday, adding that he "already felt quite at home there."

He was going, he said, with a sincere desire to reach an agreement on war debts; for the fate of civilisation hung on the maintenance of an understanding between the civilised nations. It was in this spirit that he would embark on the negotiations. An understanding was particularly important at present, when civilisation was threatened on many sides.

"We must get together," M. Caillaux concluded, "and preserve harmony between our countries for the good of the world."

"FAIR PLAY AGREEMENT."

BELGIAN MINISTER ON THE FUNDED DEBT.

BRUSSELS, Wednesday.

Interviewed on the news from Washington regarding the funding of the Belgian debt to the United States, the Minister of Finance stated that two *regimes* had been provided for by the arrangement which had been made; the war debts, which amounted to 171,000,000 dollars, were to be funded over a period of 62 years without any interest.

In the first year Belgium would have to pay 500,000 dollars, the next year 900,000, and so on until after the eighth year, when 2,900,000 dollars would be paid yearly.

The post-armistice debt amounted, with the accumulated interest, to a total of 246,000,000 dollars, which had also to be repaid in 62 years. In the first year, the Minister said, if they added together payments due on account of debts incurred before the armistice and the post-armistice debt, Belgium would have to pay 3,840,000 dollars; in the second year 4,100,000 dollars; in the third year 4,700,000; in the fourth year 5,450,000; and so on until after the eleventh year, when Belgium would pay 12,672,000 dollars; a sum which she would have to pay each year until the end of the 62nd year.

The Minister stated that the war debts would be counter-balanced by the money which Belgium would receive under Article 4 of the Paris Agreement, relating to the Dawes plan. As for the post-armistice debt the Minister observed that the annual charge, which the country would have to support, would not seriously upset the balance of the budget, and the public debt would not be appreciably affected. Until 1935 there would be a gradual increase in the total charge on the budget, but after this date it would diminish.

The Minister declared that this was a "fair play" agreement, which Belgium should make every effort to fulfil, and which she could fulfil, provided that she made every attempt to overcome her difficulties. He emphasised that the credit of this country would be improved at home and abroad by the agreement which had been reached.—(Reuter.)

ZIONIST CONGRESS.

SATISFACTORY REPORTS FROM PALESTINE.

VIENNA, Wednesday.

On opening the session of the Zionist Congress this morning, Dr. Weizmann, the President of the Zionist organisation, presented a long political report, in the course of which he said that the Zionist Executive had done their best to maintain satisfactory relations with the British Government. He would like to express their appreciation of the courteous and sympathetic attention that they had invariably received from the Colonial Office and other departments of the Government.

After paying a tribute to the work of Sir Herbert Samuel, he welcomed the appointment of Lord Plumer as a distinguished man of action, and said that he had every reason to believe that he would carry on the administration that had given Palestine the blessings of peace, order and good government, without which progress could never have been made.

During the past two years the Zionist movement had risen visibly in public esteem. It was recognised in Great Britain and elsewhere that the Jews had firmly established themselves in Palestine as a constructive force.

Since the last Congress the rate of immigration had increased fivefold, with a growing stream of middle-class immigrants.

Referring to relations with the Arabs, he remarked that misunderstandings were being gradually dispelled, and that a stable equilibrium was being established on a solid basis of mutual advantage and mutual respect.

THE ANTI-ZIONIST RIOTS.

The leaders of the Christian Socialist Party are hastening to dissociate themselves from the anti-Zionist riots of Monday. A meeting of the Executive Committee to-day declared that no organisation of the party was concerned in the disorders and warned their supporters against joining in any demonstration likely to disturb public order. —(Reuter.)

JEWS LEAVING PERSIA.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

TEHERAN, Wednesday.

To escape the compulsory three years' military service under the new Persian Parliamentary Act, which comes into force shortly, a large number of Persian Jews are emigrating to Palestine. The authorities declare that it is impossible to stop the exodus. Members of other non-Persian races not enjoying equal rights with Persians are refusing to enlist under the new compulsory Act. They declare that they will ask for protection from their own Governments against compulsory service in the Persian military forces.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDED IN ITALY.

FAENZA, Wednesday.

The seismograph at the Bendandi Observatory this morning registered an extremely violent earthquake shock, at a distance of about 5,000 miles. The earth tremors lasted for four hours and the vibrations were so great that the indicators of some of the instruments were broken.—(Reuter.)

THE SECRETARIAL COURSE at SKERRY'S COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, 10 Harcourt street, Dublin, is the best possible preparation for a Business Career, and includes expert tuition in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping, Office Routine, etc. Prospectus free.—(Advt.).

MAD PRINCE'S ESTATE.

EX-EGYPTIAN PREMIER DISMISSED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CAIRO, Wednesday.

Some surprise has been created here by the decision of the Crown Council to dismiss Mohammed Pasha Said, twice Premier of the Egyptian Government, from the appointment of administrator of the estates of Prince Ahmed Seifeldine, who has been confined in an asylum in England since 1898 after wounding with a revolver his brother-in-law, Prince Fuad, now King Fuad.

Mohammed Said's administration of Prince Seifeldine's estates is reputed to produce an income of £150,000 sterling annually. His administration has always been contested by Prince Seifeldine's sister, Princess Shevekar, who in 1920 unsuccessfully sought the dismissal of Mohammed Said on grounds of maladministration.

Recently the Crown Council examined the accounts of the estate, and, it is said, discovered a deficiency of £41,000, which Mohammed Said offered to repay by instalments. It was just after this that the Council decided to dismiss Mohammed Said from the post of administrator, which carried with it a remuneration of £10,000 annually.

The Council has now appointed Prince Mohammed Ali Ibrahim and the Egyptian Minister of Finance as joint administrators of the estate.

CIVILIAN FLYING CLUB.

A PRACTICAL SPORT FOR ALL CLASSES.

Sir Philip Sassoon, Under Secretary of State for Air, yesterday formally declared open the London Light Aeroplane Club, which has been established with headquarters at Stag Lane Aerodrome, Edgware. Sir Philip also made the inaugural flight in a De Haviland "Moth" machine.

This is one of six clubs which have been set up in various industrial parts of England under a scheme originated by the Air Ministry, in the hope of creating a new and more lively interest in flying among civilians. The cost of the scheme is being defrayed by grants from the Air Council, but it is hoped that in a short time each club will be in a position to pay its way, irrespective of any financial assistance from the Ministry. The members of the club are drawn from all grades of society—as the secretary put it yesterday, "from dukes to butchers."

Sir Philip Sassoon, in declaring the club open, said that there had been many doleful doubters on the subject of light aeroplane clubs, but he was delighted that they had been able to surmount the many difficulties with which they had been met.

It was fitting that the first light aeroplane club opened in this country should be in London. He was certain that it was the precursor of many similar clubs throughout the country. "We shall soon see flying become a popular and legitimate sport," said Sir Philip. He assured them that, so far as the Air Ministry was concerned, they could rely upon their sympathy and assistance—within limits. They had never pretended, or hoped, to carry these clubs on their backs. The clubs should be built up slowly and build up the big reserve of pilots that was needed, and they could help to popularise flying by developing that air sense to which they were all looking forward.

RELICS OF OLD DUBLIN.

THE LUCKY STONE AND ST. AUDOEN'S ARCH.

Two of the oldest relics of Dublin are the Lucky Stone and St. Audoen's Arch in High street, near Christ Church Cathedral.

Three years after the death of St. Dominic, in the year 1224, there was founded on what is now a portion of the Four Courts, the first Priory of the Order of St. Dominic. In 1316, according to Sir James Ware, this monastery was demolished by Edward Bruce, brother of Robert Bruce, in order to prevent the latter from reaching the other side of the city, on his march from the North of Ireland to Dublin. With the stones from the monastery the then Mayor of the City erected walls and gates in the vicinity of Winetavern street, and a portion of one of the gates is still standing in St. Audoen's Arch. Above this reminder of the past, towers the steeple of the old church, and within it has been set several relics of the past, including the tomb of the Earl of Porchester, who constructed the church, and his Countess.

In the recreation ground adjacent is the most ancient relic of Old Dublin. This is a granite slab, which many centuries ago was known to the people as the Lucky Stone. On it is carved a cross, of which Mr. Wakeman said, "it is of an ancient type found in this country." The stone itself, it is believed, once stood at the north-western angle of the tower of St. Audoen's Church. Remarkable stories are told in the records of its peculiar disappearance. In the year 1826 it was stolen. Twenty years later it was found outside the newly-erected church in High street, where it attracted the attention of the celebrated Dr. Spratt, who had it removed to the Community house in Whitefriar street.

Dr. Petrie expressed the view in 1855 that the cross appeared to be that of very early Christian age. He had no doubt that it was more ancient than any portion of the very old church with which it was formerly connected.

It was the intention of Dr. Spratt to have this most ancient relic of Old Dublin now known "erected in Glasnevin Cemetery on a pedestal bearing an inscription as follows:—

"This interesting relic of remote antiquity, which, according to tradition, marked the grave of an early Irish saint, formerly stood in the ancient church of St. Audoen, Dublin. From time immemorial it was called the Blessed Stone.

He died, however, before his wish could be fulfilled, but the stone was removed to the cemetery by his executors. When the old graveyard of St. Audoen was converted into an open space, the Open Spaces Committee supplied to the Cemeteries Committee the stone, so that it might be erected near the old church. The relic was given up, and was placed against the railings enclosing the ground, but it bears no inscription to tell the visitor the most interesting story of its association with the Dublin of many centuries ago.

BETTER NEWS FROM CANADA.

FARMERS' "UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY."

An up-to-date survey of financial and commercial conditions in the Dominion, just circulated by the *Financial Post* of Toronto, declares that much encouragement is to be derived from Dominion trade statistics of the past six months.

"Unemployment," it says, "is now less than at any time in the past few years, and in all but the larger urban centres is practically negligible. Foreign trade returns show the country to be in the strongest position in its history, imports having marked a steady decrease and exports climbing higher every month, with only a single exception.

"In most manufacturing lines there has been an improvement. Manufacturers of agricultural implements and motor cars are having an unusually strong demand for their products, and small steel goods are selling strongly. Pig iron sales have also increased markedly, and there is improvement in other primary industries.

"It is in agriculture, however, that the greatest improvement this season is looked for. Though it is even yet too early to predict the size of the wheat crop with any degree of accuracy, the most reliable figures place the estimated yield at at least 300,000,000 bushels greater than in 1924, when the crop was 262,097,000 bushels. In the United States, on the other hand, there will be a reduction of at least 200,000,000 bushels—a factor which will furnish an unusual opportunity for the Canadian farmer."

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES.

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

At the Geelong wool sales to-day, 7,886 bales were offered. There was almost a total clearance, and American, Japanese, Continental and Australian competition was keen. Bradford was still hesitant, but the operating market was decidedly firmer, although there was no appreciable increase in prices.—(Reuter.)

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

Dublin Union Finance.—At yesterday's meeting of the Dublin Union Commissioners the Clerk reported that the balance due by the Dublin Corporation in respect of the second instalment, 1925-26, was £27,299, and by the Dublin County Council £18,729, making a total of £46,028. The credit balance in the bank was £5,952.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.

ARRIVALS.—J. Bott, G. Woods, R. Stoney, S. Phillips, W. A. Wallis, R. Thornton, R. Shannon, F. O'Leary, G. Canning, W. Murphy, T. Versty, G. Rose, Miss Crawford, Mrs. Fredinnick, Rev. W. Coney, J. Ryan, J. H. Booth, T. Burke.

DEPARTURES.—W. F. Horn, W. B. Barker, T. Hawley, G. B. Waters, B. Best, J. H. Booth, R. Sloan, J. Sinclair, G. Woods, S. Trost, Dr. Gordon, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Miss White, Mrs. Ronan, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Reedy.

CONNAUGHT.

Guardians' Empty Coffers.—"It will be a question of starvation for those depending on us for assistance," said the Chairman of the County Galway Homes Committee, when the meeting stated that the funds were exhausted and that the treasurer, the National Bank, had refused to honour the Committee's cheques. The debts totalled £5,500, including £885 due to the Bon Secour Sisters for the inmates of the Children's Home, Nun, for the three months ended June 30 last. The Committee required at once £1,000 for outdoor relief. No money would become due to the Committee until October. The Secretary attributed the situation to the fact that his estimate for the year, in which he had included £8,500 for outdoor relief, was reduced by the Board of Health, and still further reduced by the County Council. It was decided to call on the County Council to provide the necessary funds.

Galway "War" Headquarters.—Mrs. M. Leahy, Leitrim, was fined 10s. and costs in Loughrea on Monday for having in her possession a double-barrelled gun and eight cartridges without a permit. For the defence it was stated that the articles had been in the house since the days of the "Black and Tans," and that the defendant forgot to get a permit. Her sons were arrested "during that period," and there was often as many as fifty or sixty guns concealed in the house. Mrs. M. Kilboy, Sonnagh, was charged with having in her possession without a permit 82 gun caps, eight assorted rifle bullets, one ounce of gunpowder, 22 home-made slugs, 21 rounds of revolver ammunition and one bayonet. For the defence it was stated that Mrs. Kilboy's son had been captured by the I.R.A. to fill cartridges during the "war with England." With the exception of the mutilated rifle bullets, which the defendant said that she discovered in a field near the house, the ammunition was given to her son by a certain Commandant Kelly during the "Black and Tan" *régime*. The defendant was fined £5, and costs. John Broderick, Limehill, in whose house was discovered two shotgun cartridges, one rifle cartridge and one revolver cartridge, also was fined 2s. 6d. and costs. The defendant stated that he knew nothing about the cartridges.

...ad's Suicide.—A verdict of "suicide" was returned at an inquest into the death of Michael Mooney, aged 19 years, whose body was found in the Dalgan River near Mangor, Lagan street, was fined £5, and costs. A policeman said that he saw the defendant catch the girl by the neck. She "squesled and shouted," and Manger kissed her three times.

Macadam Streets for Armagh.—Armagh Urban Council has accepted a tender of a London firm for laying down bituminous macadam over an area of 12,500 square yards, including 80 yards of Scotch street. Permission to borrow £10,000 for the purpose has been granted.

Dole Frauds.—A fine of £5 and costs was imposed on Thomas Hamilton, Gibson street, Belfast, yesterday, for making false representations to obtain the "dole." The defendant signed the unemployment register at the Frederick street Exchange on March 21 and 23, but had been in continuous employment since the 16th. He had been paid £1 2s. 6d., to which he was not entitled. James Clarke, Artillery street, for a similar offence, was fined 40s. and costs.

49 Years a Postman.—In the postmen's office of the General Post Office, Belfast, yesterday, Mr. Hugh Titterington, a retired postman, was presented with the Imperial Service Medal. He has served in the Belfast office for 49 years.

Bangor Claims Borough Charter.—It was decided at a meeting of the Bangor Urban Council on Tuesday that the necessary steps be taken to obtain a charter of incorporation of the town as a borough under the Municipal Act (Ireland), 1840.

Child in Publichouse.—Elizabeth O'Hara, publican, Divis street, Belfast, was fined 10s. in Belfast yesterday, for allowing a child named Maria Kerr, aged two and a quarter years, to be in the bar. Margaret Duffy, who had the child in the premises, was fined 5s. The defence was that the barman did not know that the woman had a child with her in the premises, as another man had taken her order.

Visitors to Belfast Art Gallery.—The total number of visitors to the Belfast Central Art Gallery and Museum, and to the Ulster Section Public Museum, during last year was 143,528.

Charge Against Donegal Rate Collector.—James McGowan, Ballybofey, formerly employed as a rate - collector by the Donegal County Council, was remanded in custody at Stranorlar, on the charge of converting to his own use £114 19s. 9d., which, it was alleged, he had received on account of rates.

Mr. Patrick Quigley was last night co-opted a member of the Blackrock (Dublin) Urban Council for the Monkstown Ward.

Mary Anne McNesty, aged 76, Enniskerry road, Phibsborough, was taken ill in St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Berkeley road, yesterday, and died in a hospital.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

Drunk Weekly for 8 Months.—Agnes Cooper, Main street, Limavady, who brought a charge of assault against her husband, William, in the local court yesterday, said that he had got drunk every week during the last eight months. She kept boarders, and yesterday week he came to the house under the influence of drink and attempted to strike her, but one of the boarders held him down. That night he put herself and the boarders out into the street. She had had to call the police in several times owing to his conduct. Her husband was not employed, but was depending on her for his food. Defendant was fined 10s. with court costs, and bound to the peace for twelve months, himself in £20 and two sureties of £10 each.

Unemployed ex-Service Men.—At a meeting of the Lurgan King's National Roll Sub-Committee, on Monday, the secretary reported that 97 disabled ex-Servicemen and 169 non-disabled ex-Servicemen were signing the unemployed register. This return showed an increase of 63 disabled and 127 non-disabled ex-Servicemen since the last report. The increase was due to the abnormal trade depression at present affecting the town. The secretary said that he had received notification that owing to the discussions which had arisen between the Irish Land Trust and the Imperial Treasury as to the amount of money which would be available in future for the erection of ex-Servicemen's houses, the Trust was not in a position to decide what type of house would in future be built. For that reason all further work in respect of contemplated schemes had been suspended.

Shipyard Worker's Death.—A verdict of death due to dislocation of the neck, caused by a fall in the course of his employment, was returned at an inquest in Belfast yesterday into the death of William Bibby, aged 23, a shipyard employé, who was found dead under his bench at Messrs. Harland and Wolff's yard. Medical witnesses were asked if there was any evidence of electrocution, of if they could say that the man had come into contact with a live wire, but no positive statement could be made.

Wind Screen Wounds Cause Death.—At Draperstown, Co. Londonderry, Petty Sessions on Tuesday, informations were refused in the case against Patrick Heffernan, Maghera, charged with the manslaughter of John Murray, who was fatally injured in a collision with a motor car, driven by Heffernan. His head went through the wind screen of the car, and he bled to death from severe wounds in the face and neck.

Killed by Falling Door.—Robert Telford, aged 5, of Matilda street, was killed by the fall of a door in the playground at St. Aidan's School, Belfast, yesterday morning. The brickwork round the hinges had decayed, thus allowing the door to fall.

Girl Seized and Kissed.—For seizing a girl in the street and kissing her, William Manger, Lagan street, was fined 10s. in Belfast yesterday. A policeman said that he saw the defendant catch the girl by the neck. She "squesled and shouted," and Manger kissed her three times.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE MEDICAL REGISTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As a medical student I should like to draw the attention of those concerned to the fact that entries for the coming session in the various medical schools must be rent in before October. This means that students have only a few weeks to decide whether they will continue their studies outside the Free State or will "carry on," with the knowledge that, perhaps, after a lot of wrangling the existing conditions will really come to an end in February next.

No doubt, those who can afford it will not care to take any such risk, and English, Scottish and Belfast schools will benefit accordingly; but there are others who are not so favourably placed. These will have to decide:—

(1) To "wait and see" what next February brings forth; and, if it produces an Irish Register, they will have to be content with a very inferior degree, and with the prospect of little or no chance of employment.

(2) To abandon medicine altogether.

I think that it is the duty of the Government to settle the matter immediately, so that students may not be involved in any futile sacrifice of time and money.—Yours, etc.,

"THIRD YEAR MEDICAL."

Dublin, August 19th, 1925.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As an Irish doctor practising in England, I hardly can believe that the Free State Executive are mad enough to go on with their present intention. Irish doctors are finding it quite hard enough to get public appointments here; but, if the will of the Executive takes place and the "export" of Irish medical men is stopped, Heaven help the medical schools—not to mention the hospitals. The latter will not be able to be staffed with paid men, as at present they are staffed, to a certain extent, by students. The great teaching maternity hospitals of Dublin get many students from over here to go and take courses and pay fees, etc., which all go to the help of the city.

I had occasion during the past month to advertise for an assistant. I got eleven replies, six of which were from National University men. This speaks for itself. At present we who practise in England have at least the moral support of the Irish representatives on the British Medical Council. Who will represent us if the Free State breaks away? I sincerely hope that those who have the final decision will "furiously think" before they make the greatest blunder of their lives.

It is a well-known fact that it was freely said some little time ago, "Ireland for the Irish"; but now the Free State Government are moving everything to get English tourists over. Also the tariffs are not a success, not to mention the fall in the cattle exports. Let them be well advised before they throw over the medical schools. This is not a political question. It is a national one, and men who can be replaced at elections have no right to pander to a few malcontents and sacrifice their country.—Yours, etc.,

"L.R.C.S.I."

Leeds, August 18th, 1925.

THE ELECTION OF SENATORS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Subject to due regard for the claims of retiring Senators, I had intended to vote for Government nominees in the coming election. Having regard, however, to the recent Ministerial statement about medical registration, I now intend to vote for those candidates, preferably medical doctors, who give a pledge to vote against the proposed change as to medical registration.—Yours, etc.,

"ELECTOR."

Dublin, August 19th, 1925.

"UNOCCUPIED HOUSES."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I noticed in an article headed "Unoccupied Houses in South Kilkenny," in the *Irish Times* of August 17th, that it is stated that, "owing to the unrest of the past five years, many of the principal residences in South Kilkenny are unoccupied, with the result that at least 400 hands are idle"; and in the list given of the unoccupied residences Knocktopher Abbey is included. I am writing now to ask you to contradict this statement. Sir Hercules Langrishe and myself have never ceased to reside here—even through the worst times—and our wages bill is well over £1,000 a year.—Yours, etc.,

(Lady) HELEN LANGRISHE.

Knocktopher Abbey, Co. Kilkenny,

August 18th, 1925.

[We much regret our unintentional injustice to the admirable example of Sir Hercules and Lady Langrishe.—ED. *I.T.*]

TRUSTEES AND EXTERNAL INVESTMENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—On the 20th July you drew attention to a notice in the *Gazette* requiring trustees to make a return of dividends received from investments outside the Free State. The following is a copy of a statement in a letter sent to a trustee on this matter:—

"A trustee is not required to deliver a return in respect of any foreign and Colonial dividends or interest, etc., where the warrants are presented for payment through a banker or paying agent in *Saorstat Eireann*. A form of return will be issued to him on application if he receives payment of foreign and Colonial dividend or interest, etc., warrants otherwise than through the medium of a banker or paying agent in *Saorstat Eireann*."

You may think it worth while to draw the attention of the public to this qualification of the notice.—Yours, etc.,

CHARLES EASON.

80 Middle Abbey street, Dublin,

August 19th, 1925.

FREE STATE SECURITIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I shall be obliged if any of your readers, better informed than myself, can tell me in what securities within the Free State a trustee may now invest trust funds.—Yours, etc.,

"TRUSTEE."

Co. Dublin, August 18th, 1925.

MANNESMANN INTERESTS IN MOROCCO.

PARIS, Wednesday.

Advices from Tangier confirm the sale of the Mannesmann properties in Morocco. It is reported there that in exchange for these properties, the Mannesmann Brothers are obtaining important concessions in Bulgaria and Czecho-Slovakia, in addition to a large sum in cash.—(Reuter.)

MOROCCAN WAR.

MARSHAL PETAIN CERTAIN OF SUCCESS.

RIFFS PLAYING FOR TIME.

Before leaving Marseilles for Morocco yesterday, Marshal Pétain said that he was returning to Morocco with precise directions which would enable the French troops to score a definite success.

The minor engagements north of Wezzan (says Reuter) are considered to be the first steps towards securing the positions chosen by the General Staff from which to launch extensive operations against the Riffs. For purposes of policing the districts north of Taza French columns have moved forward. West of Wezzan the consolidation of the positions at Amezou and Dar Rabes is being continued, with a view to linking up the French and Spanish lines.

DSOULS SUBDUED.

The French operations in the Dsoul region continue to progress favorably according to the latest reports. All the first day's objectives were easily attained on Monday, and the advance was continued yesterday. The news is, for the time being, somewhat slow in reaching headquarters, as the French are now moving in a zone where there are no telegraphs, and information has to be brought back by aeroplanes. The political effects of Monday's success have already been felt, the Southern Dsoul tribesmen having immediately sent notables to parley with the French with a view to submission.

The Dsoul, as predicted, seem to be retreating to the North, rather than engage the French. Abd el Krim is clearly playing for time, trusting to guerilla tactics to prevent the French from obtaining a final decision before the mid-October rains.

The problem for the French is how to organise their transport most thoroughly and speedily, and it is this race against time that Marshal Pétain has set out to win. Marshal Lyautey has arrived at Wezzan to inspect the area recently cleaned up by the French and Spanish, and is meeting the Spanish Commander, General Riquelme, on Thursday.

HEAVY LOSSES.

A message from Tangier states that the Riffs have suffered serious losses before Alep and Ashimdar, on the Western front. The Jebalas are organising in view of an attack which appears imminent. Fresh Riff contingents have arrived on the Wad Lau.

RABAT, Wednesday.

The following official *communiqué* was issued by the French at Rabat yesterday:—The operations in the Dsoul country, which began on August 17th, were continued to-day in favourable conditions. While the principal French force attacked in the centre, two detachments executed an enveloping movement on the flanks, and this morning our columns joined hands and went north of the Dsoul area. The French losses are slight.

SPANISH WARSHIPS MOVE.

GIBRALTAR, Wednesday.

General Primo de Rivera visited San Lucar to-day by seaplane, returning to Algeciras in the evening in expectation of meeting Admiral Magaz, General Pruneau, General Gouraud and Colonel Freydemberg.

Subsequently Marshal Lyautey, after inspecting the ambulance station, visited the colonists in the area recently evacuated by the shelled-out tribesmen, and later proceeded to Arbacua to meet General Riquelme, the Commander of the Spanish Forces in the Larache area.

THE ADVANCE.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND TROOPS ENGAGED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

FEZ, Tuesday Night.

Twenty-five thousand French troops are moving forward in the largest operation undertaken, so far, on the North Moroccan front. Under the direction of an Army Corps the Commander in Chief is being made into the country of the Beni Douls and Beni Branes, the two most powerful of the Southerly tribes, which changed their attitude six weeks ago, and deserted the French for the Riffians, causing considerable damage and trouble in the rear of the French front line.

The country in question covers about 400 square miles, located just North of the Fez to Taza road, which the rebels have frequently cut, thus disturbing the communications, and is 70 minutes by motor from the Camp. Des Roches, 20 kilometres North of Taza, the fourth to the North and East of the rebel tribes in the region between Taza and Bab Mergui.

This last group under Colonel Naugues numbers 4,000 men, and is carrying out the most daring adventure in this campaign. It is a plunge into the deep rear of the enemy country without motor transport, and without leaving a line of communication to connect it with its jumping off place.

Colonel Naugues is reported by aeroplanes to be in the heart of the enemy's country, with rebellious armed forces to the north, south, east, and west of him. In his advance he encountered rifle fire on all sides, but no line of determined resistance, according to the air observers, to whom he flashed the signal, "all well." Aeroplanes also reported that the enemy had closed in on the rear of the Naugues force.

NO EXPERIENCE.

I was able to verify this in an unexpectedly, uncomfortable manner an hour after dawn this morning. Leaving the French base camp at Souk el Arbe de Tissa at 4 a.m. I pushed north-westwards by motor over the uneven trail in the direction of Souk Khemis, where the Naugue's column had spent the night and where I was authorised by General Naulin to join his command. The use of headlights not being allowed, progress was slow in the dark over the rock-strewn path.

In an hour I had covered only nine kilometres, reaching the barbed wire fences of the Merinissa Camp, on the Oued Lebene, but I found it abandoned. I had expected to find partisan troops here, but they had moved out earlier than had been expected. I encountered armed natives on the trail, however, who explained they were bound for the north, hoping to re-occupy the villages from which they had been driven by the Riffians.

Pink and golden hints of sunrise were barely gilding the crest of the eastern ridge when we arrived, apparently, at the trail's end in a high bank, where the river Lebene makes a sharp bend eastwards. The map, plus the litter on the ground, revealed that we had reached Khemis. Stumbling over the banks in the half-light, we bumped into several bodies of dead Arabs and mules, but did not encounter a living soul.

We were too late. Colonel Naugues and his flying column had moved on without any breakfast, and we suddenly realised that camp fires at night are not healthy in the enemy region 8 kilometres north of the last French post.

In twenty minutes we barely made one mile when we were brought to a sudden halt, and had to change our plans completely. A bullet sang across the hood of the panting car, and another kicked up a puff of dust in the trail ten feet ahead. Ten or a dozen more shots came uncomfortably near, but there were no hits. The firing came from the left; and after ten minutes' silence there came the welcome sound and sight of seven French planes flying in squadron formation in the morning sky. The were flying in our direction, and must pass almost directly over us. With the planes overhead we turned the car and speeded southwards. Despite observation from above, we drew fire from the rocky crags, but escaped untouched. I doubt if the distance back to Tissa camp was

S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED IRREGULAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

opened firm, but subsequent realis- short selling, contrasted with buying of selected shares, caused y. Railroads, Motors and Equip- dull and depressed. Mack Trucks and Railway Signal falling 3 points. orders in spots were influenced by n debt agreement and stiffer metal f the good volume of general busi- indicated by the maintenance of car loadings. National Lead ad- points and Havana Electric, Otis Westinghouse Air Brake, Inter- Harvester, Union Bag and Paper dmann Common 4 to 7 points. The ised irregular. Government Bonds Railroad Bonds irregular. The s amounted to 1,560,000 shares. on call closed steady, at 4 p.c. bid e, asked. All business was trans- 4 p.c. Sterling exchange steady, lower, at 70¾.

The value of 299,000 dols. has gned to India this week.

unt of cottonseed crushed for the 4 31st July amounted to 4,665,000

Clement, Curtis and Co. estimate yield of spring wheat will be 0 and corn 3,015,000,000 bushels.

	Wed.	Tues.
	4h. 4¾ a.	4h. 4¾ a.
on Lon. 60 days sight	4.81¾	4.81¾
Demand Bills	4.85¾	4.85¾
nsfers	4.85¾	4.85¾
Montreal	4.83¾	4.83¾
Paris, cable	4.69¾	4.68

STOCKS.	Closing Bid Prices.	Business Done.
	Wed.	Tues.
Funded	102¼	102¼
Top, Santa Fe	121	122
Preference	85½	86¼
more and Ohio	80¾	81¼
adian Pacific	145	146
Mil., and St. Paul	8¾	8¾
go and N.-West	68¼	68¾
Shares	83¾	83¾
1st Preferred	42¾	42¾
ois Central	113	113¾
sville and Nashville	116⅝	117
ouri, Kan., and Texas	41	40¾
ouri Pacific New	37¾	38¾
Ohio and Hudson R.	122¼	122⅜
folk and West Com.	139¼	139¼
thern Pacific Com.	71¾	71¾
fornia Packing	74	74¼
ada Copper	42¾	42¾
ada Southern	22¾	23
ada Southern Cement	43¾	43¾
ada Southern Cement Pref.	107	107
ada Southern Cement Pref.	107	107
ada Southern Cement Pref.	107	107

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

CLOSE FINISHES.

BEAUX YEUX'S ILL-LUCK.

ARIADNE WINS BY A HEAD.

(FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.)

BATH, Wednesday Night.

In spite of the fact that it clashed with an important meeting like Stockton, the sport here this afternoon was good all round, runners being plentiful and the proceedings enlivened by some exciting finishes. As I anticipated, the Bath Summer Handicap fell to Martin Hartigan's filly, Blairtoi. The daughter of Santoi and Blair Bridge was not so good a favourite as Shippon, Irish Molly and Flint Jack in what was a good betting race. In spite of what was thought of her in the market, she was good enough to make all the running and to win by half a length and a neck from Flint Jack, the jockeys on each of whom were putting in some vigorous work towards the finish without making much impression on Blairtoi.

It was a nice performance, and the filly evidently stays well, while Flint Jack showed that we may have again to consider his chance in the Ebor Handicap next week. Irish Molly, who finished fourth, ran her race in snatches. Blairtoi was Martin Hartigan's second winner, for he had won the opening selling race with Barclay, who only beat Lembirch by a short head.

Sir Charles Hyde ran his Bachelor's Double filly, Beaux Yeux, for the first time in the Bath Foal Stakes, and the news that she had been well tried with the Wolverhampton winner, Brazen, caused her to oust the Celandine colt, about whom odds were once asked for, from favouritism. Beaux Yeux was going well behind Idolatry, who was leading, but when the latter swung wide at the turn the favourite was carried right out. Messidor then went on, but was soon headed by the Celandine colt, who won easily by three lengths, Idolatry running on again to keep Messidor out of second place.

Moreton, who trains the Celandine colt, had another winner later when Ariadne brought off a 10 to 1 chance for him in the Sprint Handicap. This was the best finish of the day, in which Ariadne profited by a quick beginning and hung on to his advantage to win by a head and a neck from Lady B. and Papa Blinks. Dragoon, who started favourite, was slowly away.

The quasi-named Sapelippotte won the Brockham Selling Plate after making all the running, finishing three lengths in front of Polypodium. Mr. Davies Scourfield, her trainer, is often successful in Selling Two-Year-Old races at this meeting, and they always make good prices afterwards. This one went to Captain Hogg for 720 guineas, and if Fly Bee is as successful as Rummy, whom he bought out of the same stable at Bath last year, he will have made a bargain.

Digney does not run for the Grosvenor Handicap here to-morrow, in which I choose LAUGHTER TOR to win. POLLY GOOD-GAME may win the Grenville Maiden Two-Year-Old Plate.

KENTISH KNOCK has gone to Stockton to run for the Durham County Produce Plate, and though the distance is much under his best he should well Impress and Treasurer, MORALS OF MARCUS, on her running with Burnt Sienna at Nottingham, should win the Middlesborough Welter, and TURBERVILLE the Elton Two-Year-Old Plate.

GALTEE MORE.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Morals of Marcus. Double—Morals of Marcus and Turberville.

Daily Mirror :—Double—Lawn Dance colt and Turberville (nap).

Daily Graphic :—Double—Done Up and Indiscretion.

"CIVILITY."
105-106 GRAFTON STREET.
Established over Forty Years. —(Adv.)

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

The Martin Maddocks Agency have shipped the following horses to Brazil:—Thorndale, by Rivoli; a two-year-old bay colt by Hippestrain, and a bay filly by The Vizier.

Bonny Boy, by Comrade—Basso Pointe, and No Friend, by Comrade—Nothing To Do, two yearlings bought in at M. de St. Alary's sale at Deauville on Monday, will be sent to Mr. Gilpin's stables at Newmarket.

Top price at the yearling sales at Deauville was paid on Monday by M. Strassburgher, who gave 300,000 francs for Bahr el Gazel, a colt by Kircubbin—La Buire, bred by M. Corbiere. Another colt from the same stud, Le Palli, by Durbar—Poet's Star, went to M. M. de Hor for 255,000 francs.

Jockeys' engagements at Bath to-day include the following:—All-Aged Selling Plate —Canter by Green Bridge, mounted by J. Moylan 2; Abbot's Remorse (Donoghue), Coed Canlas (R. Jones). Grosvenor Handicap — Vendemiaire (A. Burns), Umtyiddy (Richards), Maraka (Donoghue), Jedington (Jones). Mountain Blue (A. Burns), Fiver (F. Lane), Monument Plate—Swift Lad (G. Richards), Dusan's Rocks (R. Perryman), Maiden Plate —Arcka (G. Richards), Jones will ride Talagwa in its selected race.

CURRAGH TRAINING NOTES.

THE CURAGH, Wednesday.

BEHAN'S Vesington, Farnham Vesington Wave and Vesington Bee came five furlongs sharply; Clough, Carnlough, Vesington Star, Nascot and Vesington Dove, heading exercise, Chanilion gallloped a mile.

COCHRANE'S Defiation and Heratius came five furlongs at half speed; Brighter London and Duleek a mile at a good pace; China Marcus, Lowvale, Plaudit, Brighter Night and Lady Benny cantered five furlongs.

PARKINSON'S Bawn-na-Glas, Wild Orb, Helen Adair, Dinette's Daughter and Princess Salome were usefully employed; Bonsky, Micabeau, Aithearel, Inchanonon and The Little Bost went five furlongs steadily.

DAWSON'S Borora was sent a mile and a quarter at half speed; Moss Deceit, Ardsallagh, Cevigne, Bachelor's Hobby and Bachelor's Trump travelled two furlongs.

HARTIGAN'S Drumlassie and Sanders galloped a mile and cantered a quarter at a nice pace; Nantenan, Fedamore, Duneen, South Sun and Marten's Prodigy cantered four furlongs steadily.

ROGERS' Starman, Aloi and The Guidon came six furlongs at half speed; Accepted was sent a like distance steadily; Portland, Filbert, Magheross, Prosperous, Pursued and Eltington five furlongs.

DOYLE'S Tipperary Boy, Wisket, Earn and Denis Orb went six furlongs; May Orb, Wontblong, Minnetonka, Scarlet Satin, Scarlet Silk and She Will five furlongs.

SELECTIONS FOR MALLOW—THURSDAY.
Mount Hilary Plate—HOMELAND.
Fermoy Plate—ROYAL KISS.
Avondhu Plate—GREEN PARK.
Gold Cup—LONGQUILL; or LOCHSHEE.
Cahirmee Plate—GREEN GORSE.
Rakes of Mallow Plate—GOLDEN CHERRY.

Additional departures for Mallow — Longquill, Vellington Maiden, 1925. Buchan's Bridge, Royal Kiss, Green Park, Green Gorse, Lomond's Lake and Miss Ross.

PROUDSTOWN PARK (NAVAN) RACES,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 21st,
STEEPLECHASES, HURDLE RACES, FLAT RACES.
FIRST RACE 3 P.M.

For special train arrangements see Great Northern and Great Southern Railway Posters.

The recent rains have benefited the course to a wonderful degree, and the going is at its best. Entries are good, and everything points to a good meeting.—(Advt.)

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Maze, Welter Handicap, Hurst Park—Cloth of Gold, Crimson Dawn.

Two Years Old Selling Plate, York—Miss Mischief colt.

Malden Hurdle Race, Folkestone—Midnight Folly.

Bath engagement—Fawn Way.

All engagements—Ardmelle (dead) and Perm.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)
DAILY EXPRESS Forecast—Derby Bet, Stockton —CEHKBIEPCKHMZI (to win).

MALLOW

OPENING DAY.

ROSEATE AIR WINS SUMMER CUP.

NO DEMAND FOR SELLING PLATERS.

The boom in racing so noticeable within the last couple of months continues to hold, and at Mallow yesterday there was a splendid attendance, which augurs well for the success of the second day, when the Tailteann Cup will be run for. The sport throughout was up to a fair standard, though in one instance only a couple of runners turned out. Considering that there are six days' racing this week, however, this was not surprising. Many improvements have been made in the stand accommodation, and the passage to the general enclosure, which permits of reaching that part without any crowding or inconvenience, was much appreciated.

Bolshevist, despite his big impost of 12st. 7lb., was generally regarded as holding a big chance in the County Cork Plate, and the only other backed with any degree of confidence was Holy Fooks. All through the race Bolshevist was galloping in free style, and once he headed St. Eminence at the second last hurdle there was never any doubt about the result. He won in the easiest style, and is evidently as good a horse as ever he was. Colin Moor and Swift Bird, who had fought out an exciting finish at the last meeting here, were afforded an opportunity of again trying conclusions in the Summer Cup Trial Stakes, but the weights were now in favour of Colin Moor, who now jumped off in front, and making every yard of the running, won in a canter, but afterwards when submitted to auction failed to elicit a bid.

Say and Most Noble were the only runners for the Gold Cup Trial Stakes, and Most Noble, with odds of 10 to 1 laid on him, cantered in front all the way and scored very easily, and in this case also the winner failed to command a bid.

There was an improvement in the quality of the sport when the Mallow Summer Cup came on for discussion. For this a field of eleven runners turned out, and the Heath-trained Leinster Wonder left off favourite. Mr. Blake's colt and Lord Wembley were always prominent in the race, as was Mayo Pan Out, but, once Roseate Air ranged alongside about half way through, it was apparent that Mr. Hartigan's representative had the foot of the opposition. The others tired in the last furlong, and Roseate Air, full of running, went on to win with something in hand. He was entered to be sold for £50, but when put up for sale there was no bidding for him.

Odds were laid on Ceylonese for the Kanturk Plate, and these were readily landed. Yukon for a long way held the lead, but two furlongs from the end was done with, and French Hero ran into second place. Donyland had an easy task to win the Buttevant Steeplechase, and as in the three preceding events with selling clauses, he was passed through the ring without evoking a bid. Details:—

3.0—THE COUNTY CORK PLATE, sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 50 sovs. added. A handicap hurdle race. 1¼ m.

Mrs. Crotty's b. g. CEYLONESE, by Barcadaile —Queen of the Hawthorns, 3, 12-7 ..... J. Dines 1
Mr. F. Burke's HOLY FOOKS, 4, 12-0 ..... Jos. Canty 2
Mr. W. J. Corbett's ALL PUT, a, 9-7 (cst. 5-0) ..... K. Lenehan 3
Mr. M. C. Collins's St. Eminence, 6, 11-4 ..... P. Power 0
Miss M. M'Donnell's Pearlmore, 6, 11-5 ..... D. Colbert 0
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Templelyon, 5, 10-9 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. D. P. O'Brien's Miss Whoop, a, 10-0 ..... D. O'Neill 0
Mr. J. G. Hartigan's Yukon, 4, 10-4 ..... J. Patman 0
Mr. D. J. Power's Silent Doon, 5, 10-4 ..... T. Sheehan, jun. 0
Mr. T. P. Maguire's Laurence, 5, 10-0 ..... J. Meaney 0
Mr. T. O'Rourke's Oliver's Mint, 7, 9-4 ..... J. Geary 0

Winner trained by T. Coombs.

Betting—13 to 8 on CEYLONESE, 5 to 2 agst. French Hero, 4 to 1 Yukon, 20 to 1 any other.

Yukon made play. Ceylonese, Luacmore, Silent Doon and Oliver's Mint filled three furlongs from home, when Ceylonese drew away and, on in a canter by ten lengths; two and a half lengths separated second and third. Yukon was fourth and Oliver's Mint fifth.

3.35—THE BUTTEVANT PLATE, a sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 100 sovs. added, of which the second receive 10 sovs. A steeplechase. Weight for age, etc. 4 m.

Mrs. M. J. Harty's br. g. DONYLAND, by Oppressor—Dolla, a., 10-0 ..... J. H. Harty 1
Mrs. H. Smyth's LADY JENATEY, a, 9-9 ..... P. Murphy 2
Sir T. Ainsworth's TAKE NOTICE, a, 10-0 ..... D. Ward 3
Col. MacCabe's Madrigal, a, 10-0 ..... Jos. Doyle 0
Mr. John O'Sullivan's Gay Cavalier, a, 10-0 ..... M. Neill 0
Mr. C. Ryan's King's Courier, a, 9-9 ..... J. Gorrigan 0
..... W. Holden 0

(Winner trained by M. J. Harty.)

Betting—6 to 4 on Take Notice, 4 to 1 agst. DONYLAND, 6 to 1 each Madrigal and Lady Jenatey, 100 to 8 any other.

Lady Jenatey made play from Take Notice, Madrigal, King's Courier, Donyland and Gay Cavalier, for half the journey, when the last-named left. At the second last fence Take Notice drew to the front, but gave way to Donyland, who won in a canter by ten lengths; a short head separated second and third. King's Courier was fourth.

There was no bid for the winner.

4.30—THE MALLOW SUMMER CUP of 500 sovs., including 50 sovs. added. A handicap. Winner receives 50 sovs, the third 25 sovs, and the fourth 10 sovs. For two years old. 5 f.

Mr. F. M. Hartigan's ALL READY, by Wildair—Roxy Ivy, 7-12 ..... P. Fitzgerald 1
Mr. L. J. Blake's LEINSTER WONDER, 8-9 ..... M. Wing 2
Mrs. J. Colbert's LITTLE VERA, 7-12 ..... J. Dines 3
Mr. J. Cahill's Greenan's War, 9-5 ..... M. Morgan, jun. 0
Mr. W. A. Wallis' Lord Wembley, 9-3 ..... Jas. Doyle 0
Mr. D. J. Parkinson's Protectionist, 8-13 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. D. Mahony's Cheemist, 8-7 ..... J. Patman 0
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Bally Boe, 8-7 ..... W. Holden 0
Mr. N. J. Grene's Lisnamoe, 8-7 ..... J. Moylan 0
Mr. J. M'Cann's Lugrane, 8-5 ..... J. Meaney 0
Mrs. T. Coombe's May Pan Out, 7-12 ..... K. Lenehan 0

Winner trained by Owner.

Betting—3 to 1 agst. Miss Wander, 4 to 1 Protectionist, 5 to 1 ROSEATE AIR, 6 to 1 Bally Boe, 8 to 1 each Lord Wembley, 100 to 8 Little Vera or any other.

May Pan Out jumped off from Protectionist, Roseate Air, Lord Wembley, Leinster Wonder, Say Song and Little Vera, but, after two furlongs Roseate Air drew into the lead, followed by Lord Wembley, Protectionist, Little Vera and Leinster Wonder, and, making the remainder of the running, won by a length and a neck; three lengths separated second and third. May Pan Out was fourth, Lord Wembley fifth, Protectionist sixth, War Song seventh and Bally Boe next.

There was no bid for the winner.

5.0—THE KANTURK PLATE, a sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 60 sovs. added. A flat race. Weight for age, etc. 1¼ m.

Mrs. T. Coombs' br. g. CEYLONESE, by Willonyx—Excelita, 6, 10-9 ..... Jos. Fitzgerald 1
Mr. T. Berney's FRENCH HERO, 3, 8-4 ..... Jos. Canty 2
Mr. T. P. O'Neill's LUACMORE, 3, 9-4 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. D. P. O'Brien's Woo Whoop, a, 10-0 ..... D. O'Neill 0
Mr. J. G. Hartigan's Yukon, 4, 10-4 ..... J. Patman 0
Mr. D. J. Power's Silent Doon, 5, 10-4 ..... T. Sheehan, jun. 0
Mr. T. P. Maguire's Laurence, 5, 10-0 ..... J. Meaney 0
Mr. T. O'Rourke's Oliver's Mint, 7, 9-4 ..... J. Geary 0

Winner trained by T. Coombs.

Betting—13 to 8 on CEYLONESE, 5 to 2 agst. French Hero, 4 to 1 Yukon, 20 to 1 any other.

Yukon made play. Ceylonese, Luacmore, Silent Doon and Oliver's Mint, till three furlongs from home, when Ceylonese drew away and, on in a canter by ten lengths; two and a half lengths separated second and third. Yukon was fourth and Oliver's Mint fifth.

5.25—THE BUTTEVANT PLATE, a sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 100 sovs. added, of which the second receive 10 sovs. A steeplechase. Weight for age, etc. 4 m.

Mrs. M. J. Harty's br. g. DONYLAND, by Oppressor—Dolla, a., 10-0 ..... J. H. Harty 1
Mrs. H. Smyth's LADY JENATEY, a, 9-9 ..... P. Murphy 2
Sir T. Ainsworth's TAKE NOTICE, a, 10-0 ..... D. Ward 3
Col. MacCabe's Madrigal, a, 10-0 ..... Jos. Doyle 0
Mr. John O'Sullivan's Gay Cavalier, a, 10-0 ..... M. Neill 0
Mr. C. Ryan's King's Courier, a, 9-9 ..... J. Gorrigan 0
..... W. Holden 0

(Winner trained by M. J. Harty.)

Betting—6 to 4 on Take Notice, 4 to 1 agst. DONYLAND, 6 to 1 each Madrigal and Lady Jenatey, 100 to 8 any other.

Lady Jenatey made play from Take Notice, Madrigal, King's Courier, Donyland and Gay Cavalier, for half the journey, when the last-named left. At the second last fence Take Notice drew to the front, but gave way to Donyland, who won in a canter by ten lengths; a short head separated second and third. King's Courier was fourth.

There was no bid for the winner.

TAILTEANN GOLD CUP.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

The big attraction to-day is the valuable Tailteann Gold Cup, which, as befits its importance, looks like providing an exceptionally fine race. The following are the

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS.

VESINGTON KING (Mr. H. M. Hartigan), b. c., by Rei Herode—Vetonah (Owner) ..... 4 9-10 ..... Jos. Canty
GRAVE FAIRY (Mrs. T. Coombs), br. m., by Grave Greek—Mountain Fairy (Coombs) ..... 5 9-0 ..... Jos. Fitzgerald
LONGQUILL (Mr. P. P. O'Reilly), ch. c., by Longtown—Grey Hen (Fotherston. Holden) ..... 5 8-13 ..... T. Burns
LOCHSHEE (Mr. F. S. Myerscough), ch. g., by Loch Lomond—Killashee (Trordreil) ..... 7 8-11 ..... J. Dines
PROSPICE (Major Dixon), b. g., by Zria—The Pie (Dawson) ..... 5 8-11 ..... James Doyle
LOUGH ENNEL (Mr. M. J. Cleary), br. c., by Junior—Lowgill (Dawson) ..... 4 8-9 ..... T. Treacy
"1922" (Capt. J. G. Hornsby), b. h., by Sir Rowland—Linger Longer Lucy ..... 6 8-4 ..... T. Morgan
OYGDAR (Mr. C. L. Mackean), b. g., by Cyrnus—Dark Eyes (Jeffery), 5, C. Sowerby
MAY BUSH (Mrs. Crotty), br. f., by By George—Queen of the Hawthorns (Usher), 3, 8-5 ..... M. Wing
TREDINA (M. J. H. C. Bartholomew), ch. f., by Tredennis — Faithful Donna (Owner) ..... 4 8-4 ..... —
KING'S FALLOCH (Col. Hosier), br. c., by King's Ransom—Little Falloch ..... 4 8-4 ..... D. Quirke
*POMPONIOUS (Mr. P. J. Bourn), b. c., by Pommern—Frusquin's Pride (Owner), 3-0 ..... —
LOMOND'S LAKE (Mr. F. W. Shaw), ch. c., by Loch Lomond—Happy Hours (Parkinson), 3, 7-8 ..... J. Redmond
MAYNOOTH (Mrs. E. M. Crofts), b. or br. c., by Rosewell—Mary Melton (Dawson), 3, 7-8 ..... J. Patman

The withdrawal of Jicky, due to her having contracted a cough, is a disappointment to her connections, for, fit and well, she must have taken a lot of beating. I have no fancy for Vesington King or Grave Fairy, who only scrambled home a neck in front of King's Falloch at the Curragh June Meeting, giving 3lb., whereas now she has to concede to Colonel Hosier's horse 10lb. Lough Ennel, who finished second, beaten a short head by Churchtown, in the race last year, has now 1st. 7lb. more to carry, and the task may prove beyond his compass. This brings one to Longquill and Lochshee, both of which have shown consistently good form, and it should be a near thing as between the pair for the chief spoils. Cygdar, King's Falloch, and Prospice also have claims to consideration, but it may be best to stand

LONGQUILL,

to whom **Lochshee** and **Cygdar** read the chief danger.

Other selections are appended:—
Mount Hilary Plate—**Homeland.**
Fermoy Plate—**Royal Kiss.**
Avondhu Plate—**Green Park** or **Stripes.**
Cahirmee Plate—**Ceylonese**; if absent, **Green Gorse.**
Rakes of Mallow Plate—**Max** or **Kilbarry.**

3.0—THE MOUNT HILARY PLATE, a sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 50 sovs. added. A handicap hurdle race. 1¾ m.

	Age. st. lb.
SAY (Mr. C. Rose)	Moss 4 12 7
DUKE OF MONACHAN (10th, ex.) (Mr. W. Hughes)	Dawson 4 12 3
TRIM BOATS (Mr. J. O'Flynn)	Jameson 4 12 0
COURT PICTURE (Mr. M. C. Collins)	Owner a 12 0
DINTIA (Mr. T. Rae)	Owner a 11 12
FALLAGREEN (10th, ex.) (Mr. J. Usher)	Owner a 11 10
HOMELAND (Mr. Harry)	H. Harty a 11 7
FIGHTING BIRD (Mr. A. H. Lodge)	Collins 5 11 0
BRAEMAR (Mr. J. J. Foley)	Owner a 10 10
LITTLE ALICE (10th, ex.) (Mr. W. Parkinson)	Dawson 4 10 7
FIGHTING LIGHTS (Mr. H. P. Evans)	Owner a 10 7
HARLEY STREET (Mr. J. Hamilton)	Jameson a 10 3
PETIT BEAU (Capt. Maher)	Lenehan a 10 3
MASTER BLANCHETTE (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner a 10 2
SOMERFORD (Mr. W. J. Hilliard)	Owner 5 10 0
DONEGAL BOY (Mr. W. O'Connell)	Holden 4 10 0

3.25—THE FERMOY PLATE of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 20 sovs. For two years old. 5 f.

	st. lb.
BUCHAN'S BRIDGE (Mr. W. Morphy)	Morgan 8 13
KILKENNY BOY (Mr. C. Collins)	Owner 9 0
100 WILL DO (Mr. J. Cahill)	Jameson 9 0
ROYAL KISS (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 9 0
ELOQUENT (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 9 0
SWEET HONORA (Mr. Cuberti)	Smullen 8 11
ON WITH THE DANCE (Mr. E. A. Bowring)	Collins 8 11
LINETTE (Mr. H. J. Kirwan)	Collins 8 11
BATTLE CORNER (Mr. H. M. Read)	Moss 8 11
LOUGH GUIR (Colonel)	R. O'Driscoll 8 11
GOOD-BYE (Mr. J. T. Rogers)	Dawson 8 11
ATHGARRET (Lt.-Col. O'Malley-Keyes)	Dawson 8 11
AURANIA (Mr. C. M'Mullan)	Coombs 8 11
DERRYMORE (8th) (Mr. F. C. Weyer)	Dawson 8 11
RIGHTING (Mr. R. Rose)	Moss 8 8
AUTUMN LILY (6th) (Mr. H. Sheehan)	Dawson 8 8

3.50—THE AVONDHU PLATE, a sweepstakes of 1 sov. each, with 60 sovs. added. A handicap. 15 f. 63 yards.

	Age. st. lb.
WIPPERARY BOY (10th ex.) (Mr. John Usher)	Owner 6 9 12
GREY POINT (10th ex.) (Mr. W. O'Donnell)	Dawson 6 9 11
NOBLE PRINCE (Mr. P. Burke)	Perry 4 9 12
COLIN MOOR (10th ex.) (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 4 9 12
ATOI (Mr. C. Roche)	Owner a 9 10
CAPTAIN WARRIOR (Mr. O'Keefe)	Collins 4 9 7
GREEN PARK (Mr. P. Hogan)	Parkinson 4 9 7
HAPPY PRINCE (Mr. J. Cummins)	Staunton 4 9 7
INVER RIVER (Mrs. Carter)	Jeffs 4 9 7
HONOUR (Mr. Herbert Musker)	Parkinson 5 9 7
CLEE HOLL (Mr. J. Lowry)	Dawson 4 9 7
SMART PARADE (Mr. G. Rose)	Dawson 4 9 7
MISS HARRIS (Mr. A. Lowry)	Dawson 3 9 7
MUTUAL (Mr. C. Fassnidge)	Gleeson 3 9 7
CASTLE KNOCK (Mr. G. Rose)	Dawson 3 9 7

4.30—THE TAILTEANN GOLD CUP of 1,000 sovs., including 100 sovs. added. A handicap of 100 sovs., or special, at the option of the winner, of which the second receives 150 sovs., the third 75 sovs. and the fourth 15 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. 4 m.

	Age. st. lb.
CLONESPOE (Mr. N. J. Greene (5th ex.)	Moss 6 12 0
FRATER (H.H. Aga Khan)	R. Dawson 6 11 10
VESINGTON KING (Mr. H. M. Hartigan)	Owner 4 9 10
GRAVE FAIRY (Mrs. T. Coombs)	Coombs 4 9 9
LONGQUILL (Mr. P. P. O'Reilly)	Coombs 5 9 9
LONG QUILL (Mr. P. P. O'Reilly)	Coombs 5 9 0
LOCHSHEE (Mr. F. S. Myerscough)	Forde 7 9 0
CYGDAR (Mr. C. L. Mackean)	Jeffery 5 9 0
LOUGH ENNEL (Mr. M. J. Cleary)	Dawson 4 9 0
"1922" (Capt. J. G. Hornsby)	Morgan 5 8 6
KING FALLOCH (Colonel Hosier)	Hogan 6 8 6
OYGDAR (Mr. C. L. Mackean)	Jeffery 5 8 6
PROSPICE (Major Dixon)	Dawson 5 8 6
TREDINA (M. J. H. C. Bartholomew)	Owner 4 8 6
POMPONIOUS (Mr. P. J. Bourn)	Owner 4 8 0
DUNDEIN (Mr. Dixon)	Dawson 4 8 0
FATHER TOM (Mr. J. J. Parkinson) (5th ex.)	Owner 4 8 0
LOUVIX (Mr. R. J. Dupree)	Staunton 4 7 6
MOTHER PROSPECT'S MAID (Mr. ..... White)	Dawson 5 7 6
LOMOND'S LAKE (Mr. F. W. Shaw)	Owner 3 7 6
MAYNOOTH (Mrs. E. M. Crofts)	Dawson 3 7 6
NOBLE PRINCE (Mr. P. Burke)	Perry 4 7 0
COLIN MOOR (10th ex.) (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 4 7 0

ARRIVALS—Prospice, Liguria, Maynooth, Tony Lad, Corn Stores, Lough Ennel, Kilbarry, Holy Fooks, Madrigal, Most Noble, Lizzie Vera, Cyclonese, Grave Fairy, May Pan Out, Tony M., Stripes, Roseate Air, Lord Wembley, Luacmore, Bonnie Prospect, Colin Moor, Protectionist, Bally Boe, Templetyon, Vesington King, Lochshee, Longquill, Noble Prince, Buchan's Bridge, Royal Kiss, Green Park, Green Gorse, Lomond's Lock, Miss Ross.

STOCKTON RESULTS.

1.45—NORTON SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. 5 f.

Mr. L. F. Fattorini's br. g. CHARITY LAND, by Land League—Charity, 6, 8-4 ..... A. Lindborg 1
Mr. James Hassan's ARCHERESS, 3, 7-10 ..... E. Roberts 2
Mrs. E. Reynolds's BLUE SOL, 5, 7-13 ..... T. Weston 3

Also ran—Royal M (J. Taylor), Dear Herod (J. Thwaites), Mooning (D. Bonham), Brave Lassie (F. Hodges), Bonnie Doon (A. Balding), Lord Penzance (C. Smirke), Peace Declared (H. Wragg), Daybrook (R. Perryman), Credit (W. Alford), French Bean (G. Harwood), Double Gift (J. Harding), Benedict (A. Orme), Aggravation (D. Morris), Tommy Grey (M. McMinn), Serves All (J. Marshall). Off 1.43. (Winner trained by Pollock.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—5 to 2 agst. CHARITY LAND, 5 to 1 Lord Penzance, 6 to 1 Bonnie Doon, 7 to 1 Brave Lassie, 8 to 1 Blue Sol, 10 to 1 each Archeress and Aggravation, 100 to 7 any other. "Sporting Life"—Same.

Won by a neck; half a length. Lord Penzance was fourth and Brave Lassie last.

The winner was bought in for 300 guineas.

2.15—MANDALE SELLING PLATE of 300 sovs. 7 f.

Mr. A. C. Harrison's br. h. SPARTLETON, by Diadumenos—Finlay Creek, 6, 8-6 ..... F. Wadsworth 1
Mr. V. T. Thompson's HEAH, 4, 8-8 ..... F. Winter 2
Mr. E. T. O'Sullivan's CALL ALICE, 5, 8-5 ..... T. Hodges 3

Also ran—Mardi Gras (E. Roberts), Yougou (H. Wragg), Johnny Roebuck (C. Smirke), Inverveigh (R. Carslake), Astronomical (G. Hulme), Lender (Haynes), Restoration (J. Leach), Ruhr (J. Taylor), Perception (C. Parker). Off 2.18. (Winner trained by T. Webb.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—4 to 1 each agst. SPARTLETON and Heah, 5 to 1 Call Alice, 6 to 1 each Inverveigh and Yougou, 8 to 1 Restoration, 10 to 1 Ruhr, 100 to 7 any other. "Sporting Life"—Same.

Won by a length and a half; same. Ruhr was fourth and Johnny Roebuck last.

The winner was sold to Hon. G. Lambton for 700 guineas.

2.45—ZETLAND PLATE of 300 sovs. Second 25 sovs. 1¼ m.

M. M. Calmann's b. c. TOURNESOL, by Galesborough—Soliste, 3, 9-2 ..... F. Bullock 1
Mr. John Bell's GREAT SAND, 3, 8-2 ..... H. Wragg 2
Mr. H. Morris's FULFIL, 3, 8-9 ..... J. Beasley 3

Also ran—Bryn Rossett (G. Heims), Whinpark (C. Smirke). Off 2.45. (Winner trained by A. Taylor.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—4 to 1 on TOURNESOL, 8 to 1 agst. Bryn Rossett, 10 to 1 Great Sand, 20 to 1 any other. "Sporting Life"—Same.

Won by a length and a half; half a length. Whinpark was last.

3.15—HARDWICKE PLATE of 300 sovs. Breeder of winner receives 100 sovs.; owner and breeder of second each 50 sovs. Two years old. 5 f.

Lord Lascelles's b. c. ST. JEROME, by Friar Marcus—Philosophy, 8-9 ..... J. Childs 1
Lord Derby's RAINBOW BRIDGE, 8-8 ..... T. Weston 2
Mr. H. Leader's MAUD MUSK F., 7-11 ..... H. Leach 3
Miss G. S. Cliff's Lady Bayardo f., 8-10 ..... E. Roberts 0
Mr. Sol Joel's Polangus, 8-9 ..... H. Wragg 0
H.M. Aga Khan's Roshun, 8-9 ..... R. Carslake 0
Mr. D. Crossman's Tor Achilty, 8-5 ..... R. Burke 0
Major J. B. Foster's Forest Dance, 8-2 ..... J. Thwaites 0
Mr. H. William's Bella Regina, 7-11 ..... A. Brand 0
Mr. S.16. (Winner trained by W. R. Jarvis.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—13 to 8 agst. Rainbow Bridge, 3 to 1 Maud Musk f., 4 to 1 Hello, 100 to 7 any other. "Sporting Life"—Same.

Won by a head; two lengths. Oakwood was fourth and Lone Farm last.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

The Durham County Produce Plate is the principal item on to-day's card. The only horses likely to give the least pretensions to class left in at the last forfeit were Bucellas and Kentish Knock, and of these the former has lately been struck out. That would have probably kept Mrs. Arthur James's colt on the move. We cannot expect much of the field for the Middlesbrough Handicap. Firouze Mahal is set to concede 6lb. to Morals of Marcus, who obtained a good share of running up when running second to Burnt Sienna (gave 8lb.) at Nottingham, with the consistent Thistle Bud (gave 15lb.) two lengths behind the pair. Rouleau, on the 7st. 10lb. mark, is entitled to a certain amount of consideration, but on his Kempton form of last week he should not beat Morals of Marcus. Selections are as follow:—

Middlesbrough Handicap — **Morals of Marcus.**
Wilton Welter—**Polish Saint.**
Billingham Handicap—**Corcel** or **Scorpio.**
Durham County Plate—**Kentish Knock.**
Thornaby Plate—**Tondeleyo.**
Elton Plate—**White Iris**; if absent, **Turberville.**

1.45—MIDDLESBROUGH WELTER HANDICAP of 600 sovs. Second 100 sovs. 5 f.

	Age. st. lb.
FIROUZE MAHAL (H.H. Aga Khan)	R. Dawson 3 9 2
SWEET ROCKET (Lord Londonderry)	R. Perryman 3 8 13
ST. GIRONETTE (Lady Barbara Smith)	W. Waugh 3 8 11
MORALS OF MARCUS (Mr. Glasspool)	C. Leader 4 8 10
RONEY GUIDE (Mr. C. E. R. Wyam)	J. Rhodes 4 8 9
GRAND LADY (Lord Glanely)	Barling 4 8 5
ROULEAU (Mr. Sol Joel)	Earl 3 7 10
TOO EAGER (Lady Green)	Bennett 6 7 10

The horses were broken before a start was effected. Pasha was attended by Greek Bachelor, Ali Green, Brixton, Zaza, Sweet Rocket, Lemstar, Jicky and Red Theo, with Flying World in the rear, for a quarter of a mile, when Lemstar went on second, just clear of Ali Green, Zaza, Greek Bachelor, Rex Hill, Brixton, and Sweet Rocket. Entering the straight Ali Green and Lemstar challenged with Pasha, the fast-named taking command a quarter of a mile from home, followed by Zaza and Brixton, and winning by three lengths; a head separated second and third. Sweet Rocket was fourth, Dropitin fifth, Greek Bachelor sixth, Rex Hill seventh, Lemstar eighth, Red Theo ninth, and Darragh last. Flying World broke a blood vessel, and his jockey dismounted before reaching the post.

4.15—LAMBTON T.Y.O. STAKES of 5 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added. Second 25 sovs. 5 f.

Mr. N. Field's br. f. SLENDERLINE, by Rockfella—Cobweb, 8-9 ..... J. Leach 1
Mr. F. F. Heybourn's WHITE IRIS, 8-7 ..... R. Carslake 2
Lord Barnby's STOLEN CUP f., 8-10 ..... G. Hulme 3
Mr. Astin—FAIR Fairy (G. Walsh), Ambleside (H. Wragg). Off 4.16. (Winner trained by F. Archer.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—7 to 4 on White Iris, 4 to 1 agst. Fast Fairy, 9 to 2 Ambleside, 6 to 1 Stolen Cup, 8 to 1 SLENDERLINE. "Sporting Life"—Same.

Won by a neck; a length and a half. Ambleside was last.

4.45—COUNTY STAND HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Second 35 sovs. 6 f.

Mr. F. F. Finn's br. h. FAIRY ELF, by Fairy King—Vyvyan, 4, 8-11 ..... J. Leach 2
Mr. L. Brook's NESABOURG, 5, 8-4 ..... H. Wragg 2
Mr. W. Riley Smith's LOLITA, 5, 6-2 ..... H. Bancroft 3

Also ran—Rack Stair (H. Jelliss), Gentleman (J. Taylor), Hello (J. Marshall), Lone Farm (W. Birch), Oakwood (G. Walsh), Mourne (A. Orme), Doubler (W. Alford). Off 4.45. (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—"Sporting Chronicle"—7 to 4 agst. Rack Stair, 11 to 4 Nesabourg,

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HERRIES
FIVE STAR
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...DIES' AUTUMN
...TWEEDS and
...VERT COATINGS
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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

TONE AND COMMENT.

DUBLIN DULL.

There was in a measure a further gathering of depression in more than one local direction on Change yesterday. Government National Loans were sellers at fresh declines owing to surrounding worries. British Funds, on the other hand, developed further strength, and were bid for in anticipation of still easier money. Banks were dull, and on offer. Bank of Ireland Stock was rather freely on sale, but support at the moment was meagre. Nationals were wanted at 90, or ¼ under last marking. Hibernians and Munsters remain dull at last prices. Among Breweries, Guinness Ord. were again just the turn easier. Dublin Distillers also closed on offer. Grand Canal Shares and Dundalk Steam remain more or less sellers. Home Rails were again a disappointing market, with support almost fitful owing to loss of confidence. Great Southern Deb. Stock gave way further, and the Ord. did not quite hold the previous day's rally. The Pref. and Guaranteed were without recovery. Great Northern closed rather buyers at 30, the previous day's low point record.

Dunlop Rubber Ord. were rather realised, but were well held. Parent Trust issues were firm, but only odd lots changed hands. Manufacturing Shares were very little changed, but Courtaulds opened under sale pressure, and were realised down to 125s. to secure profits, when buying orders developed, and the market closed over the initial level. Imperial Tobaccos and Coats Ord. both closed firm. Bleachers further eased, but Dyers and Lever Bros. Pref. issues were quietly supported. An odd lot of Parkes Pref. was picked up at half-price. Chartered again improved.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET

RISE IN GODFREY PHILLIPS.

The volume of business transacted in the London Stock markets yesterday continued on a small scale, while a slightly irregular tendency was manifest. There were, however, several good features. Gilt-edged securities hardened, but final quotations, with the exception of the War Loan Fives, which were again on the up grade, were not altered to any extent. Home Rails marked a welcome recovery, and although the best levels were not held, final figures were better on balance. The improvement in French Loans provided the principal feature in Foreign Government Stocks, the Fives and the Fours both rallying smartly on the favourable showing made by the latest foreign trade figures. As regards the rest of the market, a generally steady tone prevailed, and closing values were much the same as before. Among Colonial and Foreign Rails, Argentines suffered a slight set-back, three of the leading stocks being ¼ lower at the close. A quiet tone characterised Industrial markets. Courtaulds weakened further at the commencement, but rallied later. Other Textiles also exhibited an easier tendency. Among Tobaccos a good business was put through in Godfrey Phillips, the price reaching 72s. 5½d. at one time, and they closed substantially higher. Among Mines, Platinum shares were bought from the Cape, and higher levels were marked. Oils displayed some irregularity, and prices eased off during the early part of the day. Price movements in the Rubber share market were somewhat irregular, but a better tendency prevailed at the close of the day, and the slight majority of alterations were in favour of holders. The quotation for spot rubber was 3s. 6d. per lb.

AMALGAMATED DENTAL.

In January last the board of the Amalgamated Dental Company was reconstituted, and the administration of the combined business did not become effective until after the close of the 1924 accounts. Operations in the past year were in effect carried on as two separate concerns, but the trading results of Claudius Ash, Sons and Co. and De Trey and Co. are shown in combined form. Net profits amounted to £195,489. After providing for the full dividend on the 8 per cent. Preferred Shares and placing £40,000 to reserve, £14,251, against £13,756, is carried forward. Net profits of Claudius Ash and De Trey for 1923 amounted to £180,105. The amount of E.P.D. due by De Trey and Co. has not yet been settled with the Inland Revenue authorities.

KUKICHERRA TEA.

The directors of the Kukicherra Tea Company announce that the referendum to shareholders regarding the sub-division of the Ordinary Shares of £10 each into shares of £1 each resulted in a majority against sub-division. The authorised capital is £100,000, half being in 6 per cent. Preference and half Ordinary, and £25,000 of each class has been subscribed and called up.

THE OUTLOOK FOR TEA.

The public auctions of the new season's teas have not opened well. There is, as before, an excellent demand for teas of high quality, but the lower grades are in considerable over-supply, and the market in them is weak. According to the Board of Trade Returns, the stocks held in the United Kingdom at the end of July totalled 163½ million pounds, against 119 millions a year ago, and 113 millions at the end of July, 1923. Until these accumulations are absorbed, the poorer grades are not likely to fetch satisfactory prices. The Indian Tea Association estimates that the crop to the end of July was 136½ million pounds, in comparison with 115 millions for the same period of 1924. Home consumption and the Continental export trade remain steady, but the total imports of tea into the United States are down, although America is taking larger quantities of Indian and Ceylon teas and smaller quantities of Japan and China teas. The best tea companies are still doing well, but (says *Truth*) the producers of low-grade teas will show smaller profits this year, and calculations regarding the latter should not be based on last year's earnings and dividends.

The coupons of Republic of Cuba 5 per cent. Gold Bonds of 1904, due September 1, and the drawn bonds may be presented at Schroder and Co.'s office, 145 Leadenhall street, E.C. 3, between 11 and 2 o'clock.

OIL OUTPUT.

Venezuelan Oil Concessions.—Production for the week ended August 15, 1925, as follows:—La Rosa, 11,216 m. tons; Maracaibo District, 2,857 m. tons.

TRAFFICS.

United Railways of Havana.—Week to August 15, £57,414; decrease, £10,643. Rangoon Electric Tramway and Supply.—June, net earnings, Rs. 280,960; increase, Rs. 64,008. Central Argentine Railway.—Week to August 15, £223,000; increase, £4,000. Leopoldina Railway.—Week to August 15, £44,375; increase, £2,365. Argentine North Eastern Railway.—Week to August 15, £14,100; increase, £3,200. Buenos Ayres Western Railway.—Week to August 15, £78,000; decrease, £20,000. Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway.—Week to August 15, £133,000; decrease, £8,000. Entre Rios Railways.—Week to August 15, £20,300; increase, £800. Central Uruguay Railway.—Week to August 15, £23,875; increase, £5,244. Ditto Eastern Extension.—Week to August 15, £4,975; increase, £1,440. Ditto Northern Extension.—Week to Aug. 15, £3,029; increase, £1,267. Ditto Western Extension.—Week to August 15, £2,354; increase, £184. Underground Electric Railways Company of London.—Week to August 15, Common Fund Companies, £244,540; decrease, £17,734; January 1, £8,107,764; increase, £420,746. London and Suburban Traction Group, £53,612; decrease, £5,073; January 1, £1,353,667; decrease, £50,733. Bengal-Nagpur Railway.—Week to July 25, Rs. 1,394,000; decrease, Rs. 504,000. Buenos Ayres Lacroze Tramways.—Week to August 16, £12,877; decrease, £696. Buenos Aires Central Railway.—Week to August 16, £14,405; increase, £1,575. Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway.—Week to August 16, £187,099; decrease, £7,000, including £11,000 approximate gross receipts Bahia Blanca and North Western Railway Co., Ltd. Buenos Ayres Electric Tramways.—Week to August 15, £14,625; decrease, £476. London, Midland and Scottish Railway.—Week to August 16, £1,658,000; decrease, £84,000; 33 weeks, £48,687,000; decrease, £701,000. Great Western Railway.—Week to August 15, £979,000; decrease, £60,000; 33 weeks, £18,378,000; decrease, £583,000. Paraguay Central Railway.—Week to August 15 £3,620, increase £1,310. Beira Railway, June £100,956, increase £20,389; London and North Eastern Railway, week to August 15 £1,321,000, decrease £60,000, 33 weeks £36,210,000, decrease £663,000; Southern Railway, week to August 16 £998,000, decrease £8,000; Madras and Southern Mahratta, week to July 25 Rs.1,410,000, increase Rs.34,431; South Indian, week to July 25 Rs.942,949, increase Rs.334,120; Mashonaland Railway, June £160,852, increase £39,655; Rhodesia Railways, June £153,466, increase £43,735.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

REPUBLIC OF CUBA FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 1904.

EXTERNAL DEBT.

Notice is hereby given that the Coupons due on the 1st September next and the Drawn Bonds, the numbers of which have already been advertised, may be presented at the Counting House of Messrs. J. Henry Schroder and Co., 145 Leadenhall street, E.C.3, between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock.

London, 19th August, 1925.

LONDON MOVEMENTS.

A generally firm tone was displayed in the gilt-edged market, but price movements were few and, for between. Among War Loans the Fives reached 101¾, or ¼ higher than the overnight level, while others were firm, but without material alteration. Among Colonial Government Stocks, Nigeria 6 p.c. at 113 were a point higher. In the Foreign Government Stock Market French Loans were higher on the favourable foreign trade figures. The Fives jumped ¾ to 15¾ x.d., while the Fours at 12½ were ¼ higher. Reconstruction Loans were firm, but without further alteration, while Brazilian Stocks were also repeated at their higher levels. Eastern issues were quiet, as were Peruvians. Egyptian Unified at 83 were ¼ better than their previous figure.

RAILS FIRMER.

A distinctly firmer tone was manifest in Home Rails during the early part of the day, and although prices slipped back slightly later, the majority of alterations were in favour of holders. Great Westerns gained a point to 86 x.d., while Midlands marked an improvement of ½ to 75¾ x.d. North-Eastern Preferred Ordinary and Deferred Ordinary both finished unaltered after being active, while Metropolitans also closed at overnight quotations. Underground Ordinary shed ¼ to 24¾, but others were unchanged.

ARGENTINES LOWER.

In Colonial and Foreign Rails Argentines reacted slightly, the leading stocks closing a turn lower. Buenos Ayres Great Southern dropped ¼ to 84¾, while the Pacific at 84¾ and the Western at 78 were also both ¼ easier. Canadian Pacifics were held at 149, while Grand Trunk Pacific 4 p.c. Debs. were also without movement. The 4 p.c. Guaranteed at 80, and the 4 p.c. Perp. Debs. also at 80, however, were both a point to the good. Central Uruguay put on ¼ to 71¾, while Entre Rios Ord. and 6 p.c. Cum. Pref. both closed ¼ to the good. Leopoldina Ord. put on a further ½ to 32. United Havana, on the other hand, eased the turn to 10¾, or ¼ down, while Cordoba Central 2nd Pref. at 36½ were also ½ below the overnight figure.

RUBBER SHARES STRONGER.

A slightly better tendency was manifest in the Rubber Share Market yesterday, but price movements, although higher on balance, were of a somewhat irregular character. The quotation for rubber remained at 3s. 6d. per lb. for spot and August. A fair amount of business was put through, and while a number of issues finished the day at slightly lower levels the majority of alterations were in favour of holders. Anglo-Sumatra rallied smartly to 75s. 9d., or 3s. 9d. better, while Dunlop at 26s. 10½d. were 1s. 1½d. better than the overnight figure. Linggi were a good spot, and they closed at an advance of 1s. 3d. to 42s., while Malacca jumped to 64s. 10½d., or 1s. 7½d. higher. United Sua Betong Ord. hardened to 87s., or 1s. better, while the New rose 2s. 6d. to 84s. Yam Seng at 4s. were 3d. better than the overnight figure. Other quotations were an exceptionally weak market, and here a decline of 1s. 3d. was recorded, the final figure being no better than 45s.

OIL SHARES IDLE.

From the point of view of the volume of transactions, the Oil Share Market differed but little from the preceding day, business in all directions being of an extremely small character, with little influence upon quotations. Moreover, with the holiday season in full swing and with the approach of the carry-over, there appears little prospect of much improvement in the moment. In the circumstances it was not surprising that there were no outstanding features. Overnight advices from New York afforded no assistance to the market on this side, lower prices being quoted in that centre on Tuesday for Royal Dutch, Shells and Anglo-Americans. Leading issues fluctuated within narrow limits, and where losses occurred they were due rather to lack of interest than to selling pressure. The latest cut in Pennsylvania crude cannot be said to have influenced the market to any appreciable extent.

TEA SHARES DULL.

The volume of business in the Tea Share market remained on an extremely small scale, while a heavy tone predominated. No movements were not numerous, but with a few small exceptions they were generally in the downward direction, most of the leading issues being distinctly easier. Amalgamated Estates dropped a further ¾, while Borelli at 79s. 4½ were 3s. 7½d. below the overnight level. Consolidated Tea and Lands continued heavy, and the final figure was a further ½ lower at 2s. Dooms Doome eased further to 9s., or 1s. 9d. lower, while East India and Ceylon lost practically the whole of the previous day's improvement, being quoted down to 53s. 9d. Eastern Produce shed 2s., as did Imperial.

INDUSTRIALS QUIET.

Conditions ruling in the Miscellaneous and Industrial markets yesterday were much the same as on the preceding day. No decided tendency was displayed, though one or two sections which have shown to advantage of late exhibited renewed strength.

The poor report issued by Dunlop Morris, Ltd., had a depressing effect on the shares. The Ordinary fell more than 1s., and the Preferences gave way to 9s. Other textiles were dull. Bradford Dyers came on offer, and fell 1s., while Bleachers also lost that much. Calico Printers suffered from profit-taking, falling 6d. to 35s. 6d., and a similar loss was seen in Fine Spinners to 48s. 9d. Silk Shares were also on offer, Courtaulds further weakened to 6½, or ⅛ lower, owing to sales connected with a decreased account, and the Prefs. lost 6d. at £1. Celanese Prefs. eased to 12s. 9d.

Electrical manufacturing issues received fresh support. Generals were singled out for special attention, rising 1s. to 26s. 3d. Coal and Iron descriptions were inclined to sag in the absence of support. Except for Indo-China Deferred, which dropped ½ to 9½, Shipping securities ruled firm. Steady support was again forthcoming for Insurance Shares, as a result of which prices were appreciated. Bank Shares had a firmer appearance. The Wireless group kept up, with Marconi Marines 3d. better at 17s. 6d. With the exception of Watney Deferred, which fell 3 to 815½ ex div., Breweries displayed firmness. Benskins and Courage Ordinary finished ½ up at 1½ and 2½ respectively. Caterers ruled steady at previous levels. Among Foodstuffs a feature was the buying of Smithfield and Argentine Meats, which rose to 15s. 6d., an advance of 1s.

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LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols	56-57	4½% Conv. L.	86½-86¾
War Ln. 5½%	101¾-102	2½ Treas. Bds.	101-102
do. 4½%	101½-102	Irish Ln. 3½%	67-69
do. 5%	101⅝-101¾	India 3½%	85½-86
do. 4% Cns.	97¾-98	do. 4%	91½-92½
	101¼-101⅝	do. 5%	101-102
Funding Ln.	90-91	Local Loans	64½-65½
Victory Bds.	92¾-93	Indian 3½%	86-88
3½% Conv. Ln.	79-79¼		

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Aust. Cons.Ac	106-108	Nigeria 6%	112-114 +1
do. 6%	102-104	do. Inscribed 4½%	87-89
Can. Pac. Ord.	148½-149	do. 5% 1925-45	101-103
Canada 4%	99-101	S. Africa 4% Cns.	95-97
do. 4½ 1926-8	78-100½	do. 6%	103-105
do. 3½ Cons.	73-75	S.A. Victory 4½	93-95
Ceylon 5%	105-107	do. 5%	102-105
N.S.W. 4½ '22-7	97-99	Victoria 4%	76-78
do. 5% 1927-7	100-102	do. 6% 1923-8	101-2
do. 5% 1930-40	103-105	W. Aus. 5%	100-102
N. Zeal. 4½	98-100	do. 6% 1930-40	101-3

FOREIGN BONDS

M.U.—Aug. 11.

99¼	Argentine 1886	99	101
78	do. 4 p.c. Recession	77	79
90	do. 5 p.c. 1909	91	93
83½	Brazil 4 p.c. 1889	83	85
81¾	do. Funding 1908	81	83
73	do. 5 p.c. 1914	73	75
90¼	Chinese 5 p.c. 1895	90	91
41	do. 4½ p.c. 1896	40	42
69¾	do. 6 p.c. 1912	69	71
103½	Czecho-Slovakia Bonds	103	105
15¾	do. 8 p.c. Inscribed	15¼	15¾ +¼
15¾	French Loan	15¼	15¾ +¼
17	do. 4 p.c.	17	17½ +¼
10/0	German 5 p.c.		
99	German 4 p.c.	100	101
30½	Greek Loan 1898	30	31
95½	Hungarian 7½ Ster.	95½	97½
24	Italian 5 p.c.	24	25
74½	Japan 4 p.c. 1905	74	76
97	do. 6 p.c. 1924	97	99
24	Mexican 5 p.c.	23	25
35	do. 6 p.c. 10-Y. Treas.	35	40
25	Peruvian Corporation	25	27
93½	Spanish 4 p.c.	93½	94½
18¾	Turkish Unified	18¾	19
84¾	Uruguay 5½ p.c.	84½	85½

BRITISH RAILS.

95¾	Great Western	95¼	96¼ +¼
83	do. Cons. Pref.	83	84
80½	Lon. Mid. & Scot. Ord.	80	81 +¼
—	do. 4 p.c. Pref.	87	88
—	do. 4½ p.c. Red. Pref.	96	101
—	do. 4 p.c. Deb.	87	90
—	do. 4 p.c. Pref. 1923	71	77
62	Lon. North-East. 4 p.c. Pref. Ord.	57½	58¾
—	do. Def. Ord.	19¾	20¾
21½	do. 4 p.c. Pref.	21	22
—	do. 4 p.c. Red. Pref.	85	87
70½	Metropolitan	69	71
—	do. 5 p.c. Pref.	103	105
—	Mexico Electric	18½	19½
28	Midland Ord.	43¾	44¾
—	do. Def. Ord.	33¾	34¾
40½	do. Def. Ord.	39¾	40¾ +⅛
74	do. Pref.	73¾	74¾
30	Southern Ord.	30	31
84	do. Def.	83	84
24	Underground Electric	24	24¼ −⅛
—	do. Income Bonds	30	32
10½	do. 5 p.c. Pref.	10¼	10¾

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

83	Antofagasta	82	84
32	Argentine G. W. Ord.	31	32
—	Bahia Blanca	79	81
—	Buenos Ayres Railway Consolidated	80	82
80	Buenos Ayres Gt. S.	80½	81¼ −¼
78½	Buenos Ayres and Pac.	78¼	78¾ −¼
76½	Buenos Ayres and W.	77	78
149	Canadian Pacific	148½	149
75	Central Argentine	75¼	76¼
73	Central Uruguay	71¾	73¼ +¼
16½	Cordoba Central	16½	17
36	do. 1st Pref.	36	38
32	do. 2nd Pref.	32	34
35	Entre Rios	34½	35½ +¼
—	do. 6 p.c. Pref.	60	62
—	Grand Trunk Pac. Ord.	20	21
—	Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar.	79	81 +1
—	do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb.	80	82 +1
28½	Leopoldina	31	33 +¼
—	Mexican Ord.	20	22
—	do. 6 p.c. Pref.	90	95
105	San Paulo Ord.	104	105
99½	United Havana	10¼	10¾ −⅛
—	do. 6 p.c. Deb.	21	23

AMERICAN RAILS.

—	Atchison	125	127
—	Baltimore	85	85 +1
—	Canadian Pac.	147	149
—	Chicago, Milwaukee	8	10
32	do. Pref.	30	32
—	do. 1st Pref.	43	45 −2
—	New York Ontario	43	45
103	Southern Pacific	104	106
—	do. Pref.	97	98
—	Southern Railway	20½	21½
145	Union Pacific	147	149

BANKS.

24	Anglo-American Ord.	23½	24½
1/6	Barclays (Colonial)	1/6	1/9
1¾	Do. Pref.	1¾	2
—	Do. Defd.	102½	103½
17/6	Do. (Dominion)	17/6	17/9 +0/3
4/3	Do. Canada	4/3	4/9
—	Oriental Telephone	4½	4¾
11¾	Radio Corporation	10½	11¾ +1⅛
9⅞	Do. Pref. (85%)	9¼	9¾ −⅛

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

16/3	Allsopp 4% Shares	15/9	16/6
89	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	88	90
—	Bass, Ratcliff 5 p.c. Pref.	87	89
28/0	Distillers Ord.	27½	28/6
280/	Distillers Def.	280	290
680	Guinness	680	700
22/9	Do. Pref.	22½	23/6
22/9	Peter Walker Ord.	21/0	23/0
6/10	South African Breweries	6/9	7/0
21/0	Walker (John) Pref.	22/0	23/0
37/6	Watney Combe Def.	35/3	38/6

FOODSTUFFS AND STORES.

26/3	Aerated Bread	26/3	27/3
43/6	Bovril Def.	41/0	45/0
9¾	Cadbury Ord.	9¾	10¼
19/9	Linton	18/3	20/6
1/6	Lovel and Christmas	1/6	1/9
1¾	Lyons (J.) Ord.	1¾	1¾
—	Mackintosh (J.) Pref.	23/6	26/0
6/41	Maypole Dairy	6/3	6/6
—	Smithfield Ars. Mea.	6/3	7/-
2/3	Spratt's Patent	2¾	2¾ +⅛
2/6	Stores Distrib. Trust	2/6	2/9
21/3	Van Den Berghs	21	21/6
—	Do. Pref.	20	21

IRON AND STEEL.

13/9	Armstrong (W. G.)	13/0	14/0 −0/3
9/6	Cammell Laird	8/9	9/9
9/6	Dorman Long	9/3	9/9
14/0	John Brown	13/9	14/9
15/-	Do. 15% Def.	8/3	9/3
12/3	Pease and Partners	12/9	13/9
27/3	South Durham Steel	27/0	28/0 −0/6
27/3	Stewarts and Lloyds	26/3	26/6 −0/6
5/9	United Steel	4/9	5/9 −0/3
5/9	Workman Clark	5/9	6/3
—	Weardale Iron C.P.C.	23/6	24/6

NEWSPAPERS.

8	Assd Newspapers Def.	6	6½
23/0	Allied News Ord.	34¾	35¾ +0/6¾
24/0	Daily Mirror Ord.	24/0	24/6
31/0	Sunday Pictorial Ord.	79/6	80/6 +1/3

In Bakery Shares, Johnston Ord. rose 1d. to 71s. 9d. x.d.

Among Manufacturing Shares, Courtaulds opened 5s. 6d. lower at 125s., but later business was at 125s. 9d.-125s. 6d., while the Pref. rose 6d. to 20s. buyers. Bleachers fell 9d. to 35s. Dyers were firm at 82s. 9d. Coats opened unchanged at 59s., but later 59s. 3d. was current. Brunner Mond 7¼ p.c. Pref. realised 26s. 10½d. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were quiet at 21s. 1½d.-21s., and the New at 21s. 10½d. Imperial Tobaccos repeated 103s. 6d., but later 103s. 9d. was paid. Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. rose 1½d. to 20s. 3d. Dunlop Rubber French Incomes were again bid for ineffectually at 16s. 6d., or 1s. over previous marking. Dunmy Pref. realised 7¾.

In Trading, etc., Shares, Findlater Debs. realised 50s. J. C. Parkes and Sons Pref. eased 1s. to 10s. for an odd lot. Charterers rose 5d. to 28s. 4½d. *Irish Times* Pref. were wanted at 70s.

Other business included Listers at 34s. 6d., and Mexican Eagle Oil at 16s. 6d.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

National Loan.(95½) 95½ Alliance Gas...(65¾) 65¾
Do. Deed...(95¼) 95¾ Do. Deb. ....(65¾) 65¾
Compensation Stock (92) 92
5% War Ln.(101¼) 101¾ Bleachers ....(69⅞) 69⅞
Red. Stock ..(82⅞) 82⅞ Do. ....(82⅞) 83
Land Stk. ..53.(57½) 58 Coats ....(59½) 59⅞
Bank. Ire. ..(375½) 378 Courtaulds.(128⅜) 125
Hibernian ....(74) 74 Do. Pref. 20
Mun. & Lein....(74) 74 Distillers *20
National ....(92½) 93½ Lister Pref. 34/6
Pub. Distill.(19½) 19⅝ Brunner Mond Pref.
Guinness.(68¼) 68¾ 4 ..... 26/10
Do. Pref. ....(12) 12 Denny Pref. ....(71) 71
Marconi. (24⅜) 25⅛ 4/9 Imperial Tobacco
Do. Pref. ..... 24/6 ....(103⅜) 103⅝ 9
Do. Canada ..... 4/6 Lever 7% ....(20¼) 20⅜
Radio Common ..... 11/6 Findlater Deb. 50/-
Do. Pref. ..... 93 Parkes Pref.(11½) *10/-
G.N. Ord. .....(230) 230 Chartered.(21¼) 21⅜
G.S. Ord. .....(19) 18¾ Dunlops.(21¼) 21¼ 1½
Do. Pref. .....(26½) 26½ Do. New ..*21/- 20/10½
Do. Debs. .....(83) 83 Niger Debenture 96
Parent Def.(85/6) *85/6 Mrt. Engle Ord....16/6
Do. Pref.(15½) *15/3
*Odd lot, b-bid, a-asked, c-cash.
(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Discount ..... 5½ p.c. 6th Aug., 1925.
Deposit ..... 2 p.c. 6th Aug., 1925.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day ... Aug. 24 | Sept. 7
General contango day... Aug. 25 | Sept. 8
Ticket day ..... Aug. 26 | Sept. 9
Account day ..... Aug. 27 | Sept. 10

BELFAST.

Business was dull. War Loan showed little change at 101⅛, ¼, ½. Conversion Loan (5) p.c.) recovered to 78⅛, and the 4½ p.c. repeated 96½. National War Bonds (5 p.c., 1927) advanced ¼ to 105½. In Banks, Northern "B" unchanged, 2½; Westminster fell to 18½. In Railways, Belfast and Co. Down Ord. fell ½ to 33. Great Northern declined to 30, but Great Southern fell ¼ to 18¾, Ord. fell to 18. Bernard Hughes 6 p.c. Pref. were fractionally lower at 19s. 3d. British-American Tobacco Ord. repeated 107s. Dunlops were weaker at 21s. 1½d., 21s. 3d., 21s. Courtaulds declined a little to 6¼, ¼.

LAND AND INVESTMENT.

M.Up—Aug. 13.

1/3	Aboukir Land	1/3	1/6
3/6	Argentine Land Invest.	3/6	3/9
30/0	Do. Southern Land	30/0	32/6
13/9	Do. Tucuman	11/3	12/9
27/9	Forestal Land	25/9	28/6
3/-	Hudson's Bay Ord.	2/9	3/- +⅛
30/0	Niger Prof.	30/0	32/6
8/0	Peru Syndicate	8/0	9/0
1/3	Rio Negro Lands	1/3	1/6
7/6	Sudan Plantations	7/6	7¾ −⅛

NITRATES.

18½	Alliance	19½	19¾
6¼	Lagunas Nitrate	6⅜	6⅝ + ⅛
2¼	Lagunas Nitrate	2⅛	2⅜
2¼	Liverpool Nitrate	2⅛	2⅜
—	London Nitrate	3/-	3/3
27/0	Rosario Nitrate	27/0	29/0
1¾	Santa Rita Nitrate	1⅝	1⅞
2/3	Santiago Nitrate	2⅛	2⅜
12/3	Tarapaca Nitrate	12/6	13/0

SHIPPING.

10/6	Cargo Fleet	10/6	11/6
—	Court Line	27/0	29/0
—	Cunard Ord.	18/6	19/6
16/3	Elder Dempster 6 p.c. Pf.	15/3	16/3
—	Furness Withy	20/0	21/0
—	Do. Def.	20/0	21/0
—	Ropal Mail Ord.	82	86

TEXTILES AND STORES.

6/3	Amalgamated Cotton	5/6	6/6
8/0	Bleachers	35/0	37/0 −1/0
86/0	Bradford Dyers	80/6	81/6 −1/0
27/6	British Celanese Ord.	25/0	28/0
3/6	Calico Printers	35/-	36/-
60/0	Coats	59/0	59/3 −0/3
27/6	Fine Spinners	48/6	49/-
1/6	Cons. English Sewing Cotton	1/6	1/9
13/6	Cons. Main Reef	13/6	14/-
1/6	Cons. Tin Mines	1/6	1/9 −0/3
7/6	Crown Mines (10/)	7½	7¾
10/0	Durban Roodepoort	10/0	10/6
6/4½	E. Rand Prop.	6/4½	6/7
6/0	Geduld	5/6	5/7½
6/3	Modder B.	6/3	6/6
10/0	G. M. Investment	9/0	10/3
2/0	Johnnies Reef	1/9	2/0
1/6	Kleinfontein	1/6	1/9
1/6	Knight's	1/6	1/9
20/0	Langlaagte Est.	18/9	19/3
1/6	Langlaagte Deep	1/6	1/9
27/6	British Portland Cement	25/6	28/0
—	British Glass	3/-	3/6
12/6	Do. Pref.	10/3	11/3
8/3	British Oil and Cake	7/6	8/3
6/3	Modder Deep (5/)	5/6	6/-
6/3	Modder East	5/6	6/-
—	New Blaauwbank	1/6	1/9
1/6	Nigel	1/6	1/9
6/0	Nourse Mines	5/6	6/-
3¾	Rand Mines (6/)	3¾	3¾
1/6	Randfontein	1/6	1/9
19/3	Robinson Deep	18/6	19/3
1¾	Robinson De. Ba.	1¾	1¾
11/0	Rose Deep	9/6	10/3
—	S.A. Gold Trust	1/6	1/9
24/3	S.A. Townes (10/)	23/6	24/6
5/3	Springs Mines	5/3	5/6
1/6	Sub Nigel	1/6	1/9
3/6	Trans. and Del. R

COX'S HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AUCTION TO-MORROW, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,

Contains a magnificent Overstrung German Piano, large Milner Safe, and a fine collection of superior Diningroom, Drawingroom and Bedroom appointments, including principally:—Lofty Glass-back and Carved-back Sideboards and Cabinets, Oak and Mahogany Corner Cabinets, Coal Cabinets, Marble-top Cheffoniers, 12 Hand-hole Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, several othe. Sets, 6 and 8 in each; Walnut and Mahogany Screw Dining Tables, Card Tables, Ormolu-mounted and Brass Inlaid; Marble Clock Sets, Brass do., Oak Roll-top Desks, Walnut and Mahogany Overmantel Glasses, Mahogany Dumb Waiters, Davenports and Music Cabinets, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Decorative and other China, Sheffield Plated Ware, Pictures and Paintings, Hair-stuffed Chesterfield Sets, 7-piece Drawingroom Suite, covered in blue silk; Chippendale and Inlaid Rosewood China Display Cabinets, with Overmantels to match; French Cabinets, Hall Stands and Bookcases, 7 Open Book Shelves, 12 feet high; Glass-top Curio Cabinet, Occasional Tables and Chairs, Marble-top Cheffoniers, pair Sheffield Wine Coolers, pair Dresden Urns, pair Majolica Ware Stands and Vases, Set of 4 Sheffield Dish Covers, Piano Seats and Piano Stools; Bedroom Suites, in various sizes from 3ft. to 7ft.; 6ft. Mahogany Glass-door Wardrobes, with sliding trays and drawers enclosed; two 4ft. 6in. Mahogany Wardrobes, three superior Duchesse Pairs, several Mahogany and Stained Wood Chests of Drawers, Deal Wardrobes and Presses, Toilet Tables, Furnished Commode, Arm Chairs, Washstands; Mahogany Bed, with Vi-Spring and Hair Mattresses; 3ft. to 4ft. 6in. Black and Brass Beds, with 4-ply Wires and Curled Hair Mattresses; Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Dressers, Tables, Chairs; Pots, Pans and Saucepans; some Carpets, and three sweet-toned Pianos, one a magnificent overstrung instrument, full trichord, just new, by Berndorf, Leipzig; also an 8-stop Organ and a large Milner Safe. Goods on View. Auction commences at 12.30. Pianos sold at 3.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

THIS DAY, AT 1.30,

AT OUR SALEROOMS, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET.

"MERLYN," 4 SYDNEY PARADE. MODERN, NON-BASEMENT, SEMI-DETACHED. POSSESSION.

44 UPPER GARDINER STREET. FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. SUIT SHOP. POSSESSION.

5 PARNELL SQUARE. SUIT PRIVATE, PROFESSIONAL RESIDENCE, OR CLUB, HOTEL. POSSESSION.

61 AMIENS STREET. BUSINESS PREMISES. GOOD POSITION. SUIT ANY BUSINESS. POSSESSION. (GROUND FLOOR)

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 39 WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN.

MacARTHUR'S FURNITURE AUCTION, THIS DAY (THURSDAY), AT 12.30,

A LARGE AND VARIED COLLECTION OF

DRAWINGROOM, DININGROOM, BEDROOM, KITCHEN FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, PICTURES, &c.

SALEROOMS—44 LOWER GARDINER STREET.

MONART, CO WEXFORD.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF SUPERIOR
FARM WITH HANDSOME RESIDENCE
AND EXTENSIVE OUT-OFFICES.

THE Auctioneers are favoured with instructions from the Owner (who is going abroad), to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in One or more Lots at MONART, ENNISCORTHY, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st AUGUST, 1925, the Superior Farm, ...now, as BESSMOUNT (called Monart Demesne), with Residence and extensive Out-offices thereon, containing 150 acres 1 rood and 37 perches, Statute measure, or thereabouts, held in fee-simple, free of rent.

The Lands are of a prime quality for both grass and tillage, having been highly cultivated and heavily manured for years past, and are at present in excellent condition, nicely divided, well fenced, sheltered and watered. There is a valuable lot of Timber thereon.

The Residence is beautifully situated, approached by a good avenue, and contains 3 reception rooms, 10 bedrooms, bathroom, w.c., servants' apartments, 3 kitchens, storerooms, etc. There is a hot and cold water supply throughout house. The premises are in good repair and require no outlay.

The Out-offices are also in the best of repair and consist of stabling, cow and feeding houses, 10 piggeries, barn, corn lofts, to store 1,000 barrels; garage, workshop, machine shed, etc.

Monart House is conveniently situated about 14 miles from Enniscorthy, in the centre of the Island and Wexford hunting districts.

There are four Cottages on the Lands, let to weekly tenants, producing an annual rent of £16 18/0. Also

That part of the Lands of Bessmount, with the Dwellinghouse and Out-offices thereon, containing 42 acres and 24 perches, Statute measure, or thereabouts, purchased under the Irish Land Acts, and subject to an annuity of £27 0/8 payable to the Irish Land Commission. The dwellinghouse is let to a quarterly tenant at the quarterly rent of £5 15/0.

This is a great opportunity to intending purchasers of superior one of the best Farms and most beautifully situated Residences in County Wexford.

Sale at 2 o'clock. Purchaser to pay Auction Fees. WM. FINDLATER AND CO., Solicitors, Chambers, No. 53 Dame street, Dublin.

PATRICK O'NEILL, SONS & CO., LTD.,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
ENNISCORTHY.

DUNSHAUGHLIN
LIVE STOCK SALE,
TUESDAY NEXT, 25th AUGUST, AT ONE o'clock (S.T.).
JAMES J. ROONEY & CO., LTD.

ANNUAL SHEEP SALE
DUNLAVIN, CO. WICKLOW.
5,000
CHEVIOT EWES, WETHERS AND LAMBS.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT SALE PADDOCKS (Gas. Lawler, Esq.), DUNLAVIN, FRIDAY, 28th, 1925, commencing at 12.30 sharp. Sale Paddocks beside Railway Station.

Special Train arrangements for conveyance of Stock to any part of Ireland.

Chas-A-Bing leaves O'Connell Bridge 10.45 o'clock a.m., returning immediately after sale.

Entries received up to Saturday, 22nd August.

JAMES J. ROONEY & CO., LTD.,
Auctioneers, Live Stock Salesmen, etc.,
36 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
Phone—2420. Telegrams—Auctions, Dublin.

CO. WICKLOW.
COOLLATTIN PARK FLOCK.

The Annual Sale of this well-known flock of superior Pure Border Leicester Half-bred and Cross-bred Ewes, Rams and Lambs will be held on FRIDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER, AT BALLELAGH.

EDWIN HAMMOND,
Auctioneer,
CARNEW, CO. WICKLOW.

SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

IDEAL RESIDENCE ANL FARM,
AT SHANKILL, CO. DUBLIN, FOR SALE

WE are instructed to SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY the HOUSE and LANDS of MULLINASTILL, being part of the townland of Shankill, containing about 57 acres 2 roods and 14 perches, Statute measure, held in fee-simple, subject to a Land Commission Annuity of £91 18/10, payable under the Irish Land Act, 1903. Poor Law Valuation on buildings £23 10/-, and on lands £98 10/-. The Residence is substantially built, and in excellent order. It is a two-storeyed structure, containing 8 reception rooms, 9 bedrooms, kitchen, servant's room, w.c., etc. There is a well-laid-out fruit and vegetable garden. The Out-offices comprise dairy, 2 storehouses, stabling for 6 horses, cowshed to accommodate 6 cows with loft overhead; coach-house and granary, poultry house, boiler house; good, substantial hay barn to hold about 40 tons; shed to accommodate about 20 head of cattle. Erected on the lands is an additional Residence of equally good structure as above, which can easily be let at a handsome rent. The Farm is ideal for tillage and grazing. Clear possession to purchaser.

For further particulars apply to

E. & D. CARTON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
33 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN.
Telegrams—Eyegrass. Phones—2375, 2376.

SUPERIOR RESIDENCE & FARM,
KNOWN AS SUTTON LODGE SUTTON, CO. DUBLIN, FOR SALE.

WE are instructed by Fergus O'Neill, Esq., to SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY, his valuable Property, including first-class Farm, suitable for tillage, grazing or dairy purposes; substantial Dwellinghouse and Commodious Out-offices; also House Property. The area is about 61 acres 2 roods and 14 perches. Part of the Lands are subject to yearly rent of £190 15/-, and the balance to £55. The rents receivable from the lettings of the House Property amount to £183 6/4. Tram and train convenient to property. The quality of the Lands cannot be surpassed. For further particulars apply to

E. & D. CARTON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
33 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN.
Telephone 2375 and 2376. Telegrams, "Eyegrass."

SALE TO-DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK.
ADAM'S SALEROOMS,
19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 20th AUGUST, AND TO-MORROW

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR FURNITURE, PIANO, etc., comprising Brass-mounted Piano, iron frame; Inlaid Mahog. China Cabinets, Cabinet, Gramophone, Louis Style Drawingroom Suite, Divan, Easy Chairs and Chesterfields, Pr. Ebon. Plant Pedestals, Mahog. Bookcase, Music Seat, Mahog. Enclosed and Walnut Mirrored Back Sideboards, Oak Dumb Waiter and Revolving Bookcase, Mahog. and Walnut Telescope Dining Tables, Mahog. and Oak Dining Suites, Mahog. and Walnut Sofas and Settees, Marble Mantel and other Clocks, Ind. Mahog. Pot Cupboard and Chiffonier, Walnut, Oak and Mahog. Sutherland, Loo, Card and Occasional Tables and Writing Desks, Mahog. and other Hall Stands, Large Fine Ogee Brass Grate, Ebon. and Walnut Mantel Mirrors, Mahog. and Painted Washstands, Fenders, Curbs and Fire Brasses, Oak and Mahog. Coal Vases and Cabinets, Mahog., Oak, All Brass and Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Feather Beds, Ash and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Oak and Satin Walnut Chests of Drawers and Washstands, Mahogany Dressing Tables, Washstands and Toilet Glasses, Painted and Stained Wardrobes and Presses, Oil Paintings, Engravings and Pictures, Axminster, Turkey and Brussels Carpets, Linoleum, Furniture, Mangle, Meat Safes and Utensils; three "Arico" Separators, sizes 1, 2 and 4; Fairbank Platform Weighing Machine up to 4 cwt.; Typewriter, Remington and Barlock Typewriters, Typist's Table, Gas Cooking Stove, Lawn Mowers, Perambulators, Office Desks, Ironstone Dinner Set, Glass and China, Plated Tea Set and Plated Ware, Books and Wearing Apparel, Ladders and Steps, etc. On View To-day, 10 till 12. Sale To-day (Thursday), 20th, and To-morrow at 12 sharp. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
17 MERRION ROW & 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

SALES AND AUCTIONS
BY
C. J. RUSSELL, M.I.A.A.
Auctioneer and Valuer,
ASHBOURNE.

ASHBOURNE LIVE STOCK SALE
FRIDAY NEXT AUGUST 21st, 1925.
Commencing at 12.30 o'clock (Old Time).
NOTE.—All Cattle for Sale to be Penned and Numbered before 11.30 o'clock (Old Time).

FIRST BROOD EWE, STORE SHEEP, LAMB & RAM SALE,
SATURDAY NEXT, AUGUST 22nd, 1925,
Commencing at 1 o'clock (Old Time).
1,400 HEAD,
Comprising 400 Roscommon and Galway Ewes, 350 Cheviot Ewes, 300 Horny Ewes, 340 Wethers and Lambs, 10 Shrop and Suffolk Rams. All Sheep to be in Pens before 12 o'clock (Old Time).

TUESDAY NEXT, AUGUST 25th, 1925,
At BALLYMACAMEY, THE WARD, for the Owner
—Sale of 150 Large Cocks of Prime Upland Hay. Sale at 2.30 o'clock (Summer Time). This Hay is situated along the main road from DUBLIN to DUBLIN.

ASHBOURNE CATTLE SHOW AND SALE
Will be held at the
SALE PADDOCKS, ASHBOURNE,
On WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th, 1925.
Full particulars later.

C. J. RUSSELL, M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
ASHBOURNE, CO. MEATH.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.
NEXT AUCTION
WEDNESDAY NEXT, AUG. 26th.
Early Entries respectfully requested.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

SHEEP. 1,975 SHEEP.
CASHEL GREAT ANNUAL SHEEP SALE
Will be held
On SATURDAY, 22nd AUGUST, 1925.
ENTRIES:
407 DRAFT EWES. 310 WETHERS.
978 HOGGET EWES. 980 LAMBS.
The special attention of Flockmasters, Exporters, and Graziers is directed to this Sale, as the Sheep are mostly of the Lincoln Breed, with great bone and substance, for which the district is noted, with some Suffolk, Shrop, and Oxford Down Crosses, and Entries have been received from some of the most noted breeders in the county.
Sale at 11.30 o'clock.

N. MAHER & SONS,
M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers and Live Stock Salesmen,
Offices—CASHEL, THURLES, and TIPPERARY.

MARYBOROUGH SHEEP SALES.
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st AUGUST, at 11.30.
THURSDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.
TUESDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.
SATURDAY, 26th SEPTEMBER.
6,000
Sold last season. Entries invited. Commissions carefully executed.

GAZE & JESSOP, M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers,
MARYBOROUGH.

OLIVER & SON, LIMITED,
Auctioneers and Live Stock Agents,
250 DUKE STREET, GLASGOW.
GORGIE, EDINBURGH.

SALES OF FAT STOCK, by Auction and Privately, in GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, or immediately after arrival of steamers.
SALES OF FAT STOCK in EDINBURGH every TUESDAY.
SALES OF STORE CATTLE, SHEEP and MILK COWS in EDINBURGH every WEDNESDAY.
Telegraphic Address: "Oliviers, Glasgow."
Telegraphic Address: "Oliviers, Edinburgh."

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON, LIMITED.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st AUGUST.—JOHNVILLE and GIBBONS, TALLAGHT, Glynn Estate—Auction of 300 Cocks Upland and 1st Crop Hay. Sale 12.30 o'clock.
NEXT MONDAY, 24th AUGUST.—MOUNT MERRION, STILLORGAN.—For the Owners—80 Cocks Upland Hay and 14 Acres Aftergrass. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF LICENSED PREMISES,
LAND, DWELLINGHOUSE and COTTAGE, FURNITURE, IMPLEMENTS, etc.
MILLTOWN,
CO. DUBLIN.
Three minutes' walk from Clonskeagh tram.

PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LTD., are favoured with instructions from the Executor of the late Mrs. Mary Anne O'Neill to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Lands, as above, on TUESDAY NEXT, August 25, all the Interest and Goodwill in the above Property, which comprises the full Off-Licensed Premises lately managed by the deceased, to which there is attached a neat compact Residence, clear possession of which will be given to the purchaser. The entire Property, including the Houses and Old Quarry, sublet, stands on 21a. 0r. 19p., Statute, held for a term of 25 years from 29th September, 1896, subject to a rent of £170 per annum, which has been voluntarily abated to £160 per annum.

SUMMARY.

Rent receivable in respect of Houses....	Head Rent	£160 0 0
Mr. Rogers	£29 18 0	
Mr. J. Murphy	30 0 0	
Estimated rent obtainable for house now vacant	30 0 0	
Rent receivable from Rathmines U.D.C. in respect of Old Quarry	20 0 0	
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Franconia.	Sun. Sept. 13	Scythia....	Sun. Oct. 18

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